

# 00U-1

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## Gas station information

### Fuel type:

1ZZ-FE engine: UNLEADED gasoline, Octane Rating 87  
(Research Octane Number 91) or higher

See page 108 for detailed information.

### Fuel tank capacity:

48 L (12.7 gal., 10.6 Imp. gal.)

### Engine oil:

API grade SJ, "Energy-Conserving" or ILSAC multigrade engine oil is recommended.

See page 168 for detailed information.

**Tire information:** See pages 172 through 176.

**Tire pressure:** See page 195.

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## Foreword

Welcome to the growing group of value-conscious people who drive Toyotas. We are proud of the advanced engineering and quality construction of each vehicle we build.

This Owner's Manual explains the features of your new Toyota. Please read it and follow the instructions carefully so that you can enjoy many years of safe motoring.

When it comes to service, remember that your Toyota dealer knows your vehicle best and is interested in your complete satisfaction. He will provide quality maintenance and any other assistance you may require.

**Please leave this Owner's Manual in this vehicle at the time of resale. The next owner will need this information also.**

**All information and specifications in this manual are current at the time of printing. However, because of Toyota's policy of continual product improvement, we reserve the right to make changes at any time without notice.**

**Please note that this manual applies to all models and explains all equipment, including options. Therefore, you may find some explanations for equipment not installed on your vehicle.**

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2000 MR2 (OM17475U)

# ***SECTION 1-1***

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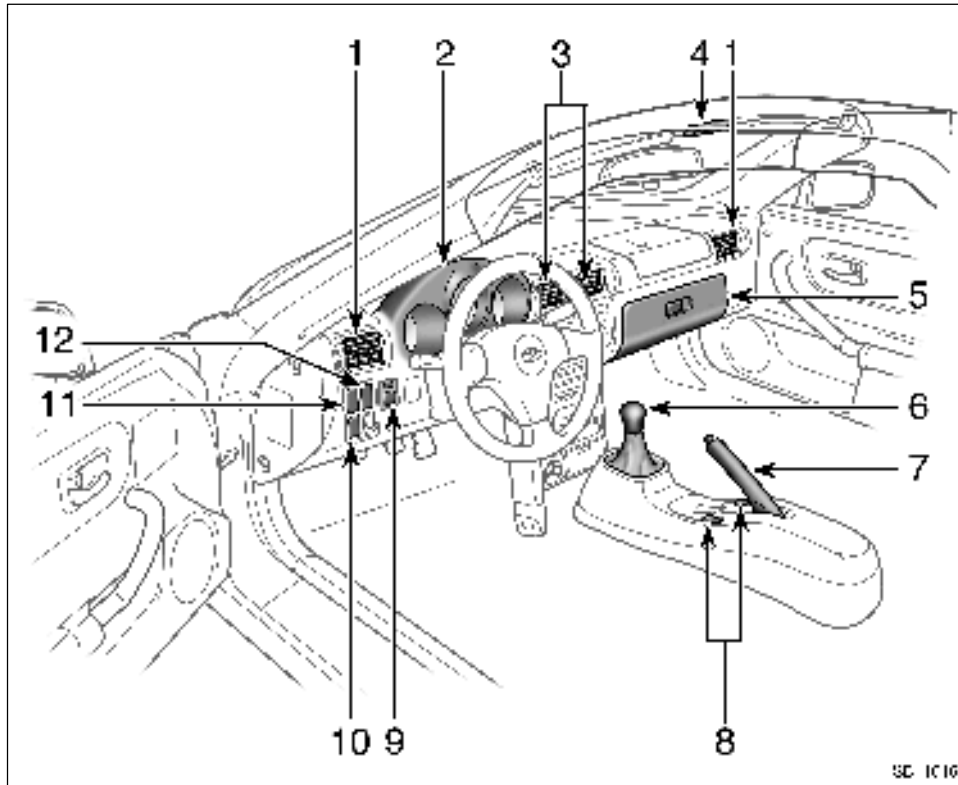
## **OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS**

### **Overview of instruments and controls**

Instrument panel overview .....	2
Instrument cluster overview .....	4
Indicator symbols on the instrument panel .....	5

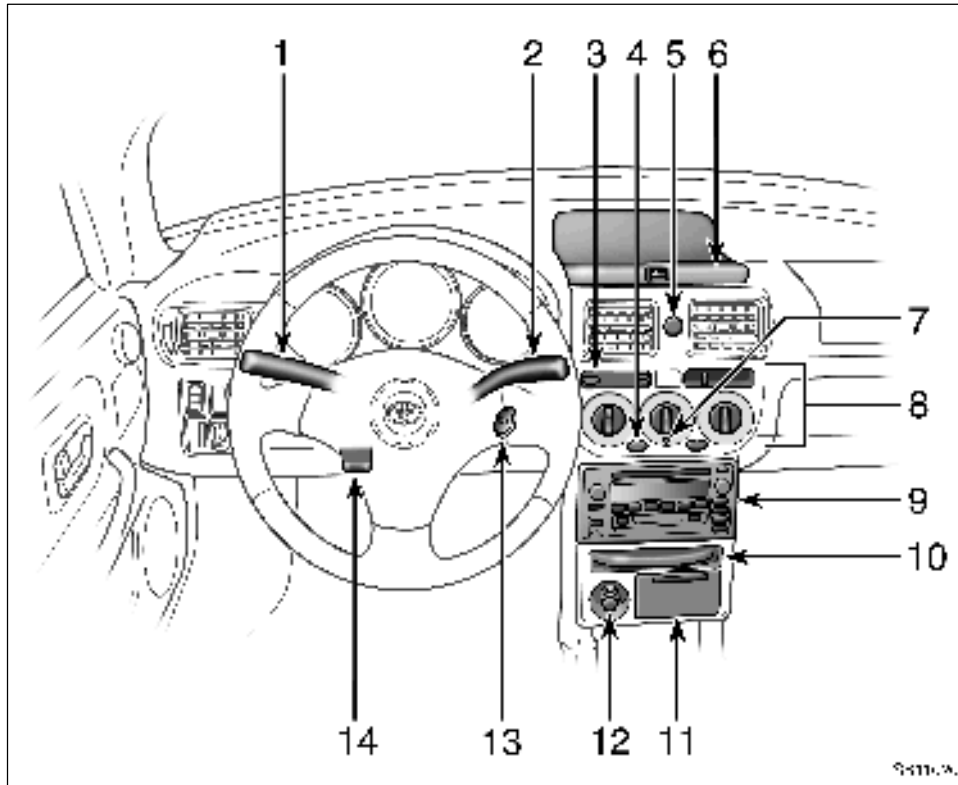
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### Instrument panel overview



1. Side vents
2. Instrument cluster
3. Center vents
4. Interior light
5. Glove box
6. Manual transmission gear shift lever
7. Parking brake lever
8. Power window switches
9. Power rear view mirror control switch
10. Instrument panel light control switch
11. Power door lock switch
12. Power window lock switch

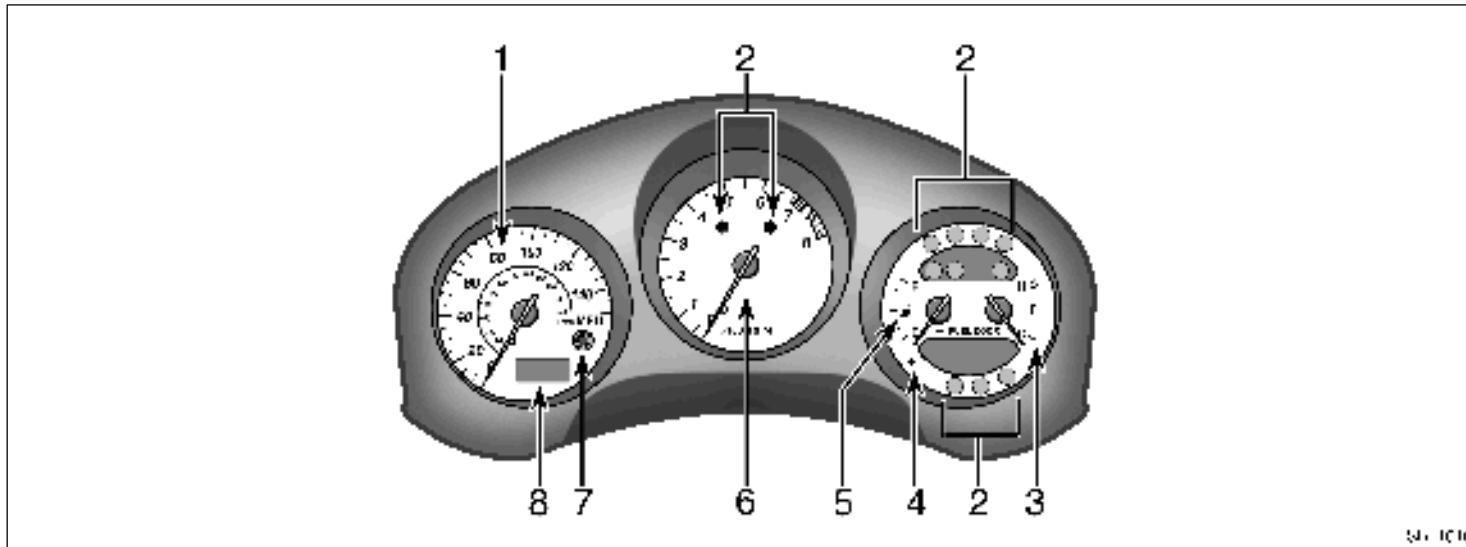
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1. Headlight and turn signal switch
2. Wiper and washer switches
3. Clock
4. Rear window defogger switch
5. Emergency flasher switch
6. Auxiliary box
7. Engine immobiliser system indicator light
8. Air conditioning controls
9. Car audio
10. Cup holders
11. Ashtray
12. Cigarette lighter
13. Ignition switch
14. Tilt steering lock release lever

## MR2 U

### Instrument cluster overview



1. Speedometer

2. Service reminder indicators and indicator lights

3. Engine coolant temperature gauge

4. Low fuel level warning light

5. Fuel gauge










6. Tachometer

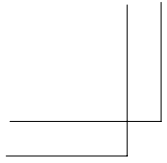
7. Trip meter reset knob

8. Odometer and two trip meters

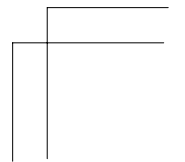
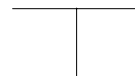
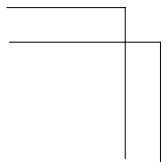
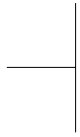
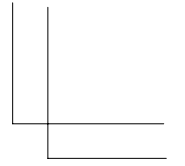
## MR2 U

### Indicator symbols on the instrument panel

<b>BRAKE</b>	Brake system warning light*		Open door warning light*
	Driver's seat belt reminder light*		SRS warning light*
<b>PASSENGER</b> 	Passenger's seat belt reminder light*	<b>P/S</b>	Power steering system warning light*
	Discharge warning light*		Headlight high beam indicator light
	Low oil pressure warning light*		Turn signal indicator lights
	Malfunction indicator lamp*	*: For details, see "Service reminder indicators and warning buzzers" in Section 1-5.	
<b>ABS</b>	Anti-lock brake system warning light*		



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## **New vehicle warranty**

Your new vehicle is covered by the following Toyota limited warranties:

- New vehicle warranty
- Emission control systems warranty
- Others

For further information, please refer to the "Owner's Warranty Information Booklet" or "Owner's Manual Supplement".

## **Your responsibility for maintenance**

It is the owner's responsibility to make sure that the specified maintenance is performed. Section 6 gives details of these maintenance requirements. Also included in Section 6 is general maintenance. For scheduled maintenance information, please refer to the "Scheduled Maintenance Guide" or "Owner's Manual Supplement".

## **Accessories, spare parts and modification of your Toyota**

A wide variety of non-genuine spare parts and accessories for Toyota vehicles are currently available in the market. You should know that Toyota does not warrant these products and is not responsible for their performance, repair, or replacement, or for any damage they may cause to, or adverse effect they may have on, your Toyota vehicle.

This vehicle should not be modified with non-genuine Toyota products. Modification with non-genuine Toyota products could affect its performance, safety or durability, and may even violate governmental regulations. In addition, damage or performance problems resulting from the modification may not be covered under warranty.

## **Installation of a mobile two-way radio system**

As the installation of a mobile two-way radio system in your vehicle could affect electronic systems such as multiport fuel injection system/sequential multiport fuel injection system, cruise control system, anti-lock brake system, SRS airbag system and seat belt pretensioner system, be sure to check with your Toyota dealer for precautionary measures or special instructions regarding installation.

## **Scrapping of your Toyota**

The SRS airbag and seat belt pretensioner devices in your Toyota contain explosive chemicals. If the vehicle is scrapped with the airbags and pretensioners left as they are, this may cause an accident such as fire. Be sure to have the systems of the SRS airbag and seat belt pretensioner removed and disposed of by a qualified service shop or by your Toyota dealer before you dispose of your vehicle.

## ***SECTION 1-2***

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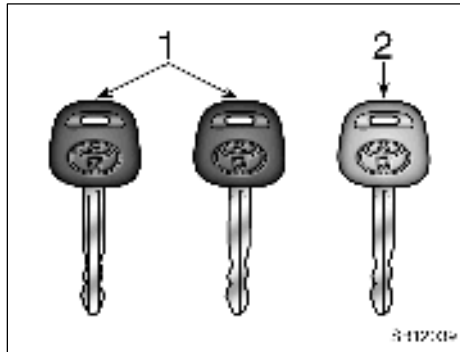
### **OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS**

#### **Keys and Doors**

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### Keys



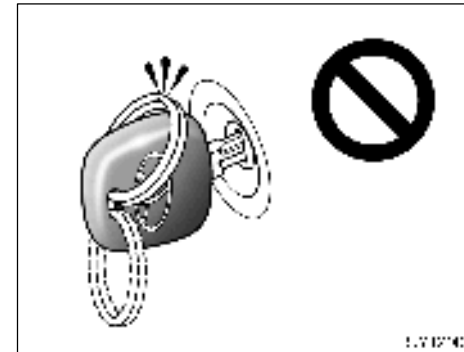
**Your vehicle is supplied with two kinds of keys.**

1. Master key (black)—This key works in every lock. Your Toyota dealer will need it to make you a new key with built-in transponder chip.
2. Sub key (gray)—This key will not work in the glove box and luggage space.

A transponder chip for engine immobiliser system has been filled in the head of the master and sub keys. These chips are needed to enable the system to function correctly, so be careful not to lose these keys. If you make your own duplicate key, you will not be able to cancel the system or start the engine.

To protect things locked in the glove box or luggage space when you have your vehicle parked, leave the sub key with the attendant.

Since the doors can be locked without a key, you should always carry a spare master key in case you accidentally lock your keys inside the vehicle.

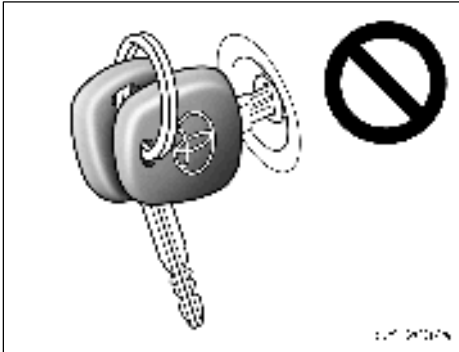


#### **NOTICE**

***When using a key containing a transponder chip, observe the following precautions:***

- ◆ ***When starting the engine, do not use the key with a key ring resting on the key grip and do not press the key ring against the key grip. Otherwise the engine may not start, or may stop soon after it starts.***

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◆ **When starting the engine, do not use the key with other transponder keys around (including keys of other vehicles) and do not press other key plates against the key grip. Otherwise the engine may not start, or may stop soon after it starts. If this happens, remove the key once and then insert it again after taking off other transponder keys (including keys of other vehicles) from the ring or while gripping or covering them with your hand to start the engine.**

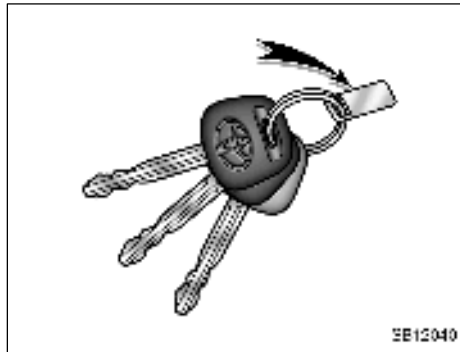


◆ **Do not bend the key grip.**

- ◆ **Do not cover the key grip with any material that cuts off electromagnetic waves.**
- ◆ **Do not knock the key hard against other objects.**
- ◆ **Do not leave the key exposed to high temperatures for a long period, such as on the dashboard and hood under the direct sunlight.**
- ◆ **Do not put the key in water or wash it in an ultrasonic washer.**
- ◆ **Do not use the key with electromagnetic materials.**

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### Engine immobiliser system

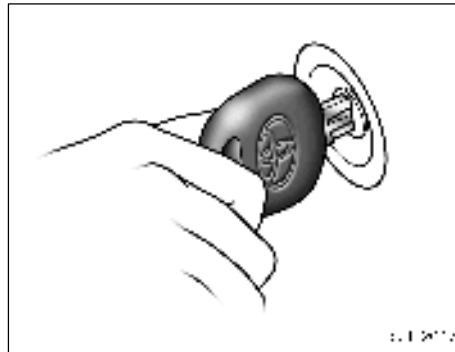


#### KEY NUMBER PLATE

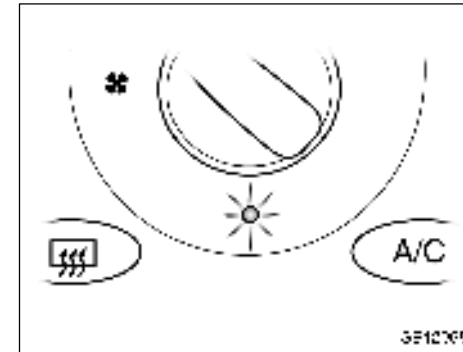
**Your key number is shown on the plate. Keep the plate in a safe place such as your wallet, not in the vehicle.**

If you should lose your keys or if you need additional keys, duplicates can be made by a Toyota dealer using the key number.

We recommend to write down the key number and keep it in safe place.



**The engine immobiliser system is a theft prevention system. When you insert the key in the ignition switch, the transponder chip in the key's head transmits an electronic code to the vehicle. The engine will start, only when the electronic code in the chip corresponds to the registered ID code for the vehicle.**



The system is automatically set when the key is removed from the ignition switch. The indicator light will start flashing about every 1 second to show the system is set.

If either of the following indicator conditions occurs, contact your Toyota dealer.

- The indicator light stays on.
- The indicator light does not start flashing when the key is removed from the ignition switch.
- The indicator light flashes unsteady.

Inserting the registered key in the ignition switch automatically cancels the system, which enables the engine to start. The indicator light will go off.

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For your Toyota dealer to make you a new key with built-in transponder chip, your dealer will need your key number and master key. However, there is a limit to the number of additional keys your Toyota dealer can make for you.

**If you make your own duplicate key, you will not be able to cancel the system or start the engine.**

### NOTICE

*Do not modify, remove or disassemble the engine immobiliser system. If any unauthorized changes or modifications are made, the proper operation of the system cannot be guaranteed.*

**For vehicles sold in U.S.A.**

**FCC ID: MOZ RI-8FTY  
MADE IN. JAPAN**

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

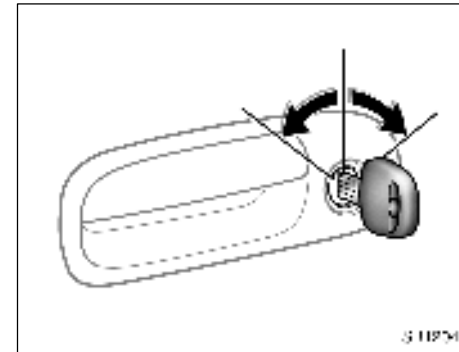
(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



### CAUTION

**Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.**

**Side doors—**



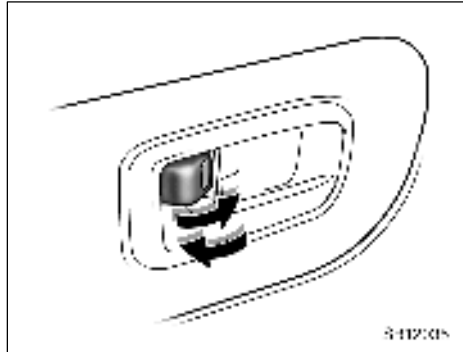
**LOCKING AND UNLOCKING WITH KEY**  
Insert the key into the keyhole and turn it.

To lock: Turn the key forward.

To unlock: Turn the key backward.

Both the doors lock and unlock simultaneously with either side door. In the driver's door lock, turning the key once will unlock the driver's door and twice in succession will unlock both the doors simultaneously.

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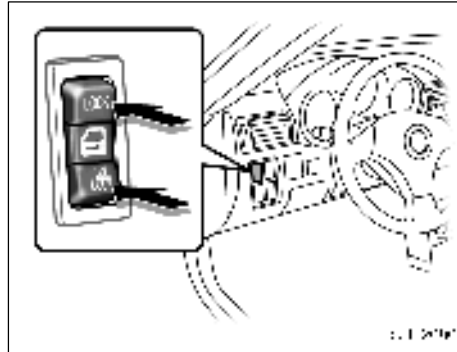
### LOCKING AND UNLOCKING WITH INSIDE LOCK KNOB

#### Move the lock knob.

To lock: Push the knob forward.  
To unlock: Pull the knob backward.

Closing the door with the lock knob in the lock position will also lock the door. Be careful not to lock your keys in the vehicle.

The doors cannot be locked if you leave the key in the ignition switch.



### LOCKING AND UNLOCKING WITH POWER DOOR LOCK SWITCH

#### Push the switch.

To lock: Push the switch on the "LOCK" side.  
To unlock: Push the switch on the "UNLOCK" side.

Both the doors lock or unlock simultaneously.

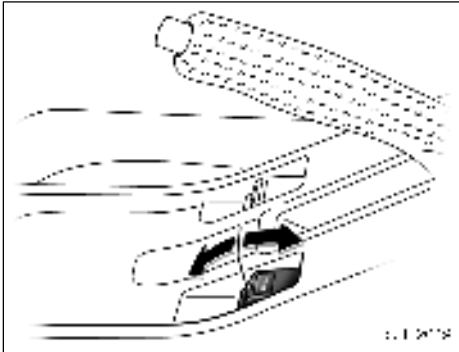
### CAUTION

Before driving, be sure that the doors are closed and locked, especially when small children are in the vehicle. Along with the proper use of seat belts, locking the doors helps prevent the driver and passengers from being thrown out from the vehicle during an accident. It also helps prevent the doors from being opened unintentionally.



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### Power windows



**The windows can be operated with the switch on the center console.**

The power windows work when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

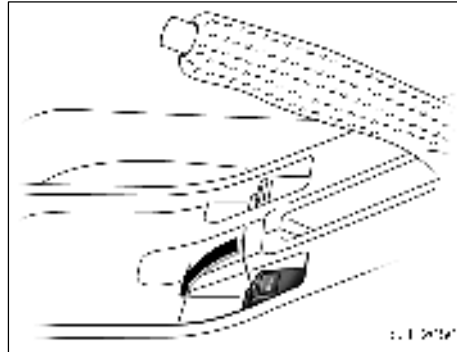
#### **OPERATING THE DRIVER'S WINDOW**

**Use the switch on the driver's side of the center console.**

**Normal operation:** The window moves as long as you hold the switch.

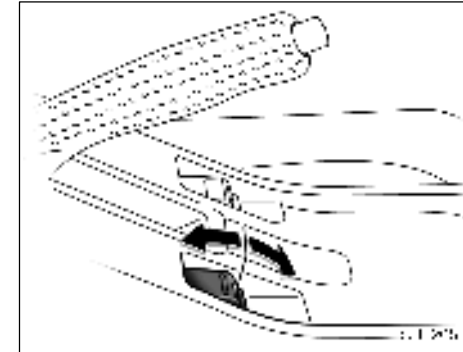
To open: Lightly push down the switch.

To close: Pull up the switch.



#### **Automatic operation (to open only):**

Push the switch completely down and then release it. The window will fully open. To stop the window partway, lightly pull the switch up and then release it.



#### **OPERATING THE PASSENGER'S WINDOW**

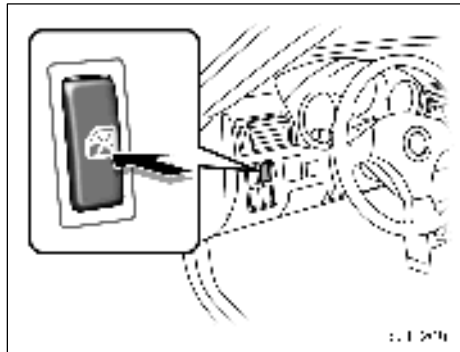
**Use the switch on the passenger's side of the center console.**

The window moves as long as you hold the switch.

To open: Push down the switch.

To close: Pull up the switch.

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If you push in the window lock switch on the instrument panel, the passenger's window cannot be operated.

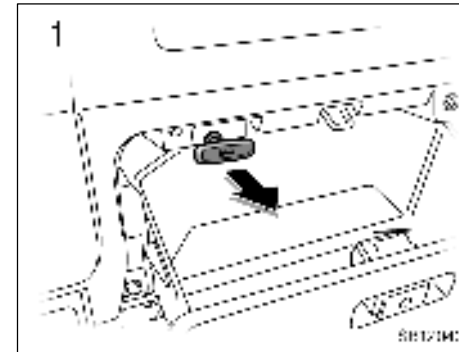


### CAUTION

To avoid serious personal injury, you must do the following.

- Always make sure the head, hands and other parts of the body of all occupants are kept completely inside the vehicle before you close the power windows. If someone's neck, head or hands gets caught in a closing window, it could result in a serious injury. When anyone closes the power windows, be sure that they operate the windows safely.
- When small children are in the vehicle, never let them use the power window switches without supervision. Use the window lock switch to prevent them from making unexpected use of the switches.
- Never leave small children alone in the vehicle, especially with the ignition key still inserted. They could use the power window switches and get trapped in a window. Unattended children can become involved in serious accidents.

## Trunk lid



To open the trunk lid:

1. Open the glove box door, and then pull the trunk lid lock release lever. The trunk lid will spring up slightly.

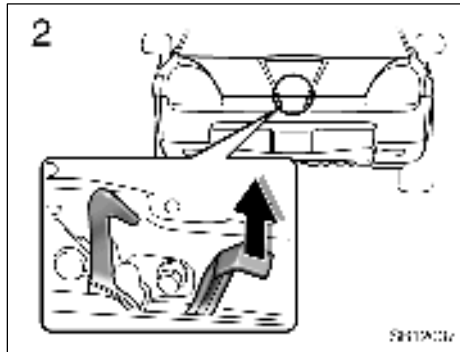
The glove box can be locked. For details, see "Glove box" on page 101 in Section 1-9.



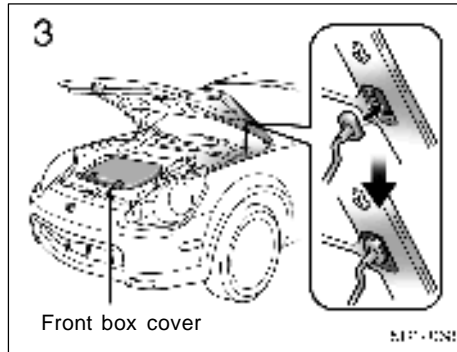
### CAUTION

Before driving, be sure that the trunk lid is closed and securely locked. Otherwise, the trunk lid may open unexpectedly while driving and an accident may occur.

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2. In front of the vehicle, pull up the auxiliary catch lever and lift the trunk lid.



3. Hold the trunk lid open by inserting the support rod into the slot.

Before closing the trunk lid, return the support rod to its clip—this prevents rattles. Then lower the trunk lid and make sure it locks into place. If necessary, press down gently on the front edge to lock it.

### CAUTION

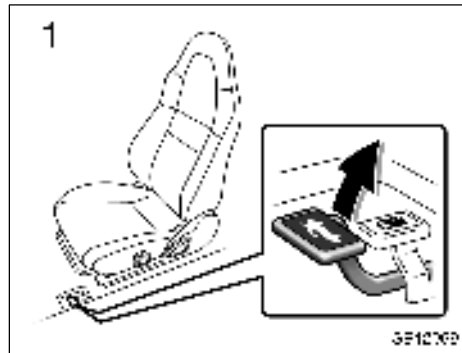
- After inserting the support rod into the slot, make sure the rod supports the trunk lid securely from falling down on to your head or body.
- Before closing the trunk lid, lock the front box cover securely. This prevents the front box from being damaged.
- Keep the trunk lid closed while driving. This keeps the luggage from being thrown out.

### NOTICE

*Be sure to return the support rod to its clip before closing the trunk lid. Closing the trunk lid with the support rod up could cause the trunk lid to bend.*

## MR2 U

### Engine hood



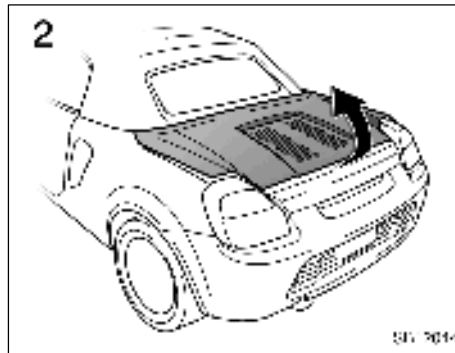
To open the engine hood:

1. Pull the engine hood lock release lever. The engine hood will spring up slightly.

The engine hood lock release lever can be locked by the key.



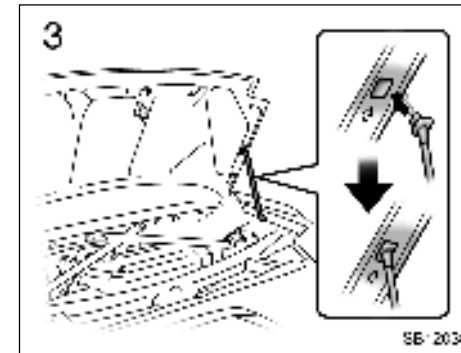
Before driving, be sure that the engine hood is closed and securely locked. Otherwise, the engine hood may open unexpectedly while driving and an accident may occur.



2. In rear of the vehicle, lift the engine hood.



Be careful not to touch the engine hood, the support rod, or surrounding area which could be hot after driving, to prevent burning yourself.



3. Hold the engine hood open by inserting the support rod into the slot.

Before closing the engine hood, check to see that you have not forgotten any tools, rags, etc. and return the support rod to its clip—this prevents rattles. Then lower the engine hood and make sure it locks into place. If necessary, press down gently on the rear edge to lock it.

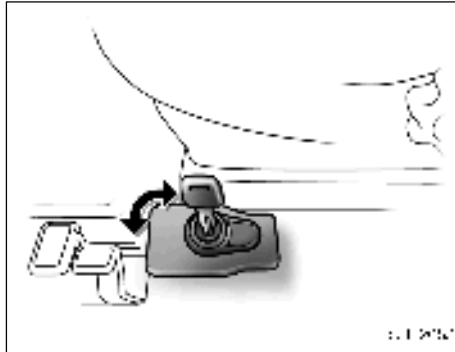


After inserting the support rod into the slot, make sure the rod supports the engine hood securely from falling down on to your head or body.

## MR2 U

### NOTICE

*Be sure to return the support rod to its clip before closing the engine hood. Closing the engine hood with the support rod up could cause the engine hood to bend.*



### LOCKING AND UNLOCKING WITH ENGINE HOOD

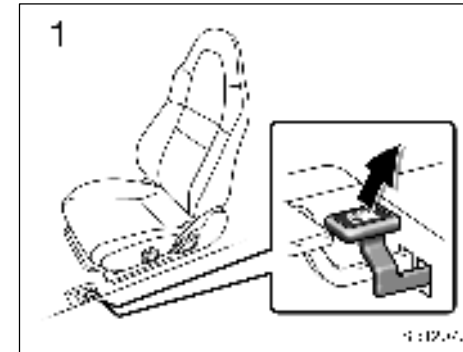
To lock: Turn the key clockwise.

The engine hood lock release lever can be locked by the key.

When leaving the vehicle with the soft top lowered, make sure to lock the engine hood lock release lever with the key.

The fuel filler door opener lever is locked at the same time.

### Fuel tank cap



**1. To open the fuel filler door, pull the lever up.**

**When refueling, turn off the engine.**

The fuel filler door opener lever can be locked by the key.

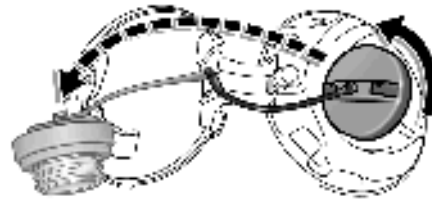
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### CAUTION

- Do not smoke, cause sparks or allow open flames when refueling. The fumes are flammable.
- When opening the cap, do not remove the cap quickly. In hot weather, fuel under pressure could cause injury by spraying out of the filler neck if the cap is suddenly removed.

2



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2. To remove the fuel tank cap, turn the cap slowly counterclockwise, then pause slightly before removing it. After removing the cap, hang the tether as shown in the illustration.

It is not unusual to hear a slight swoosh when the cap is opened. When installing, turn the cap clockwise till you hear a click.

If the cap is not tightened securely, the malfunction indicator lamp comes on. Make sure the cap is tightened securely.

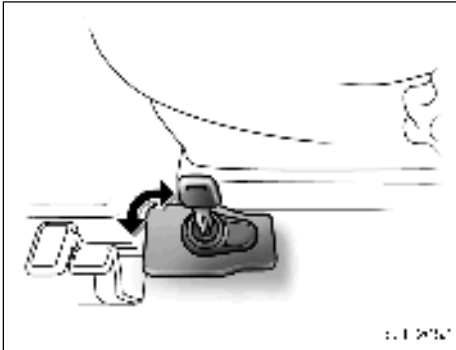
The indicator lamp goes off after driving several times. If the indicator lamp does not go off, contact your Toyota dealer as soon as possible.



### CAUTION

- Make sure the cap is tightened securely to prevent fuel spillage in case of an accident.
- Use only a genuine Toyota fuel tank cap for replacement. It is designed to regulate fuel tank pressure.

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### LOCKING AND UNLOCKING WITH FUEL TANK CAP

To lock: Turn the key clockwise.

The fuel filler door opener lever can be locked by the key.

When leaving the vehicle with the soft top lowered, make sure to lock the fuel filler door opener lever with the key.

The engine hood lock release lever is locked at the same time.

### Soft top— —Soft top precautions

Before raising or lowering the soft top, lower both side windows, apply the parking brake, stop the engine and put the transmission lever in the first position.



#### CAUTION

- When raising or lowering the soft top, keep hands off from the hinges of the top side rails and any part of the top linkage.
- To prevent personal injury, do not raise or lower the soft top when the wind is strong.
- The vehicle should never be driven with the soft top partially lowered. Make sure the top has been either fully latched to the windshield frame or fully lowered before driving.

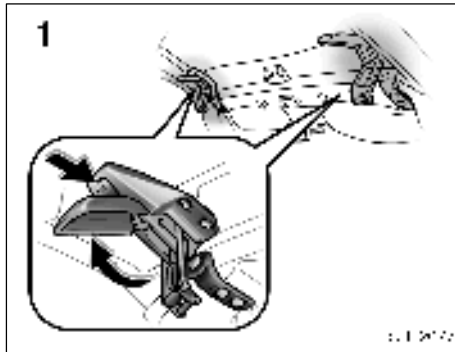
#### NOTICE

- ◆ Make sure there are no items or packages in the folding board when lowering in the soft top. Even small items may interfere with the soft top operation and can cause damage.
- ◆ Do not sit or place excessive weight on the soft top when the top is up or down. Damage to the top may occur.
- ◆ Do not raise or lower the soft top when the temperature is below 5°C (41°F). Damage to the top or rear window may result. If necessary to do so, warm the vehicle in a heated garage prior to operating the soft top mechanism.
- ◆ Do not lower the soft top if the top is damp or wet. Possible interior water damage, water stains or mildew on the top material may result.

## MR2 U

### —Lowering the soft top

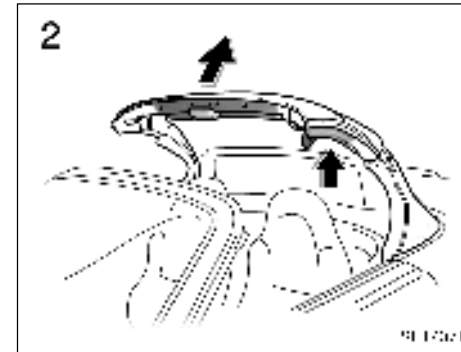
- ◆ *When the soft top is completely lowered, keep the rear window defogger turned off to avoid damage to the top.*
- ◆ *It may be hard to fix the soft top when raising it after having kept it open for a long time.*



1. Lower both side windows and sun visors. Then pull down the lock levers on both sides of the vehicle fully while pushing down the button.

Be sure not to leave any object on the folding board.

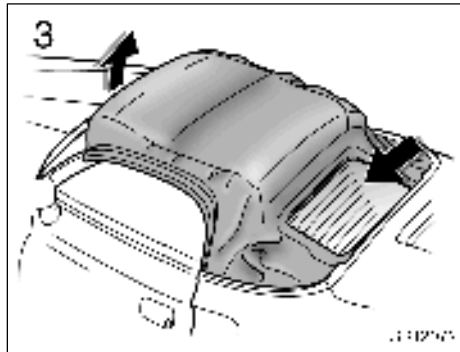
If the battery is discharged and the windows cannot be lowered, open both the doors.



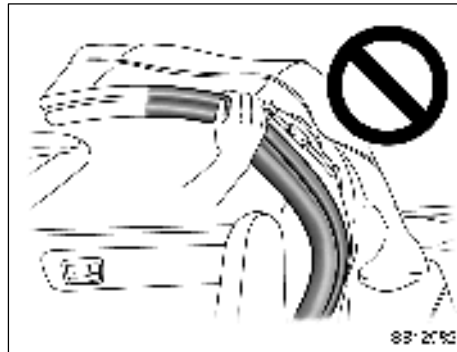
2. Stand outside of the vehicle and pull the soft top up holding the part shown in dark color in the illustration.




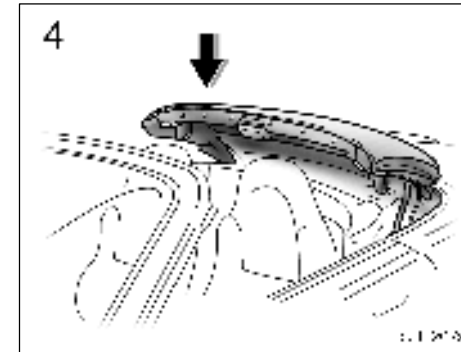
## MR2 U



3. Lower the soft top backward pressing the rear window glass down softly.



 **CAUTION**  
To prevent personal injury, do not grasp the part shown in dark color in the illustration.



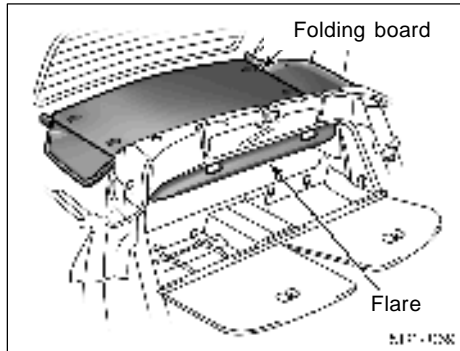
4. Fold the soft top slowly and house it completely.

Press down the soft top toward the front from the rear and lock it. You will hear click sound when the soft top is completely housed.

Shake the soft top up and down softly to check whether the soft top is fixed securely.

Raise both sun visors.

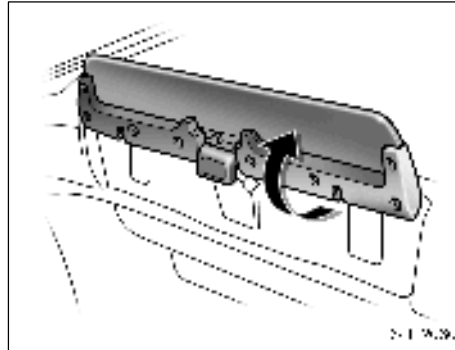
## MR2 U



### NOTICE

- ◆ *Do not lower the soft top while placing a luggage which is higher than the bottom edge of the flare inside the luggage space. The luggage may be damaged by hitting the folding board or the improperly folded soft top may flap in the wind and cause an accident.*
- ◆ *Do not place any objects on the folding board. Such objects may damage the folding board or cause an unexpected accident by moving while the vehicle is driven.*

### —Air deflector

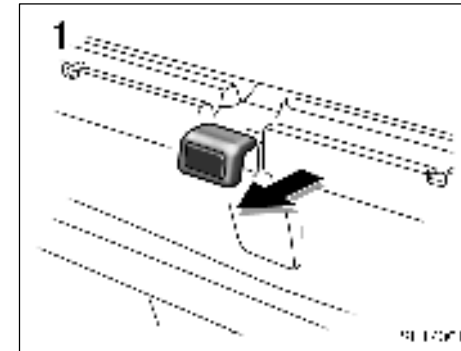


The air deflector will reduce the wind from the rear of the vehicle when the vehicle is running with the soft top lowered. Pull up to use.

### NOTICE

*Do not use alcohol or other solvents for the air deflector. Because they could damage the air deflector's resin material.*

### —Raising the soft top

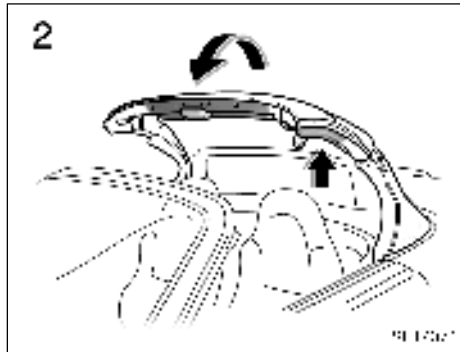


1. Lower both side windows and sun visors. Then pull down the lock release lever towards the front of the vehicle and release the lock of the soft top.

### NOTICE

*Always lower the sun visor when raising the soft top. The sun visor may be damaged if the soft top is locked with the sun visor raised.*

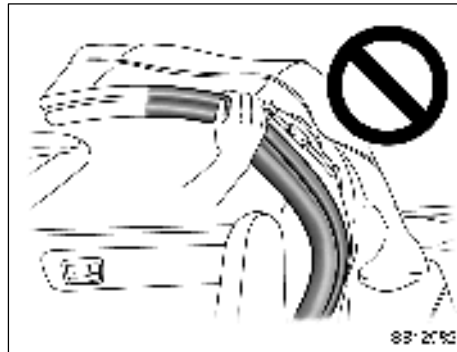
## MR2 U



2. Stand outside of the vehicle and pull the soft top out slowly holding the part shown in dark color in the illustration. Then move the soft top toward the upper part of the frame of the front window glass.

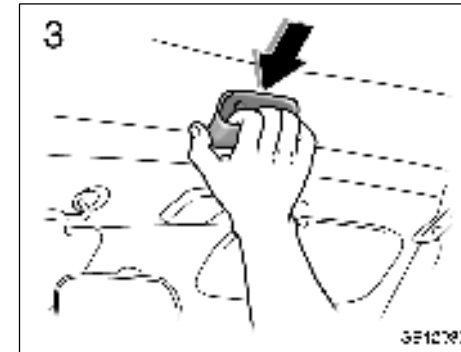
### NOTICE

*Lower the windows before raising the soft top. Otherwise, the soft top may not lock securely.*



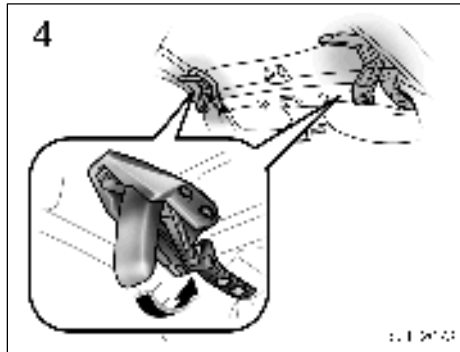
### CAUTION

To prevent personal injury, do not grasp the part shown in dark color in the illustration.



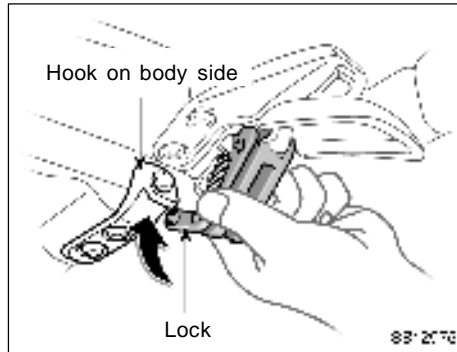
3. Be seated in the seat and hold the handle on the center of the front soft top frame. Then press the soft top softly against the frame of the front window glass.

## MR2 U



**4. Keep pressing the soft top against the frame of the front window glass and fix the soft top by pushing up the right and the left lock levers.**

Check that lock is securely hung on the hook on the body side when pushing the lock levers up.



**If the lock is not hung easily, give your hand to the lock for helping to hang it on the hook on the body side.**

Fix the lock on the hook of the body side and check whether or not it is securely locked by swinging the lock to the front and the rear, and the right and the left.

Confirm that the levers are locked securely.

Raise both sun visors.

## ***SECTION 1-3***

---

### **OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS**

#### **Seats, Seat belts, Steering wheel and Mirrors**

Seats .....	26
Seat belts .....	28
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Outside rear view mirrors .....	56
Anti-glare inside rear view mirror .....	57

## MR2 U

### Seats—

While the vehicle is being driven, all vehicle occupants should have the seatback upright, sit well back in the seat and properly wear the seat belts provided.



#### CAUTION

- Do not drive the vehicle unless the occupants are properly seated. Do not allow any passengers sitting in the luggage space. Persons not properly seated and/or properly restrained by seat belts can be severely injured in the event of emergency braking or a collision.
- While the vehicle is moving, do not allow any passenger to stand up in the vehicle. Severe injuries can occur in the event of emergency braking or a collision.

### —Seat adjustment precautions

Adjust the driver's seat so that the foot pedals, steering wheel and instrument panel controls are within easy reach of the driver.



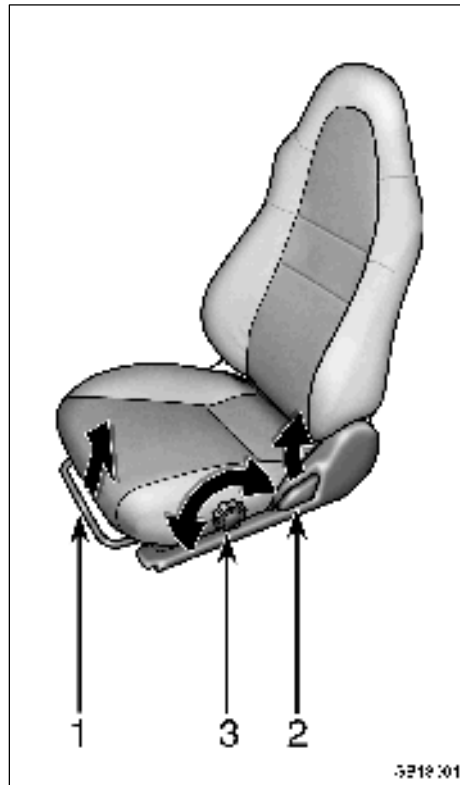
#### CAUTION

- Adjustments should not be made while the vehicle is moving, as the seat may unexpectedly move and cause the driver to lose control of the vehicle.
- When adjusting the seat, be careful not to hit the seat against a passenger or luggage.
- After adjusting the seat position, try sliding it forward and backward to make sure it is locked in position.
- After adjusting the seatback, exert body pressure to make sure it is locked in position.
- Do not put objects under the seats. The objects may interfere with the seat-lock mechanism or unexpectedly push up the seat position adjusting lever; the seat may suddenly move, causing the driver to lose control of the vehicle.

- While adjusting the seat, do not put your hands under the seat or near the moving parts. You may jam your hands or fingers.

## MR2 U

### —Adjusting seats



#### 1. SEAT POSITION ADJUSTING LEVER

Pull the lever up. Then slide the seat to the desired position with slight body pressure and release the lever.

#### 2. SEATBACK ANGLE ADJUSTING LEVER

Lean forward and pull the lever up. Then lean back to the desired angle and release the lever.

#### 3. SEAT CUSHION ANGLE ADJUSTING KNOB (driver's seat only)

Turn the knob either way.



#### CAUTION

To reduce the risk of sliding under the lap belt during a collision, avoid reclining the seatback any more than needed. The seat belts provide maximum protection in a frontal or rear collision when the driver and the passenger are sitting up straight and well back in the seats. If you are reclined, the lap belt may slide past your hips and apply restraint forces directly to the abdomen. Therefore, in the event of a frontal collision, the risk of personal injury may increase with increasing recline of the seatback.

**Seat belts—  
—Seat belt precautions**

Toyota strongly urges that the driver and passenger in the vehicle be properly restrained at all times with the seat belts provided. Failure to do so could increase the chance of injury and/or the severity of injury in accidents.

**Child.** Use a child restraint system appropriate for the child until the child becomes large enough to properly wear the vehicle's seat belts. See "Child restraint—" in this Section for details.


If a child is too large for a child restraint system, the child must be restrained using the vehicle's seat belt.

If a child must sit in the seat, the seat belts should be worn properly. If an accident occurs and the seat belts are not worn properly, the force of the rapid inflation of the airbag may cause death or serious injury to the child.

Do not allow the child to stand up or kneel on the seat. An unrestrained child could suffer serious injury or death during emergency braking or a collision. Also, do not let the child sit on your lap. It does not provide sufficient restraint.

**Pregnant woman.** Toyota recommends the use of a seat belt. Ask your doctor for specific recommendations. The lap belt should be worn securely and as low as possible over the hips and not on the waist.

**Injured person.** Toyota recommends the use of a seat belt. Depending on the injury, first check with your doctor for specific recommendations.

 <b>CAUTION</b>
<p><b>Persons should ride in their seats properly wearing their seat belts whenever the vehicle is moving. Otherwise, they are much more likely to suffer serious bodily injury or death in the event of sudden braking or a collision.</b></p> <p><b>When using the seat belts, observe the following:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Use the belt for only one person at a time. Do not use a single belt for two or more people—even children.</b></li> </ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Avoid reclining the seatbacks too much. The seat belts provide maximum protection when the seatbacks are in the upright position. (Refer to the seat adjustment instructions.)</b></li> <li>● <b>Be careful not to damage the belt webbing or hardware. Take care that they do not get caught or pinched in the seat or side doors.</b></li> <li>● <b>Inspect the belt system periodically. Check for cuts, fraying, and loose parts. Damaged parts should be replaced. Do not disassemble or modify the system.</b></li> <li>● <b>Keep the belts clean and dry. If they need cleaning, use a mild soap solution or lukewarm water. Never use bleach, dye, or abrasive cleaners—they may severely weaken the belts. (See "Cleaning the interior" in Section 5.)</b></li> <li>● <b>Replace the belt assembly (including bolts) if it has been used in a severe impact. The entire assembly should be replaced even if damage is not obvious.</b></li> </ul>
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## MR2 U

### —Seat belts



**Adjust the seat as needed and sit up straight and well back in the seat. To fasten your belt, pull it out of the retractor and insert the tab into the buckle.**

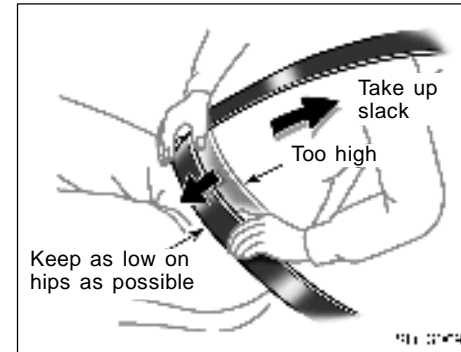
You will hear a click when the tab locks into the buckle.

The seat belt length automatically adjusts to your size and the seat position.

The retractor will lock the belt during a sudden stop or on impact. It also may lock if you lean forward too quickly. A slow, easy motion will allow the belt to extend, and you can move around freely.

If the seat belt cannot be pulled out of the retractor, firmly pull the belt and release it. You will then be able to smoothly pull the belt out of the retractor.

When a passenger's shoulder belt is completely extended and is then retracted even slightly, the belt is locked in that position and cannot be extended. This feature is used to hold the child restraint system securely. (For details, see "Child restraint—" in this Section.) To free the belt again, fully retract the belt and then pull the belt out once more.



**Adjust the position of the lap and shoulder belts.**


Position the lap belt as low as possible on your hips—not on your waist, then adjust it to a snug fit by pulling the shoulder portion upward through the latch plate.



### CAUTION

- **After inserting the tab, make sure the tab and buckle are locked and that the belt is not twisted.**
- **Do not insert coins, clips, etc. in the buckle as this may prevent you from properly latching the tab and buckle.**
- **If the seat belt does not function normally, immediately contact your Toyota dealer. Do not use the seat until the seat belt is fixed. It cannot protect an adult occupant or your child from injury.**

## MR2 U

 **CAUTION**

- Both high-positioned lap belts and loose-fitting belts could cause serious injuries due to sliding under the lap belt during a collision or other unintended result. Keep the lap belt positioned as low on hips as possible.
- For your safety, do not place the shoulder belt under your arm.




To release the belt, press the buckle-release button and allow the belt to retract.

If the belt does not retract smoothly, pull it out and check for kinks or twists. Then make sure it remains untwisted as it retracts.

### —Seat belt extender

If your seat belt cannot be fastened securely because it is not long enough, a personalized seat belt extender is available from your Toyota dealer free of charge.

Please contact your local Toyota dealer to order the proper required length for the extender. Bring the heaviest coat you expect to wear for proper measurement and selection of length. Additional ordering information is available at your Toyota dealer.

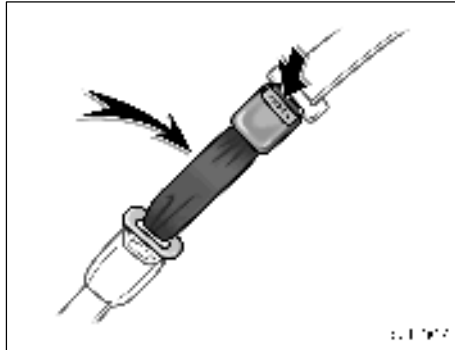
 **CAUTION**

When using the seat belt extender, observe the following. Failure to follow these instructions could result in less effectiveness of the seat belt restraint system in case of vehicle accident, increasing the chance of personal injury.

- Never use the seat belt extender if you can fasten the seat belt without it.

## MR2 U

- Remember that the extender provided for you may not be safe when used on a different vehicle, or for another person or at a different seating position than the one originally intended for.



To connect the extender to the seat belt, insert the tab into the seat belt buckle so that the “PRESS” signs on the buckle-release buttons of the extender and the seat belt are both facing outward as shown.

You will hear a click when the tab locks into the buckle.

When releasing the seat belt, press on the buckle-release button on the extender, not on the seat belt. This helps prevent damage to the vehicle interior and extender itself.

When not in use, remove the extender and store in the vehicle for future use.

### CAUTION

- After inserting the tab, make sure the tab and buckle are locked and that the seat belt extender is not twisted.
- Do not insert coins, clips, etc. in the buckle as this may prevent you from properly latching the tab and buckle.
- If the seat belt does not function normally, immediately contact your Toyota dealer. Do not use the seat until the seat belt is fixed. It cannot protect an adult occupant or your child from injury.

## MR2 U

### —Seat belt pretensioners

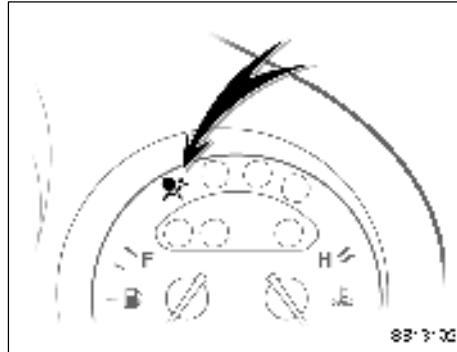


The driver and passenger's seat belt pretensioners are designed to be activated in response to a severe frontal impact.

When the airbag sensor detects the shock of a severe frontal impact, the seat belts are quickly drawn back in by the retractors so that the belts snugly restrain the occupants.

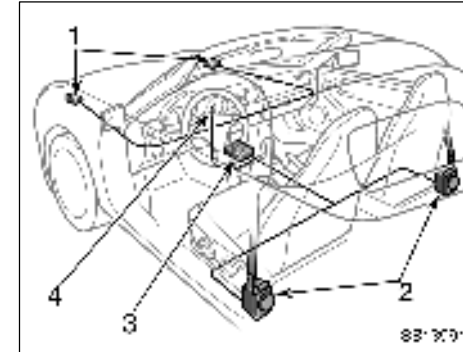
The seat belt pretensioners are activated even with no passenger in the seat.

Collisions occurring at certain speeds and angles may cause the seat belt pretensioners and SRS airbags not to operate all together.



This indicator comes on when the ignition key is turned to the "ON" position. It goes off after about 6 seconds. This means the seat belt pretensioners are operating properly.

This warning light system monitors the airbag sensor assembly, front airbag sensors, seat belt pretensioner assemblies, inflators, warning light, interconnecting wiring and power sources. (For details, see "Service reminder indicators and warning buzzers" in Section 1-5.)



The seat belt pretensioner system mainly consists of the following components and their locations are shown in the illustration.

1. Front airbag sensors
2. Seat belt pretensioner assemblies
3. Airbag sensor assembly
4. SRS warning light

The seat belt pretensioners are controlled by the airbag sensor assembly. The airbag sensor assembly consists of a safing sensor and airbag sensor.

## MR2 U

When the seat belt pretensioners are activated, an operating noise may be heard and a small amount of smoke-like gas may be released. This gas is harmless and does not indicate that a fire is occurring.

Once the seat belt pretensioners have been activated, the seat belt retractors remain locked.



### CAUTION

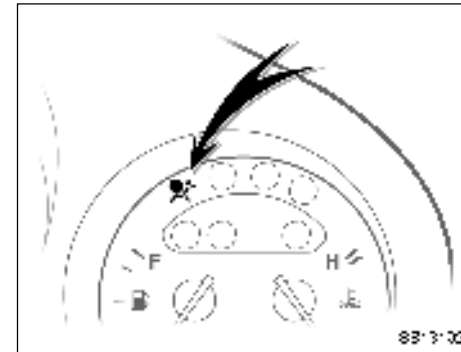
**Do not modify, remove, strike or open the seat belt pretensioner assemblies, airbag sensor or surrounding area or wiring. Doing any of these may cause sudden operation of the seat belt pretensioners or disable the system, which could result in death or serious injury.**

**Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injuries.**

### NOTICE

***Do not perform any of the following changes without consulting your Toyota dealer. Such changes can interfere with proper operation of the seat belt pretensioners in some cases.***

- ◆ ***Installation of electronic devices such as a mobile two-way radio, cassette tape player or compact disc player***
- ◆ ***Repairs on or near the seat belt retractor assemblies***
- ◆ ***Modification of the suspension system***
- ◆ ***Modification of the front end structure***
- ◆ ***Attachment of a grille guard (bull bar, kangaroo bar, etc.), snowplow, winches or any other equipment to the front end***
- ◆ ***Repair made on or near the front fenders, front end structure or console***

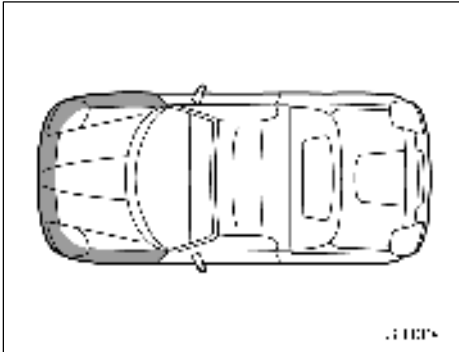


This seat belt pretensioner system has a service reminder indicator to inform the driver of operating problems. If either of the following conditions occurs, this indicates a malfunction of the airbags or pretensioners. Contact your Toyota dealer as soon as possible to service the vehicle.

- The light does not come on when the ignition key is turned to the "ON" position, or the light remains on.
- The light comes on or flashes while driving.
- If either seat belt does not retract or can not be pulled out due to a malfunction or activation of the relevant seat belt pretensioner.

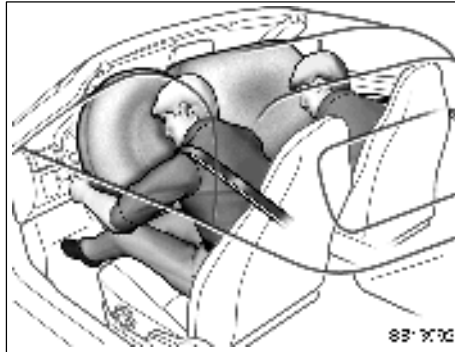
## MR2 U

### SRS driver and passenger airbags



In the following cases, contact your Toyota dealer as soon as possible:

- The front part of the vehicle (shaded in the illustration) was involved in an accident that was not severe enough to cause the seat belt pretensioners to operate.
- Either seat belt pretensioner assembly or surrounding area is scratched, cracked, or otherwise damaged.



**The SRS (Supplemental Restraint System) airbags are designed to provide further protection for the driver and passenger in addition to the primary safety protection provided by the seat belts.**

In response to a severe frontal impact, the SRS airbags work together with the seat belts to help reduce injury by inflating. The SRS airbags help to reduce injuries mainly to the driver's or passenger's head or chest caused by directly hitting the steering wheel or dashboard. When the passenger airbag manual on-off switch is in the "ON" position, the passenger airbag is activated even with no passenger in the seat.

Be sure to wear your seat belt properly.

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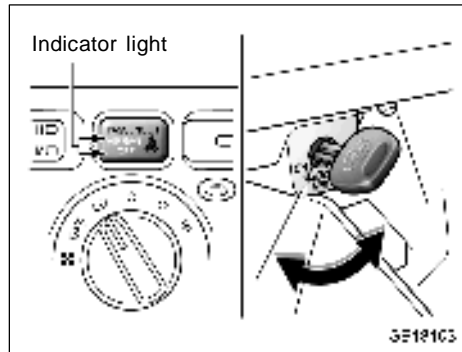
Your vehicle is equipped with a crash sensing and diagnostic module, which will record the use of the seat belt restraint system by the driver when the SRS airbags inflated.

#### CAUTION

A driver or passenger too close to the steering wheel or dashboard during airbag deployment can be killed or seriously injured. Toyota strongly recommends that:

- The driver sit as far back as possible from the steering wheel while still maintaining control of the vehicle.
- The passenger sit as far back as possible from the dashboard.
- All vehicle occupants be properly restrained using the available seat belts.

## MR2 U



The passenger airbag system is equipped with a manual on-off switch and indicator light. Turning the passenger airbag manual on-off switch clockwise to the "ON" position makes the passenger airbag system operational. Turning the passenger airbag manual on-off switch counterclockwise to the "OFF" position disables the passenger airbag system. The indicator light on the passenger airbag manual on-off switch will come on when the passenger airbag system has been disabled.

See "Passenger airbag manual on-off switch" in this Section for detail.

### CAUTION

- Make sure that the indicator light is off.
- Do not turn off the passenger airbag manual on-off switch except when a member of a passenger risk group identified in TABLE 1 is occupying the passenger seating position.
- When the passenger airbag manual on-off switch is turned off, the passenger airbag will not inflate in a collision and turning off the passenger airbag can reduce the occupant protection which your vehicle safety systems can provide to you in certain accidents and increase the likelihood of serious personal injuries.

## MR2 U

**TABLE 1: A PASSENGER RISK GROUP**

**Infant.** An infant (less than 1 year old) who must ride in the front seat because:

- Vehicle has no rear seat;
- Vehicle has a rear seat too small to accommodate a rear-facing infant seat; or
- The infant has a medical condition which, according to the infant's physician, makes it necessary for the infant to ride in the front seat so that the driver can constantly monitor the child's condition.

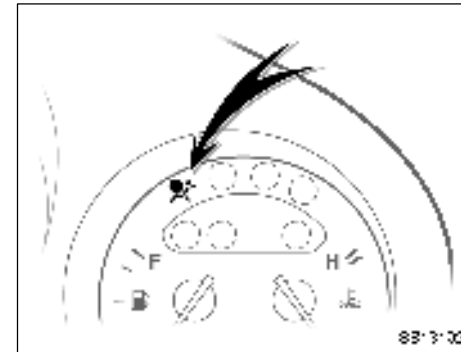
**Child age 1 to 12.** A child age 1 to 12 must ride in the front seat because:

- Vehicle has no rear seat;
- Although children ages 1 to 12 ride in the rear seat(s) whenever possible, children ages 1 to 12 sometimes must ride in the front because no space is available in the rear seat(s) of vehicle; or
- The child has a medical condition which, according to the child's physician, makes it necessary for the child to ride in the front seat so that the driver can constantly monitor the child's condition.

**Medical condition.** A passenger has a medical condition which according to his or her physician:

- Causes the passenger airbag to pose a special risk for the passenger; and
- Makes the potential harm from the passenger airbag in a crash greater than the potential harm from turning off the airbag and allowing the passenger, even if belted, to hit the dashboard, or windshield in a crash.

For more detailed information concerning about the passenger risk group, please contact NHTSA at 1-800-424-9393.

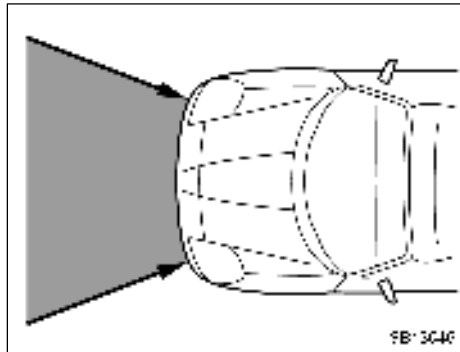


**This indicator comes on when the ignition key is turned to the “ON” position. It goes off after about 6 seconds. This means the SRS airbags are operating properly.**

This warning light system monitors the airbag sensor assembly, front airbag sensors, seat belt pretensioner assemblies, inflators, warning light, interconnecting wiring and power sources. (For details, see “Service remainder indicators and warning buzzers” in Section 1-5.)



## MR2 U



**The SRS airbag system is designed to activate in response to a severe frontal impact within the shaded area between the arrows in the illustration.**

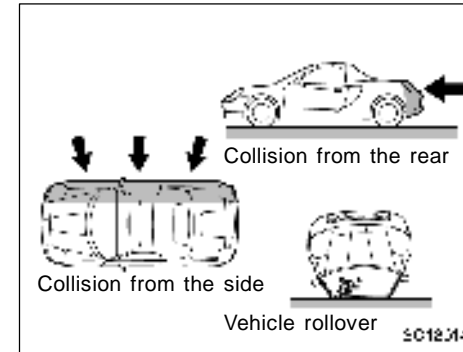
The SRS airbags will deploy if the severity of the impact is above the designed threshold level, comparable to an approximate 25 km/h (15 mph) collision when impacting straight into a fixed barrier that does not move or deform.

If the severity of the impact is below the above threshold level, the SRS airbags may not deploy.

However, this threshold velocity will be considerably higher if the vehicle strikes an object, such as a parked vehicle or sign pole, which can move or deform on impact, or if it is involved in an underride collision (e.g. a collision in which the nose of the vehicle “underrides”, or goes under, the bed of a truck, etc.).

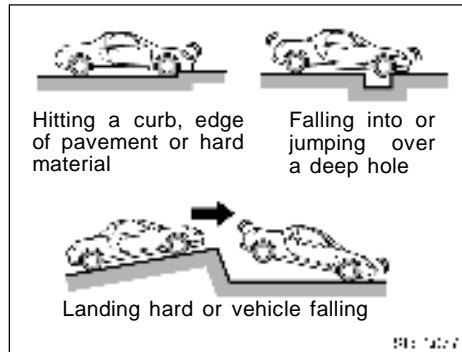
It is possible that in some collisions at the lower zone of airbag sensor detection and activation for the SRS airbags and seat belt pretensioners will not operate all together.

For the safety of all occupants, always wear your seat belts properly.

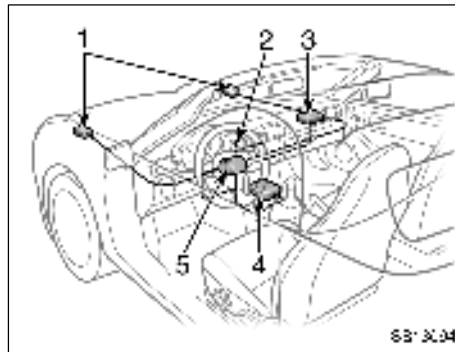


**The SRS airbags are not designed to inflate if the vehicle is involved in a side or rear collision, if it rolls over, or if it is involved in a low-speed frontal collision.**

## MR2 U



**The SRS airbags may deploy if a serious impact occurs to the underside of your vehicle. Some examples are shown in the illustration.**



The SRS airbag system consists mainly of the following components, and their locations are shown in the illustration.

1. Front airbag sensors
2. SRS warning light
3. Airbag module for passenger (airbag and inflator)
4. Airbag sensor assembly
5. Airbag module for driver (airbag and inflator)

The airbag sensor assembly consists of a safing sensor and center airbag sensor.

In a severe frontal impact, the sensors detect deceleration and the system triggers the airbag inflators. Then a chemical reaction in the inflators quickly fills the airbags with non-toxic gas to help restrain the forward motion of the occupants.

When the airbags inflate, they produce a fairly loud noise and release some smoke and residue along with non-toxic gas. This does not indicate a fire. This gas is normally harmless; however, for those who have delicate skin, it may cause a minor skin irritation. Be sure to wash off any residue as soon as possible to prevent any potential skin irritation.

Deployment of the airbags happens in a fraction of a second, so the airbags must inflate with considerable force. While the system is designed to reduce serious injuries, it may also cause minor burns or abrasions and swelling.

Parts of the airbag module (steering wheel hub, dashboard) may be hot for several minutes, but the airbags themselves will not be hot. The airbags are designed to inflate only once.

## MR2 U

A crash severe enough to inflate the airbags may break the windshield as the vehicle buckles. In vehicles with a passenger airbag the windshield may also be damaged by absorbing some of the force of the inflating airbag.

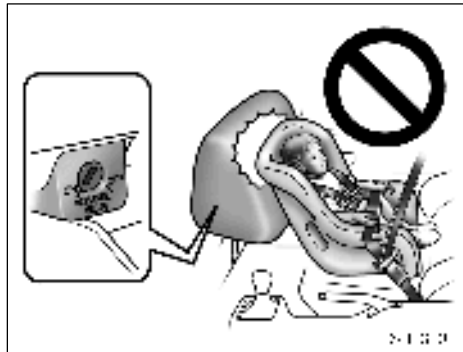


### CAUTION

- The SRS airbag system is designed only as a supplement to the primary protection of the driver side and passenger side seat belt systems. The occupants can be killed or seriously injured by the inflating airbags if they do not wear the available seat belts properly. During sudden braking just before a collision, an unrestrained driver or passenger can move forward into direct contact with or close proximity to the airbag which may then deploy during the collision. To ensure maximum protection in an accident, the driver and passenger in the vehicle must wear their seat belts properly. Wearing a seat belt properly during an accident reduces the chances of death or serious injury or being thrown out of the vehicle. For instructions and precautions concerning the seat belt system, see “Seat belts—” in this Section.

- Improperly seated and/or restrained infants and children can be killed or seriously injured by the deploying airbags. An infant or child who is too small to use a seat belt should be properly secured using a child restraint system. For instructions concerning the installation of a child restraint system, see “Child restraint—” in this Section.

## MR2 U

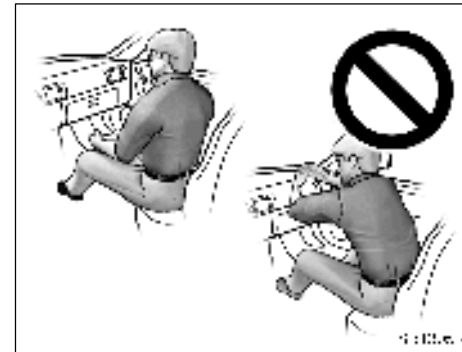


### CAUTION

- Never put a rear-facing child restraint system on the passenger seat with the passenger airbag manual on-off switch in the "ON" position. In the event of an accident, the force of the rapid inflation of the passenger airbag can cause death or serious injury to the child.

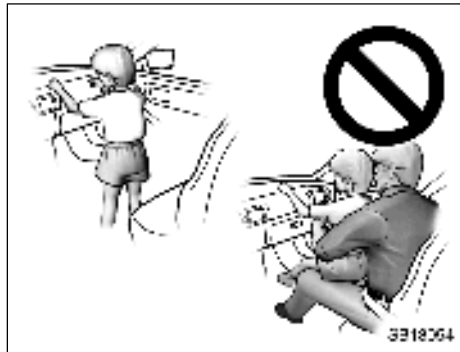
- A forward-facing child restraint system which belongs to a passenger risk group should never be put on the passenger seat with the passenger airbag manual on-off switch in the "ON" position, because the force of a deploying airbag could cause death or serious injury to the child in forward seating position.

For instructions concerning the installation of a child restraint system, see "Child restraint" in this Section.

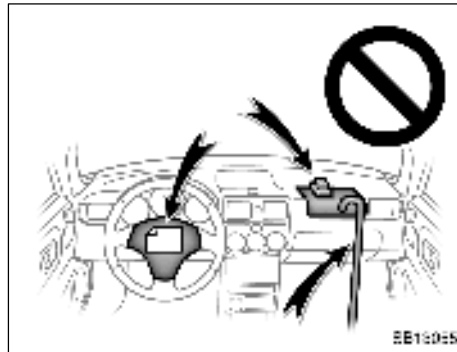


- Do not sit on the edge of the seat or lean over the dashboard when the vehicle is in use. The airbags inflate with considerable speed and force; you may be killed or seriously injured. Sit up straight and well back in the seat, and always use your seat belt properly.

## MR2 U



- Do not allow a child to stand up, or to kneel on the passenger seat. The airbag inflates with considerable speed and force; the child may be killed or seriously injured.
- Do not hold a child on your lap or in your arms. Use a child restraint system in the seat. For instructions concerning the installation of a child restraint system, see “Child restraint—” in this Section.



- Do not put objects or your pets on or in front of the dashboard or steering wheel pad that houses the airbag system. They might restrict inflation or cause death or serious injury as they are projected rearward by the force of deploying airbags. Likewise, the driver and passenger should not hold things in their arms or on their knees.

- Do not modify or remove any wiring. Do not modify, remove, strike or open any components such as the steering wheel pad, steering wheel, column cover, passenger airbag cover, passenger airbag or airbag sensor assembly. Doing any of these may cause sudden SRS airbag inflation or disable the system, which could result in death or serious injury.

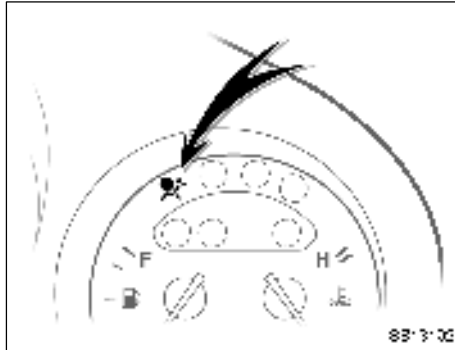
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.

## MR2 U

### NOTICE

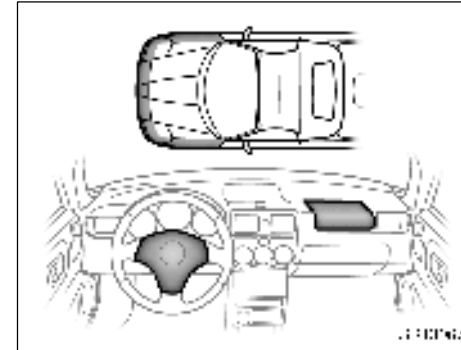
*Do not perform any of the following changes without consulting your Toyota dealer. Such changes can interfere with proper operation of the SRS airbag system in some cases.*

- ◆ *Installation of electronic devices such as a mobile two-way radio, cassette tape player or compact disc player*
- ◆ *Modification of the suspension system*
- ◆ *Modification of the front end structure*
- ◆ *Attachment of a grille guard (bull bar, kangaroo bar, etc.), snowplow, winches or any other equipment to the front end*
- ◆ *Repairs made on or near the front fenders, front end structure, console, steering column, steering wheel or dashboard near the passenger airbag*



This SRS airbag system has a service reminder indicator to inform the driver of operational problems. If either of the following conditions occurs, this indicates a malfunction of the airbags. Contact your Toyota dealer as soon as possible to service the vehicle.

- The light does not come on when the ignition key is turned to the "ON" position, or the light remains on.
- The light comes on or flashes while driving.



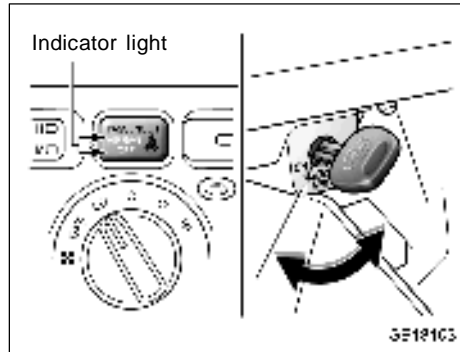
In the following cases, contact your Toyota dealer as soon as possible:

- The SRS airbags have been inflated.
- The front part of the vehicle (shaded in the illustration) was involved in an accident that was not severe enough to cause the SRS airbags to inflate.
- The pad section of the steering wheel or passenger airbag cover (shaded in the illustration) is scratched, cracked, or otherwise damaged.

### NOTICE

*Do not disconnect the battery cables before contacting your Toyota dealer.*

### Passenger airbag manual on-off switch



This on-off switch is designed to disable the passenger airbag in order to allow usage, if necessary, of a member of a passenger risk group identified in TABLE 1 (on page 36) is occupying the passenger seating position (For details, see “SRS driver and passenger airbags” in this Section.)

#### Operate on-off switch as follows:

Insert key into the keyhole and turn it in the glove box.

To turn passenger airbag on: Turn the key clockwise to the “ON” position.

To turn passenger airbag off: Turn the key counterclockwise to the “OFF” position.

The indicator comes on when the passenger airbag system is off.

To check the airbag cut-off system status, turn the ignition switch to the “ON” position. The “AIRBAG” warning light and the “OFF” indicator light should go on for approximately 4 seconds. If the airbag switch is turned off, the “OFF” indicator will continue to illuminate, and if the airbag switch is turned on, the “OFF” indicator will not illuminate.

#### CAUTION

- Make sure that the indicator light is off.
- Do not turn off the passenger airbag manual on-off switch except when a member of a passenger risk group identified in TABLE 1 (page 36) is occupying the passenger seating position.
- When the passenger airbag manual on-off switch is turned off, the passenger airbag will not inflate in a collision and turning off the passenger airbag can reduce the occupant protection which your vehicle safety systems can provide to you in certain accidents and increase the likelihood of serious personal injuries.


For details, see “SRS driver and passenger airbags” in this Section.

**Child restraint—  
—Child restraint precautions**

Toyota strongly urges the use of child restraint systems for children small enough to use them.

The laws of all fifty states in the U.S.A. now require the use of a child restraint system.

Your vehicle conforms to SAEJ1819.

 **CAUTION**

- For effective protection in automobile accidents and sudden stops, child must be properly restrained using a seat belt or child restraint system depending on the age and size of the child. Holding a child in your arms is not a substitute for a child restraint system. In an accident, the child can be crushed against the windshield, or between you and the vehicle's interior.
- Toyota strongly urges use of a proper child restraint system that conforms to the size of the child.

- Never put infant or child age 1 to 12 in a passenger risk group on the passenger seat with the passenger airbag manual on-off switch in the "ON" position. In the event of an accident, the force of the rapid inflation of the passenger airbag can cause death or serious injury to the child.

If you must put infant or child age 1 to 12 in a passenger risk group on the passenger seat, make sure the passenger airbag manual on-off switch is in the "OFF" position and that the indicator light is on. (For details, see "SRS driver and passenger airbags" in this Section.

- Make sure that you have complied with all installation instructions provided by the child restraint manufacturer and that the system is properly secured.

**—Child restraint system**


A child restraint system for a small child or baby must be properly restrained on the seat with the lap portion of the lap/shoulder belt. You must carefully consult the manufacturer's instructions which accompany the child restraint system.

To provide proper restraint, use a child restraint system following the manufacturer's instructions about the appropriate age and size of the child for the child restraint system.

Install the child restraint system correctly following the instructions provided by its manufacturer. General directions are also provided under the following illustrations.



## MR2 U

 CAUTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Never put infant or child age 1 to 12 in a passenger risk group on the passenger seat with the passenger airbag manual on-off switch in the "ON" position. In the event of an accident, the force of the rapid inflation of the passenger airbag can cause death or serious injury to the child.  If you must put infant or child age 1 to 12 in a passenger risk group on the passenger seat, make sure the passenger airbag manual on-off switch is in the "OFF" position and that the indicator light is on. (For details, see "SRS driver and passenger airbags" in this Section.)</li><li>● After installing the child restraint system, make sure it is secured in place according to the manufacturer's instructions. If it is not restrained securely, it may cause death or serious injury to the child in the event of a sudden stop or accident.</li></ul>

When not using the child restraint system, keep it secured with the seat belt or place it in somewhere other than the passenger compartment. This will prevent it from injuring passenger in the event of a sudden stop or accident.

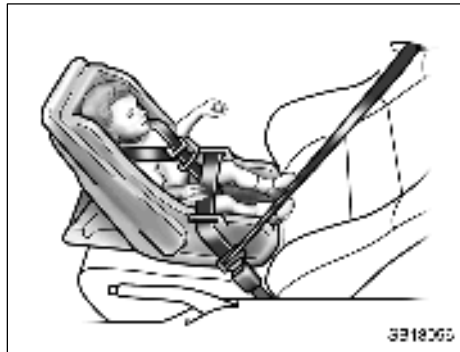
### —Types of child restraint system

Child restraint systems are divided into the following 3 types according to the child's age and size.

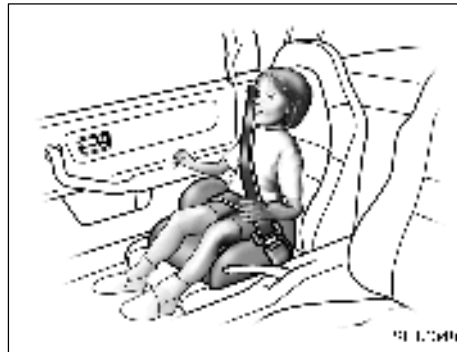
- (A) Infant seat
- (B) Convertible seat
- (C) Booster seat

Install the child restraint system following the instructions provided by its manufacturer.

## MR2 U



(A) Infant seat

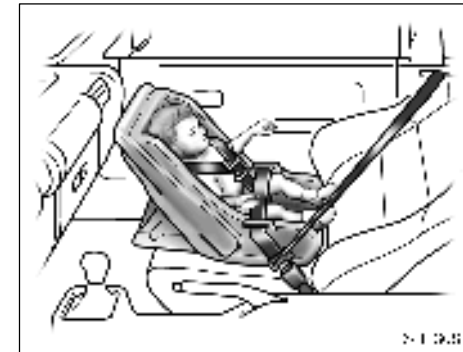


(C) Booster seat



(B) Convertible seat

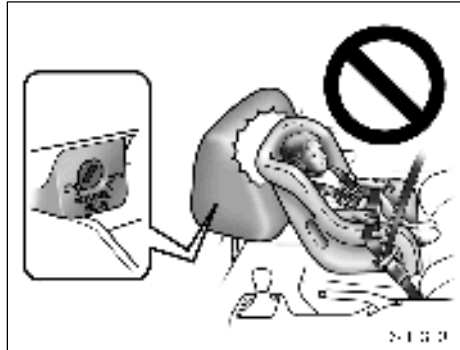
### —Installation with seat belt



(A) INFANT SEAT INSTALLATION

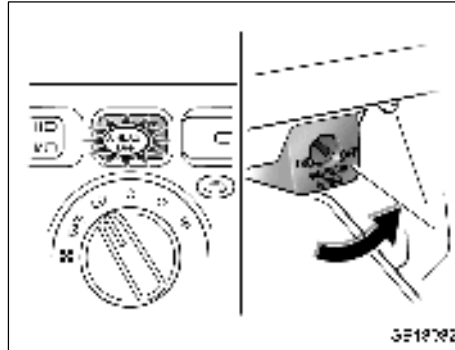
An infant seat is used in rear-facing position only.

## MR2 U



### CAUTION

Never put a rear-facing child restraint system on the passenger seat with the passenger airbag manual on-off switch in the "ON" position. In the event of an accident, the force of the rapid inflation of the passenger airbag can cause death or serious injury to the child.



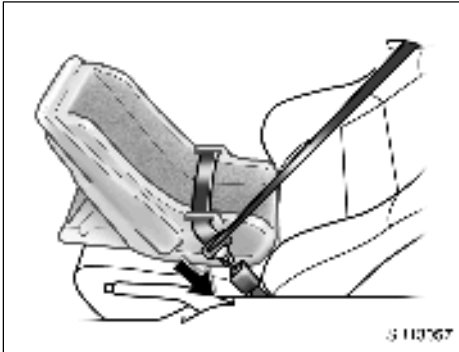
### CAUTION

If you must put a rear-facing child restraint system on the passenger seat, make sure the passenger airbag manual on-off switch is in the "OFF" position and that the indicator light is on.


When you put a rear-facing child restraint system which belongs to a passenger risk group on the passenger seat, turn the passenger airbag manual on-off switch counterclockwise to the "OFF" position. (For details, see "SRS driver and passenger airbags" in this Section.)

The indicator comes on when the system is off.

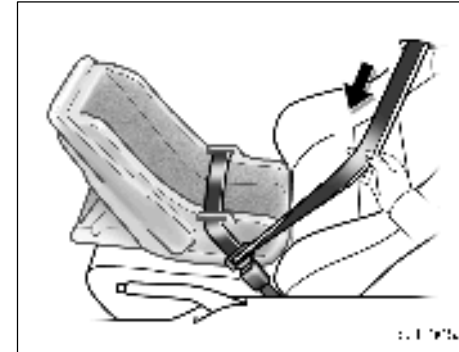
## MR2 U



1. Run the lap and shoulder belt through or around the infant seat following the instructions provided by its manufacturer and insert the tab into the buckle taking care not to twist the belt. Keep the lap portion of the belt tight.

 **CAUTION**

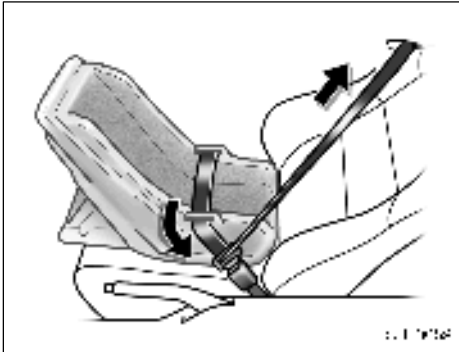
- After inserting the tab, make sure the tab and buckle are locked and that the lap and shoulder portions of the belt are not twisted.
- Do not insert coins, clips, etc. in the buckle as this can prevent your child from properly latching the tab and buckle.
- If the seat belt does not function normally, it cannot protect your child from injury. Contact your Toyota dealer immediately. Do not use the seat until the seat belt is fixed.



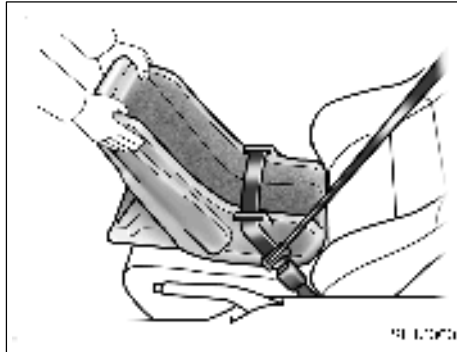
2. Fully extend the shoulder belt to put it in the lock mode. When the belt is then retracted even slightly, it cannot be extended.

To hold the infant seat securely, make sure the belt is in the lock mode before letting the belt retract.

## MR2 U

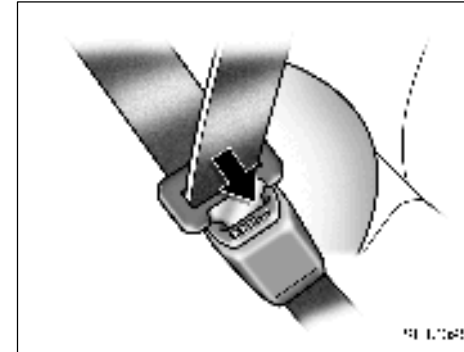


3. While pressing the infant seat firmly against the seat cushion and seatback, let the shoulder belt retract as far as it will go to hold the infant seat securely.



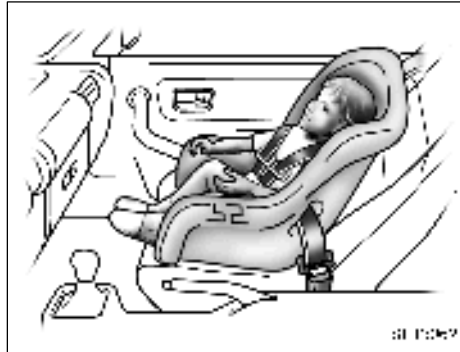
### CAUTION

**Push and pull the child restraint system in different directions to be sure it is secure. Follow all the installation instructions provided by its manufacturer.**

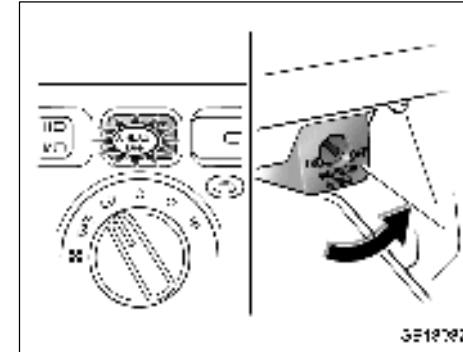
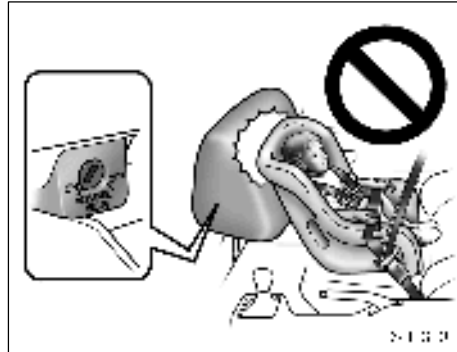


4. To remove the infant seat, press the buckle-release button and allow the belt to retract completely. The belt will move freely again and be ready to work for an adult or older child passenger.

## MR2 U



**(B) CONVERTIBLE SEAT INSTALLATION**  
A convertible seat is used in forward-facing or rear-facing position depending on the child's age and size. When installing, follow the manufacturer's instruction about the applicable child's age and size as well as directions for installing the child restraint system.



### CAUTION

**Rear-facing child restraint system:** Never put a rear-facing child restraint system on the passenger seat with the passenger airbag manual on-off switch in the "ON" position. In the event of an accident, the force of the rapid inflation of the passenger airbag can cause death or serious injury to the child.

When you put a forward-facing or a rear-facing child restraint system which belongs to a passenger risk group on the passenger seat, turn the passenger airbag manual on-off switch counter-clockwise to the "OFF" position. (For details, see "SRS driver and passenger airbags" in this Section.)

The indicator comes on when the system is off.

## MR2 U



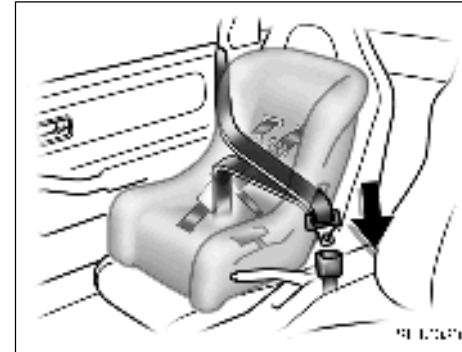
### CAUTION

If you must put a rear-facing child restraint system on the passenger seat, make sure the passenger airbag manual on-off switch is in the "OFF" position and that the indicator light is on.




### CAUTION

**Forward-facing child restraint system:** A forward-facing child restraint system which belongs to a passenger risk group should never be put on the passenger seat with the passenger airbag manual on-off switch in the "ON" position, because the force of a deploying airbag could cause death or serious injury to the child in forward seating position. (For details, see "SRS driver and passenger airbags" in this Section.)

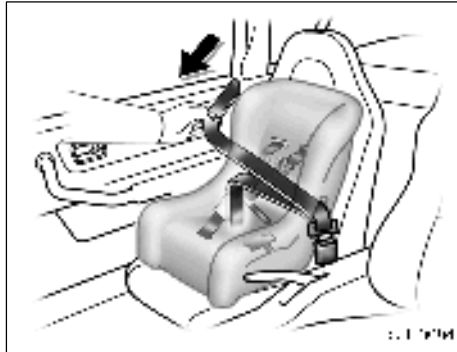


1. Run the lap and shoulder belt through or around the convertible seat following the instructions provided by its manufacturer and insert the tab into the buckle taking care not to twist the belt. Keep the lap portion of the belt tight.

## MR2 U

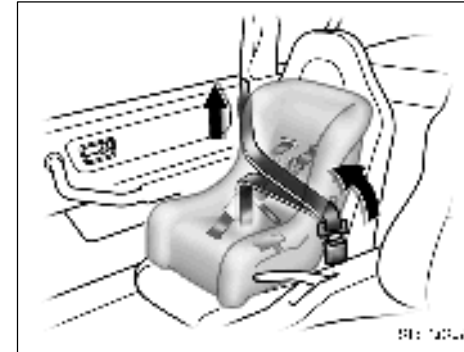
 **CAUTION**

- After inserting the tab, make sure the tab and buckle are locked and that the lap and shoulder portions of the belt is not twisted.
- Do not insert coins, clips, etc. in the buckle as this may prevent your child from properly latching the tab and buckle.
- If the seat belt does not function normally, it cannot protect your child from injury. Contact your Toyota dealer immediately. Do not use the seat until the seat belt is fixed.



2. Fully extend the shoulder belt to put it in the lock mode. When the belt is then retracted slightly, it cannot be extended.

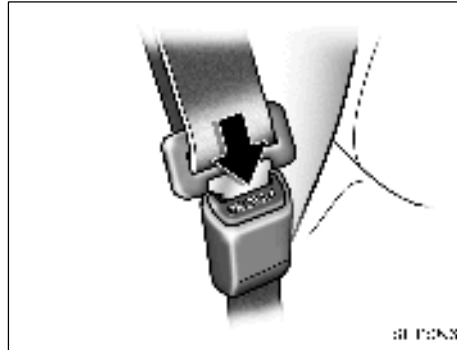
To hold the convertible seat securely, make sure the belt is in the lock mode before letting the belt retract.



3. While pressing the convertible seat firmly against the seat cushion and seatback, let the shoulder belt retract as far as it will go to hold the convertible seat securely.



## MR2 U



### CAUTION


Push and pull the child restraint system in different directions to be sure it is secure. Follow all the installation instructions provided by its manufacturer.

4. To remove the convertible seat, press the buckle-release button and allow the belt to retract completely. The belt will move freely again and be ready to work for an adult or older child passenger.

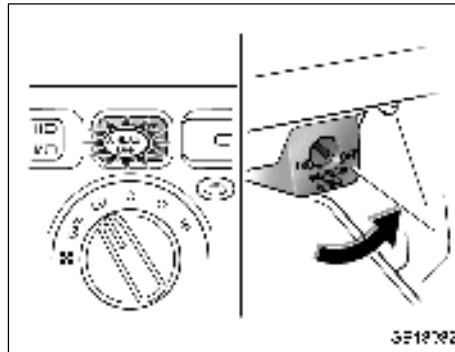
### (C) BOOSTER SEAT INSTALLATION

A booster seat is used in forward-facing position only.

## MR2 U

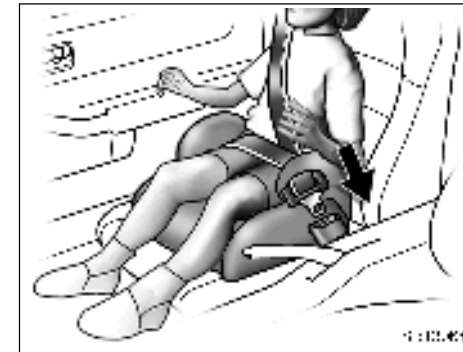
 **CAUTION**

A forward-facing child restraint system which belongs to a passenger risk group should never be put on the passenger seat with the passenger airbag manual on-off switch in the "ON" position, because the force of a deploying airbag could cause death or serious injury to the child in forward seating position. (For details, see "SRS driver and passenger airbags" in this Section.)



When you put a forward-facing child restraint system which belongs to passenger risk group on the passenger seat, turn the passenger airbag manual on-off switch counterclockwise to the "OFF" position. (For details, see "SRS driver and passenger airbags" in this Section.)

The indicator comes on when the system is off.



1. Sit the child on a booster seat. Run the lap and shoulder belt through or around the booster seat and child following the instructions provided by its manufacturer and insert the tab into the buckle taking care not to twist the belt.

Make sure the shoulder belt is correctly across the child's shoulder and that the lap belt is positioned as low as possible on child's hips. See "Seat belts" in this Section for details.

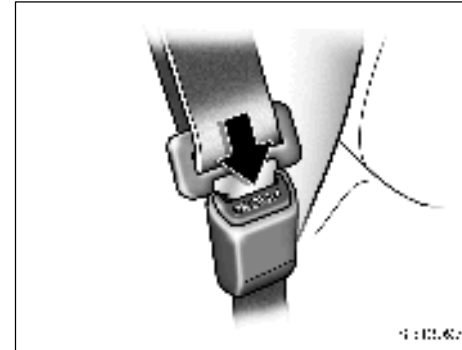
## MR2 U



### CAUTION

- Always make sure the shoulder belt is positioned across the center of child's shoulder. The belt should be kept away from child's neck, but not falling off child's shoulder. Failure to do so could reduce the amount of protection in an accident and increase the chance of injury.
- Both high-positioned lap belts and loose-fitting belts could cause serious injuries due to sliding under the lap belt during a collision or other unintended result. Keep the lap belt positioned as low on hips as possible.
- For child's safety, do not place the shoulder belt under child's arm.
- After inserting the tab, make sure the tab and buckle are locked and that the lap and shoulder portions of the belt is not twisted.
- Do not insert coins, clips, etc. in the buckle as this may prevent your child from properly latching the tab and buckle.

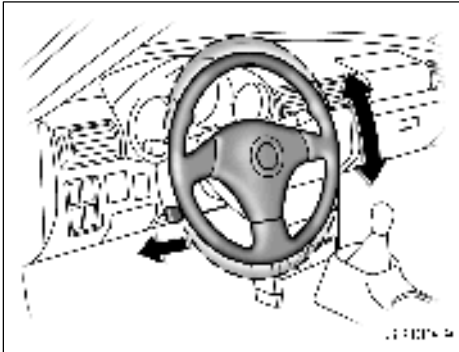
- If the seat belt does not function normally, it cannot protect your child from injury. Contact your Toyota dealer immediately. Do not use the seat until the seat belt is fixed.



2. To remove the child restraint system, press the buckle-release button and allow the belt to retract.

## MR2 U

### Tilt steering wheel



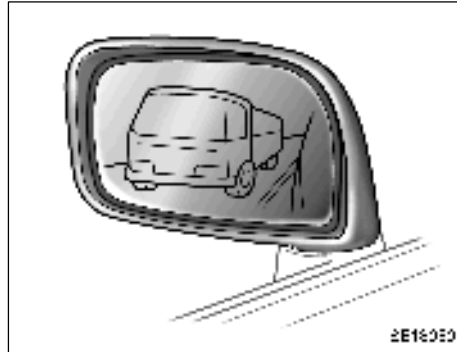
To change the steering wheel angle, hold the steering wheel, push the lock release lever, tilt the steering wheel to the desired angle and return the lever to its original position.



#### CAUTION

- Do not adjust the steering wheel while the vehicle is moving. It may cause the driver to mishandle the vehicle and an accident may occur resulting in personal death or injuries.
- After adjusting the steering wheel, try moving it up and down to make sure it is locked in position.

### Outside rear view mirrors—



Adjust the mirror so that you can see the side of your vehicle in the mirror.

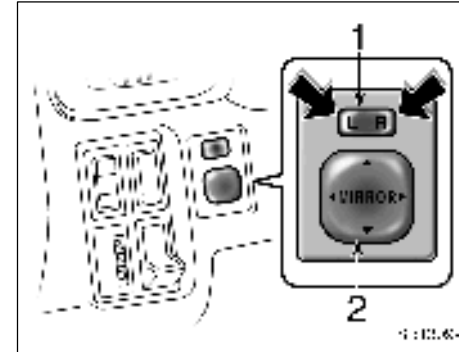
Be careful when judging the size or distance of any object seen in the outside rear view mirror. It is a convex mirror with a curved surface. Any object seen in a convex mirror will look smaller and farther away than when seen in a flat mirror.



#### CAUTION

Do not adjust the mirror while the vehicle is moving. It may cause the driver to mishandle the vehicle and an accident may occur resulting in personal death or injuries.

### —Power rear view mirror control



To adjust a mirror, use the switches.

1. Master switch—To select the mirror to be adjusted  
Place the switch at “L” (left) or “R” (right).
2. Control switch—To move the mirror  
Push the switch in the desired direction.

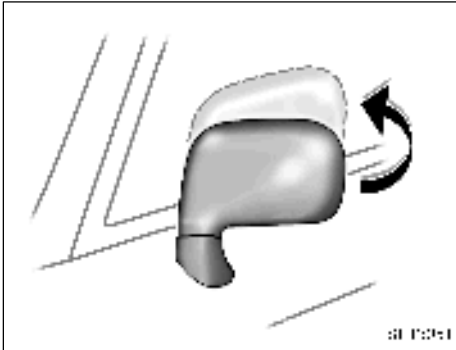
Mirror can be adjusted when key is in the “ACC” or “ON” position.

#### NOTICE

*If ice should jam the mirror, do not operate the control or scrape the mirror face. Use a spray de-icer to free the mirror.*

## MR2 U

### —Folding rear view mirrors



The rear view mirrors can be folded backward for parking in restricted areas.

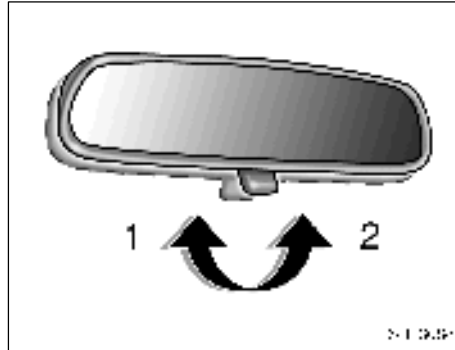
To fold the rear view mirror, push backward.



#### CAUTION

Do not drive with the mirrors folded backward. Both the driver and passenger side rear view mirrors must be extended and properly adjusted before driving.

### Anti-glare inside rear view mirror



Adjust the mirror so that you can just see the rear of your vehicle in the mirror.

To reduce glare from the headlights of the vehicle behind you during night driving, operate the lever on the lower edge of the mirror.

Daylight driving—Lever at position 1

The reflection in the mirror has greater clarity at this position.

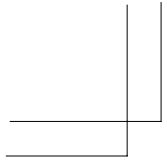
Night driving—Lever at position 2

Remember that by reducing glare you also lose some rear view clarity.

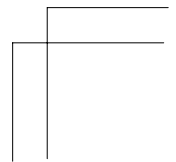
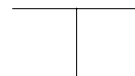
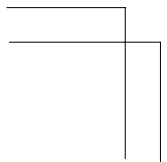
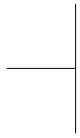
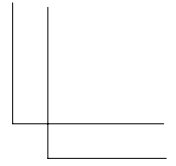


#### CAUTION

Do not adjust the mirror while the vehicle is moving. It may cause the driver to mishandle the vehicle and an accident may occur resulting in personal death or injuries.



MR2 U



## ***SECTION 1-4***

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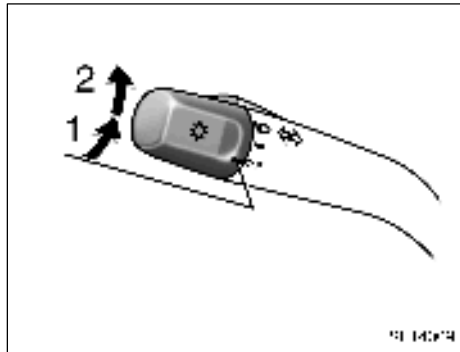
### **OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS**

#### **Lights, Wipers and Defogger**

Headlights and turn signals .....	60
Emergency flashers .....	61
Instrument panel light control .....	62
Interior light .....	62
Windshield wipers and washer .....	62
Rear window defogger .....	63

## MR2 U

### Headlights and turn signals



#### HEADLIGHTS

**To turn on the following lights: Twist the headlight/turn signal lever knob.**

Position 1—Parking, tail, license plate, side marker and instrument panel lights

Position 2—Headlights and all of the above

#### Light reminder buzzer

A buzzer will remind you to turn the lights off when the driver's door is opened if you remove the key with the headlights left on.

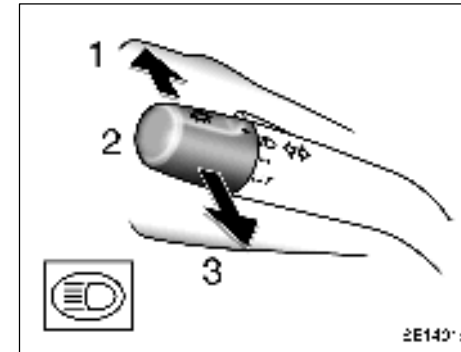
#### NOTICE

*To prevent the battery from being discharged, do not leave the lights on for a long period when the engine is not running.*

#### Daytime running light system

The headlights turn on at reduced intensity when the parking brake is released with the engine started, even with the light switch in the "OFF" position or position 1. They will not go off until the ignition switch is turned off.

Twist the knob to the position 2 to turn to full intensity for driving at night.



**High-low beams**—For high beams, turn the headlights on and push the lever away from you (position 1). Pull the lever toward you (position 2) for low beams.

The headlight high beam indicator light (blue light) on the instrument panel will tell you that the high beams are on.

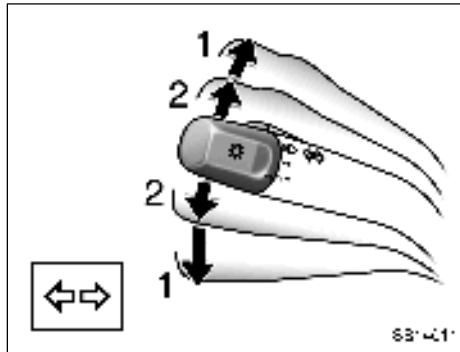
**Flashing the high beam headlights** (position 3)—Pull the lever all the way back. The high beam headlights turn off when you release the lever.

You can flash the high beam headlights with the knob turned to "OFF".



## MR2 U

### Emergency flashers



#### TURN SIGNALS

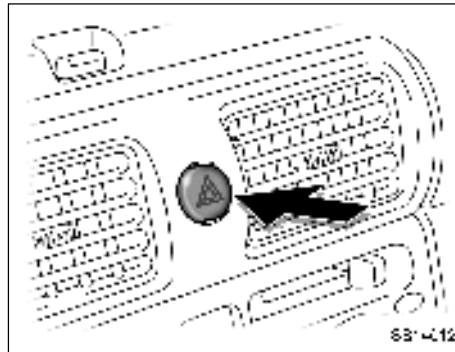
To signal a turn, push the headlight/turn signal lever up or down to position 1.

The key must be in the "ON" position.

The lever automatically returns after you make a turn, but you may have to return it by hand after you change lanes.

To signal a lane change, move the lever up or down to the pressure point (position 2) and hold it.

If the turn signal indicator lights (green lights) on the instrument panel flash faster than normal, a front or rear turn signal bulb is burned out.



To turn on the emergency flashers, push the switch.

All the turn signal lights will flash. To turn them off, push the switch once again.

Turn on the emergency flashers to warn other drivers if your vehicle must be stopped where it might be a traffic hazard. Always pull as far off the road as possible.

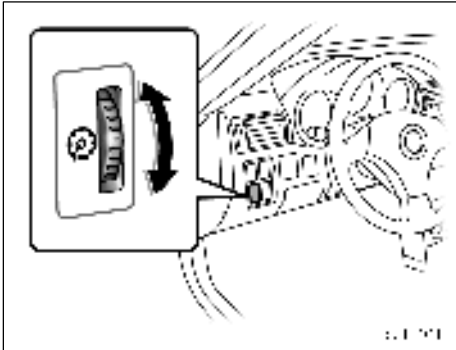
The turn signal light switch will not work when the emergency flashers are operating.

#### NOTICE

*To prevent the battery from being discharged, do not leave the switch on longer than necessary when the engine is not running.*

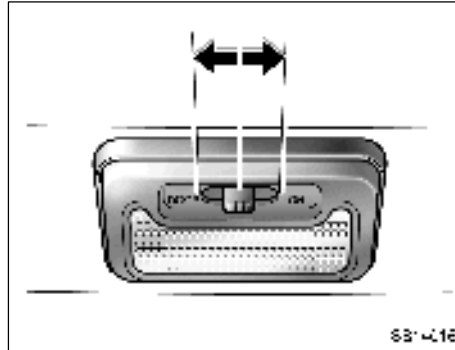
## MR2 U

### Instrument panel light control



To adjust the brightness of the instrument panel lights, turn the switch.

### Interior light



To turn on the interior light, slide the switch.

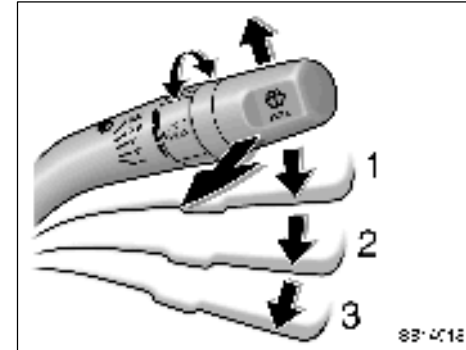
The interior light switch has the following positions:

“ON”—The light stays on all the time.

“OFF”—Turns the light off.

“DOOR”—Turns the light on when either side door is opened. The light goes off when both the doors are closed.

### Windshield wipers and washer



To turn on the windshield wipers, move the lever to the desired setting.

The key must be in the “ON” position.

Lever position	Speed setting
Position 1	Intermittent
Position 2	Slow
Position 3	Fast

For a single sweep of the windshield, push the lever up and release it.

## MR2 U

The “INT TIME” band lets you adjust the wiping time interval when the wiper lever is in the intermittent position (position 1). Twist the band upward to increase the time between sweeps, and downward to decrease it.

**To squirt washer fluid, pull the lever toward you.**

If the windshield wipers are off, they will operate a couple of times after the washer squirts.

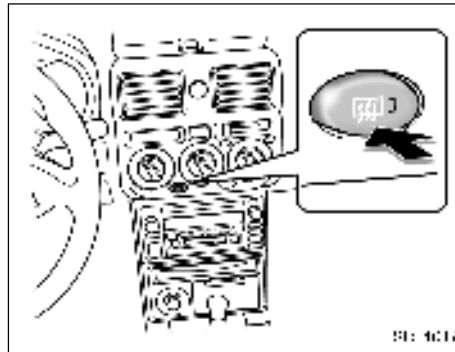
For instructions on adding washer fluid, see “Adding washer fluid” in Section 7–3.

In freezing weather, warm the windshield with the defroster before using the washer. This will help prevent the washer fluid from freezing on the windshield, which can block your vision.

### NOTICE

***Do not operate the wipers if the windshield is dry. It may scratch the glass.***

### Rear window defogger



**To defog or defrost the rear window, push the switch.**

The key must be in the “ON” position.

The thin heater wires on the inside of the rear window will quickly clear the surface. An indicator light will illuminate to indicate the defogger is operating.

Push the switch once again to turn the defogger off.

The system will automatically shut off after the defogger has operated about 15 minutes.

Make sure you turn the defogger off when the window is clear. Leaving the defogger on for a long time could cause the battery to discharge, especially during stop-and-go driving. The defogger is not designed for drying rain water or for melting snow.

### NOTICE

- ◆ ***When cleaning the inside of the rear window, be careful not to scratch or damage the heater wires.***
- ◆ ***When the soft top is completely lowered, keep the rear window defogger turned off to avoid damage to the top.***

**MR2 U**

## ***SECTION 1-5***

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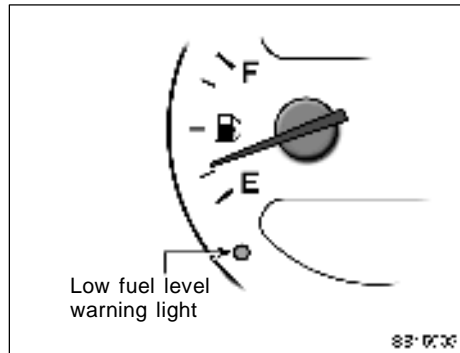
### **OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS**

#### **Gauges, Meters and Service reminder indicators**

Fuel gauge .....	66
Engine coolant temperature gauge .....	66
Tachometer .....	67
Odometer and two trip meters .....	67
Service reminder indicators and warning buzzers .....	68

## MR2 U

### Fuel gauge



The gauge works when the ignition switch is on and indicates the approximate quantity of fuel remaining in the tank.

Nearly full—Needle at “F”  
Nearly empty—Needle at “E”

It is a good idea to keep the tank over 1/4 full.

The needle moves when braking, accelerating or making turns. This is caused by the movement of the fuel in the tank.

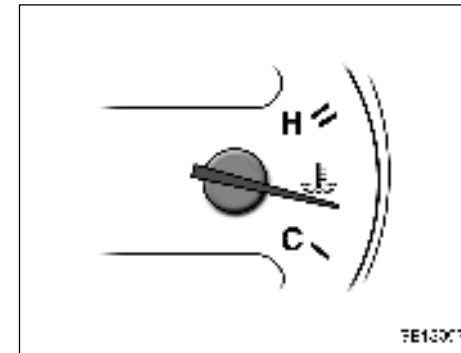
If the fuel level approaches “E” or the low fuel level warning light comes on, fill the fuel tank as soon as possible.

On inclines or curves, due to the movement of fuel in the tank, the fuel gauge needle may fluctuate or the low fuel level warning light may come on earlier than usual.

If the fuel tank is completely empty, the malfunction indicator lamp comes on. Fill the fuel tank immediately.

The indicator lamp goes off after driving several times. If the indicator lamp does not go off, contact your Toyota dealer as soon as possible.

### Engine coolant temperature gauge



The gauge indicates the engine coolant temperature when the ignition switch is on. The engine operating temperature will vary with changes in weather and engine load.

If the needle moves to the “H” position, your engine is too hot. If your vehicle overheats, stop your vehicle and allow the engine to cool.

Your vehicle may overheat during severe operating conditions, such as:

- Driving up a long hill on a hot day.
- Reducing speed or stopping after high speed driving.
- Idling for a long period with the air conditioning on in stop-and-go traffic.

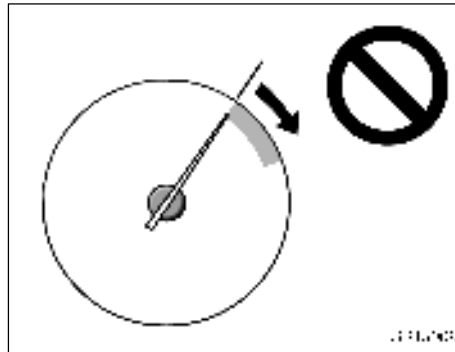
## MR2 U

If the engine coolant temperature gauge needle is not displayed, there may be a problem in the system. In this case, contact your Toyota dealer as soon as possible.

### NOTICE

- ◆ **Do not remove the thermostat in the engine cooling system as this may cause the engine to overheat. The thermostat is designed to control the flow of coolant to keep the temperature of the engine within the specified operating range.**
- ◆ **Do not continue driving with an overheated engine. See "If your vehicle overheats" in Section 4.**

### Tachometer



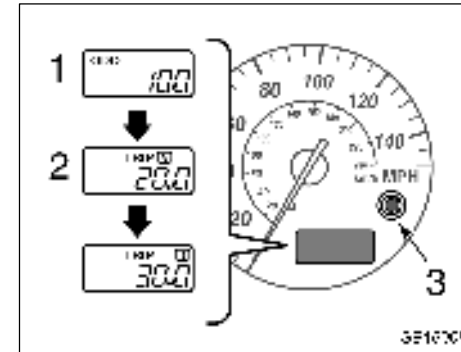
The tachometer indicates engine speed in thousands of rpm (revolutions per minute). Use it while driving to select correct shift points and to prevent engine lugging and over-revving.

Driving with the engine running too fast causes excessive engine wear and poor fuel economy. Remember, in most cases the slower the engine speed, the greater the fuel economy.

### NOTICE

**Do not let the indicator needle get into the red zone. This may cause severe engine damage.**

### Odometer and two trip meters



This meter displays the odometer and two trip meters.

1. Odometer—Shows the total distance the vehicle has been driven.
2. Two trip meters—Show two different distances independently driven since the last time each trip meter was set to zero.

You can use one trip meter to calculate the fuel economy and the other to measure the distance on each trip. All trip meter data is cancelled if the electrical power source is disconnected.








## MR2 U

### Service reminder indicators and warning buzzers

3. Trip meter reset knob—Resets the two trip meters to zero, and also change the meter display.

To change the meter display, quickly push and release the knob. The meter display changes in the order from the odometer to trip meter A to trip meter B, then back to the odometer each time you push.

To reset the trip meter A to zero, display the trip meter A reading, then push and hold the knob until the meter is set to zero. The same process can be applied for resetting the trip meter B.

If the indicator or buzzer comes on...	Do this.	If the indicator or buzzer comes on...	Do this.
(a) <b>BRAKE</b>	If parking brake is off, stop immediately	(g) Low fuel level warning light	Fill up tank.
(b) 	and contact Toyota dealer. Fasten driver's seat belt.	(h) <b>ABS</b>	Take vehicle to Toyota dealer.
(c) <b>PASSENGER</b> 	Fasten passenger's seat belt.	(i) 	Close both the doors
(d) 	Stop and check.	(j) 	Take vehicle to Toyota dealer immediately.
(e) 	Stop and check.	(k) <b>P/S</b>	Take vehicle to Toyota dealer.
(f) 	Take vehicle to Toyota dealer.	(l) Key reminder buzzer	Remove key.
		(m) Light reminder buzzer	Turn off lights.

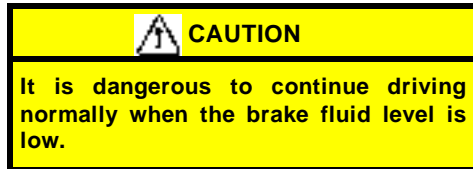


## MR2 U

### (a) Brake System Warning Light

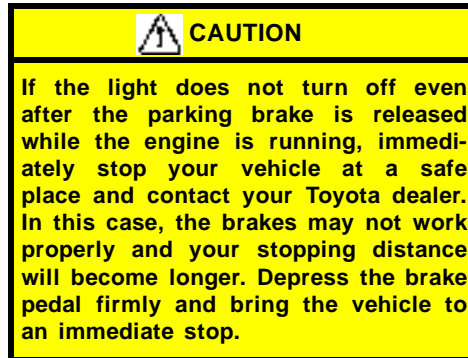
This light comes on in the following cases when the ignition key is in the "ON" position.

- When the parking brake is applied...
- When the brake fluid level is low...



Have your vehicle checked at your Toyota dealer in the following case:

- The light does not come on even if the parking brake is applied when the ignition key is in the "ON" position.



### (b) Driver's Seat Belt Reminder Light and Buzzer

This light and buzzer remind you to buckle up the driver's seat belt.

Once the ignition key is turned to "ON" or "START", the reminder light flashes and buzzer sounds if the driver's seat belt is not fastened. Unless the driver fastens the belt, the light keeps flashing and the buzzer stops after about 4 to 8 seconds.

### (c) Passenger's Seat Belt Reminder Light

This light reminds you to buckle up the passenger's seat belt.

Once the ignition key is turned to "ON" or "START", the reminder light flashes if a passenger sits in the passenger seat and does not fasten the seat belt. Unless the passenger fastens the belt, the light stays flashing.

If luggage load is placed on the passenger seat, depending on its weight and how it is placed on the seat, built-in sensors in the seat cushion may detect the pressure, causing the reminder light to come on.

### (d) Discharge Warning Light

This light warns that the battery is being discharged.

If it comes on while you are driving, there is a problem somewhere in the charging system.

The engine ignition will continue to operate, however, until the battery is discharged. Turn off the air conditioning, blower, radio, etc., and drive directly to the nearest Toyota dealer or repair shop.

**NOTICE**

***Do not continue driving if the engine drive belt is broken or loose.***

**(e) Low Oil Pressure Warning Light**

This light warns that the engine oil pressure is too low.

If it flickers or stays on while you are driving, pull off the road to a safe place and stop the engine immediately. Call a Toyota dealer or qualified repair shop for assistance.

The light may occasionally flicker when the engine is idling or it may come on briefly after a hard stop. There is no cause for concern if it then goes out when the engine is accelerated slightly.

The light may come on when the oil level is extremely low. It is not designed to indicate low oil level, and the oil level must be checked using the level dipstick.

**NOTICE**

***Do not drive the vehicle with the warning light on—even for one block. It may ruin the engine.***

**(f) Malfunction Indicator Lamp**

This lamp comes on in the following cases.

- a. The fuel tank is completely empty. (See “Fuel gauge” in this Section for instructions.)
- b. The fuel tank cap is not tightened securely. (See “Fuel tank cap” in Section 1–2 for instructions.)
- c. There is a problem somewhere in your engine electrical system.

If it comes on while you are driving in case c, have your vehicle checked/repairs by your Toyota dealer as soon as possible.

**(g) Low Fuel Level Warning Light**

This light comes on when the fuel level in the tank becomes nearly empty. Fill up the tank as soon as possible.

On inclines or curves, due to the movement of fuel in the tank, the low fuel level warning light may come on earlier than usual.

**(h) “ABS” Warning Light**

The light comes on when the ignition key is turned to the “ON” position. If the anti-lock brake system works properly, the light turns off after a few seconds. Thereafter, if the system malfunctions, the light comes on again.

When the “ABS” warning light is on (and the brake system warning light is off), the anti-lock brake system does not operate, but the brake system still operates conventionally.

When the “ABS” warning light is on (and the brake system warning light is off), the anti-lock brake system does not operate so that the wheels could lock up during a sudden braking or braking on slippery road surfaces.

**If either of the following conditions occurs, this indicates a malfunction somewhere in the parts monitored by the warning light system. Contact your Toyota dealer as soon as possible to service the vehicle.**

- The light does not come on when the ignition key is turned to the “ON” position, or remains on.
- The light comes on while you are driving.

## MR2 U

A warning light turning on briefly during operation does not indicate a problem.

### (i) Open Door Warning Light

This light remains on until both the doors are completely closed.

### (j) SRS Warning Light

**This light will come on when the ignition key is turned to the "ON" position. After about 6 seconds, the light will go off. This means the systems of the airbag and seat belt pretensioners are operating properly.**

The warning light system monitors the airbag sensor assembly, front airbag sensors, seat belt pretensioner assemblies, inflators, warning light, interconnecting wiring and power sources.

If either of the following conditions occurs, this indicates a malfunction somewhere in the parts monitored by the warning light system. Contact your Toyota dealer as soon as possible to service the vehicle.

- The light does not come on when the ignition key is turned to the "ON" position, or the light remains on.
- The light comes on or flashes while driving.

### (k) Power Steering System Warning Light

This light warns that there is a problem in your power steering system.

If the light comes on while you are driving, have your vehicle checked by your Toyota dealer as soon as possible.

### (l) Key Reminder Buzzer

This buzzer reminds you to remove the key when you open the driver's door with the ignition key in the "ACC" or "LOCK" position.

### (m) Light reminder buzzer

The buzzer will sound if the headlight switch is left on and the driver's door is opened with the key removed from the ignition switch.

### CHECKING SERVICE REMINDER INDICATORS (except the low fuel level warning light)

1. Apply the parking brake.
2. Open either side door.  
The open door warning light should come on.
3. Close the door.  
The open door warning light should go off.
4. Turn the ignition key to "ON", but do not start the engine.  
All the service reminder indicators except the open door warning light should come on. The "ABS" and power steering system warning lights go off after a few seconds. The SRS warning light goes off after about 6 seconds.

If any service reminder indicator or warning buzzer does not function as described above, either the bulb is burned out or the circuit is in need of repair. Have it checked by your Toyota dealer as soon as possible.

## MR2 U

## ***SECTION 1-6***

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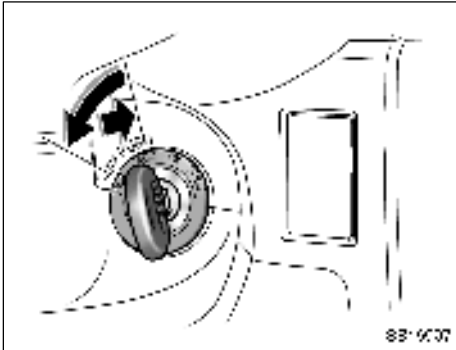
### **OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS**

#### **Ignition switch, Transmission and Parking brake**

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## MR2 U

### Ignition switch with steering lock



**“START”**—Starter motor on. The key will return to the “ON” position when released.

For starting tips, see Section 3.

**“ON”**—Engine on and all accessories on.

This is the normal driving position.

**“ACC”**—Accessories such as the radio operate, but the engine is off.

If you leave the key in the “ACC” or “LOCK” position and open the driver’s door, a buzzer will remind you to remove the key.

**“LOCK”**—Engine is off and the steering wheel is locked. The key can be removed only at this position.

You must push in the key to turn it from “ACC” to the “LOCK” position. Once you remove the key, the engine immobiliser system is automatically set. (See “Engine immobiliser system” in Section 1–2.)

When starting the engine, the key may seem stuck at the “LOCK” position. To free it, first be sure the key is pushed all the way in, and then rock the steering wheel slightly while turning the key gently.



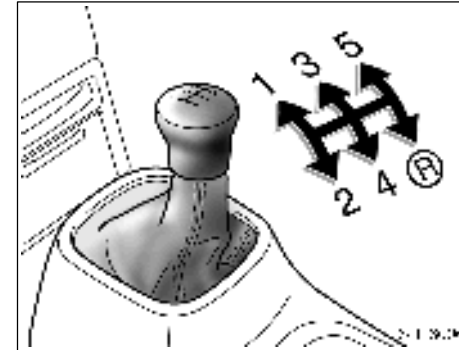
#### CAUTION

**Never remove the key when the vehicle is moving, as this will lock the steering wheel and result in loss of steering control.**

#### NOTICE

**Do not leave the key in the “ON” position if the engine is not running. The battery will discharge and the ignition could be damaged.**

### Manual transmission



The shift pattern is as shown above.

Press the clutch pedal down fully while shifting, and then release it slowly. Do not rest your foot on the pedal while driving, because it will cause clutch trouble. And do not use the clutch to hold the vehicle when stopped on an uphill grade—use the parking brake.

#### Recommended shifting speeds

The transmission is fully synchronized and upshifting or downshifting is easy.

For the best compromise between fuel economy and vehicle performance, you should upshift or downshift at the following speeds:

## MR2 U

gear	mph (km/h)
1 to 2 or 2 to 1	15 (24)
2 to 3 or 3 to 2	25 (40)
3 to 4 or 4 to 3	40 (64)
4 to 5 or 5 to 4	45 (72)

Downshift to the appropriate gear if acceleration is needed when you are cruising below the above downshifting speeds.

Upshifting too soon or downshifting too late will cause lugging, and possibly ping-pong. Regularly revving the engine to maximum speed in each gear will cause excessive engine wear and high fuel consumption.

### Maximum allowable speeds

To get on a highway or to pass slower traffic, maximum acceleration may be necessary. Make sure you observe the following maximum allowable speeds in each gear:

gear	mph (km/h)
1	33 (53)
2	55 (88)
3	75 (120)
4	101 (163)

### NOTICE

**Do not downshift if you are going faster than the maximum allowable speed for the next lower gear.**

### Good driving practice

If it is difficult to shift into reverse, put the transmission in neutral, release the clutch pedal momentarily, and then try again.



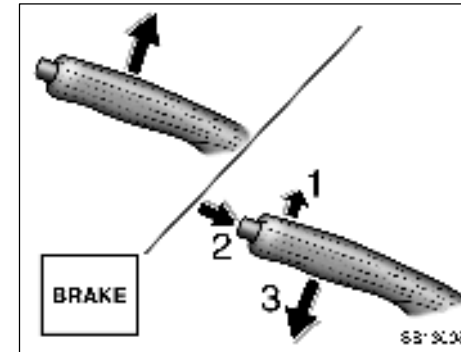
### CAUTION

**Be careful when downshifting on a slippery surface. Abrupt shifting could cause the vehicle to spin or skid.**

### NOTICE

**Make sure the vehicle is completely stopped before shifting into reverse.**

## Parking brake



**When parking, firmly apply the parking brake to avoid inadvertent creeping.**

To set: Pull up the lever. For better holding power, first depress the brake pedal and hold it while setting the parking brake.

To release: Pull up the lever slightly (1), press the lock release button (2), and lower (3).

To remind you that the parking brake is set, the parking brake reminder light in the instrument panel remains on until you release the parking brake.

## MR2 U



### CAUTION

Before driving, be sure the parking brake is fully released and the parking brake reminder light is off.



# **SECTION 1-7**

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## **OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS**

### **Car audio system**

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## MR2 U

### Reference



**AM-FM ETR radio/cassette player/compact disc player (with compact disc auto changer controller)**

### Using your audio system— —Some basics

This section describes some of the basic features on Toyota audio systems. Some information may not pertain to your system.

Your audio system works when the ignition key is in the “ACC” or “ON” position.

#### **TURNING THE SYSTEM ON AND OFF**

Push “PWR·VOL” to turn the audio system on and off.

Push “AM”, “FM1-2”, “TAPE” or “CD” to turn on that function without pushing “PWR·VOL”.

You can turn on each player by inserting a cassette tape or compact disc.

You can turn off each player by ejecting the cassette tape or compact disc. If the audio system was previously off, then the entire audio system will be turned off when you eject the cassette tape or compact disc. If another function was previously playing, it will come on again.

#### **SWITCHING BETWEEN FUNCTIONS**

Push “AM”, “FM1-2”, “TAPE” or “CD” if the system is already on but you want to switch from one function to another.

#### **TONE AND BALANCE**

For details about your system’s tone and balance controls, see the description of your own system.

##### **Tone**

How good an audio program sounds to you is largely determined by the mix of the treble, midrange, and bass levels. In fact, different kinds of music and vocal programs usually sound better with different mixes of treble, midrange and bass.

##### **Balance**

A good balance of the left and right stereo channels and of the front and rear sound levels is also important.

Keep in mind that if you are listening to a stereo recording or broadcast, changing the right/left balance will increase the volume of one group of sounds while decreasing the volume of another.

## MR2 U

### YOUR RADIO ANTENNA

To remove the antenna, carefully turn it counterclockwise.

On some models—

To lower the power antenna, turn off the audio system by pushing “PWR·VOL”, or turn the ignition key to “LOCK”.

### YOUR CASSETTE PLAYER

When you insert a cassette, the exposed tape should be to the right.

#### **NOTICE**

***Do not oil any part of the player and do not insert anything other than cassette tapes into the slot, or the tape player may be damaged.***

### YOUR COMPACT DISC PLAYER

When you insert a disc, gently push it in with the label side up. (The player will automatically eject a disc if the label side is down.) The compact disc player will play from track 1 through the end of the disc. Then it will play from track 1 again. On models with the compact disc auto changer, next disc will be played from track 1.

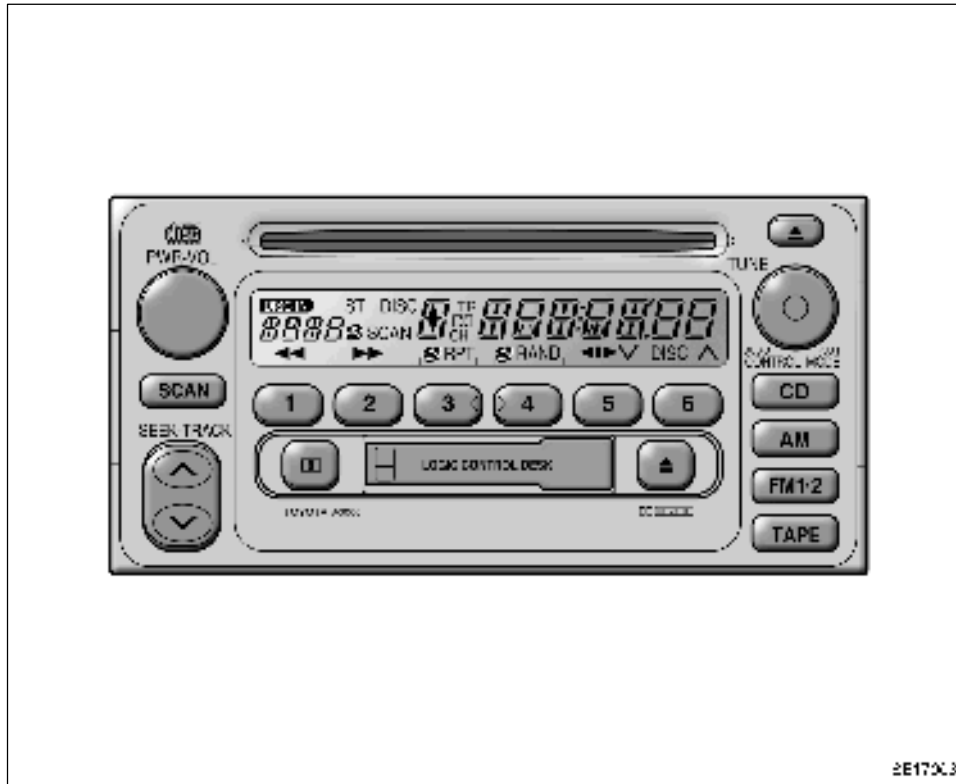
#### **NOTICE**

***Never try to disassemble or oil any part of the compact disc player. Do not insert anything except a compact disc into the slot.***

The player is intended for use with 12 cm (5 in.) discs only.

## MR2 U

### —Controls and features



Details of specific buttons, controls, and features are described in the alphabetical listing that follows.

## MR2 U

### 1 2 3 4 5 6 (Preset buttons)

These buttons are used to preset and tune in radio stations.

To preset a station to a button: Tune in the desired station (see "TUNE" knob or "SEEK" button). Push and hold down the button until you hear a beep—this will set the station to the button. The button number will appear on the display.

To tune in to a preset station: Push the button for the station you want. The button number and station frequency will appear on the display.




These systems can store one AM and two FM stations for each button (The display will show "AM", "FM1" or "FM2" when you push "AM" "FM1.2").

### (Eject button)

Push the cassette tape eject button to eject a cassette. Push the compact disc eject button to eject a compact disc.

After you turn the ignition to "LOCK", you will be able to eject a cassette or disc but you will not be able to reinsert it.

### (Program)

Push "" to select the other side of a cassette tape. The display indicates which side is currently selected ("" indicates top side, "" indicates bottom side).

Auto-reverse feature: After the cassette player reaches the end of a tape side, it automatically reverses and begins to play the other side. This is true whether the cassette was playing or fast forwarding.

### (Reverse/Fast forward buttons)

#### Cassette Player

Push the fast forward button to fast forward a cassette tape. "FF" will appear on the display. Push the reverse button to rewind a tape. "REW" will appear on the display.

To stop the tape while it is fast forwarding, push the fast forward button or "TAPE"; to stop the tape while it is rewinding, push the reverse button or "TAPE".

If a tape side rewinds completely, the cassette player will stop and then play that same side. If a tape fast forwards completely, the cassette player will play the other side of the tape, using the auto-reverse feature.

#### Compact Disc Player

If you want to fast forward or reverse through a compact disc track, push and hold in the fast forward or reverse button. When you release the button, the compact disc player will resume playing.

#### AM

Push "AM" to turn on the radio and select the AM band. "AM" will appear on the display.

If the audio system is off, you can turn on the radio by pushing "AM". Also, push "AM" to switch from cassette or compact disc operation to radio operation.

## MR2 U

### CONTROL / MODE (Audio control and mode adjustment)

#### Manual tone adjustment function—

This knob is used to adjust the tone manually.

For low-pitch tone adjustment, push “CONTROL / MODE” repeatedly until “BAS” appears on the display. Then turn the knob to suit your preference.

The display will show the range from “BAS -5” to “BAS 5”.

For high-pitch tone adjustment, push “CONTROL / MODE” repeatedly until “TRE” appears on the display. Then turn the knob to suit your preference.

The display will show the range from “TRE -5” to “TRE 5”.

#### Sound balance adjustment function—

This knob is also used to adjust the sound balance between the front and rear, and the right and left speakers.

For front/rear adjustment, push “CONTROL / MODE” repeatedly until “FAd” appears on the display. Then turn the knob to adjust the front/rear balance.

The display will show the range from “FAd-F7” to “FAd-R7”.

#### NOTICE

***Rear speaker has not been established on this vehicle, therefore, be sure to set the “front/rear adjustment” to the “FAd-F7”. When the “front/rear adjustment” is set to “FAd-F7”, the volume of the speaker becomes low. Also, setting it to “FAd-R7” may cause a bad effect such as no sound.***

For left/right adjustment, push “CONTROL / MODE” repeatedly until “BAL” appears on the display. Then turn the knob to adjust the left/right balance.

The display will show the range from “BAL-L7” to “BAL-R7”.

### CD (Compact Disc)

Push “CD” to switch from radio or cassette operation to compact disc operation. If the audio system is off, you can turn on the compact disc player by pushing “CD”. In both cases, a disc must already be loaded in the player.

When the audio is set into compact disc operation, the display shows the track or track and disc number currently being played. Each time you push “CD”, the system changes to the automatic changer.

If the player malfunctions, your audio system will display one of the six following error messages.

## MR2 U

If **“WAIT”** appears on the display, it indicates that the inside of the player unit may be too hot due to the very high ambient temperature. Remove the disc or magazine from the player and allow the player to cool down.

If **“Err 1”** appears on the display, it indicates the disc is dirty, damaged, or it was inserted up-side down. Clean the disc or insert it correctly.

If **“Err 2”** appears on the display, it indicates no disc is loaded inside the magazine. Insert a disc.

If **“Err 3”** or **“Err 4”** appears on the display, it indicates there is a trouble inside the system. Eject the disc or magazine. Set the disc or magazine again.

If **“OPEN”** appears on the display, it indicates the compact disc auto changer lid is open. Close the compact disc auto changer lid.

If the malfunction is not rectified, take your vehicle to your Toyota dealer.

### DISC $\vee/\wedge$

Compact disc auto changer only—

By using this button, you can select a disc you wish to listen to.

Push either side of the button until the number of the disc you want to listen to appears on the display.

### Dolby® $\square\square$ B NR\*

If you are listening to a tape that was recorded with Dolby® B Noise Reduction, push the button marked with the double-D symbol. The double-D symbol will appear on the display. Push the button again to turn off Dolby® B NR.

The Dolby NR mode reduces tape noise by about 10 dB. For best sound reproduction, play your tapes with this button on or off according to the mode used for recording the tape.

\*: Dolby noise reduction manufactured under license from Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation. “DOLBY” and the double D symbol  $\square\square$  are trademarks of Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.

### FM1-2

Push “FM1-2” to turn on the radio and select the FM band. “FM1” or “FM2” will appear on the display. This system allows you to set twelve FM stations, two for each button.

If the audio system is off, you can turn on the radio by pushing “FM1-2”. Also, push “FM1-2” to switch from cassette or compact disc operation to radio operation.

### PWR·VOL (Power and Volume)

Push “PWR·VOL” to turn the audio system on and off. Turn “PWR·VOL” to adjust the volume.

### RAND (Random)


There are two random features—you can either listen to the tracks on all the compact discs in the magazine in random order, or only listen to the tracks on a specific compact disc in random order.

To randomly play the tracks on a disc: Quickly push and release **“RAND”**. **“RAND”** will appear on the display. The disc you are listening to will play in random order. If you hear a beep, you held the button too long, and the player will play all the tracks in the magazine in random order. To turn off the random feature, push this button again.

## MR2 U


Compact disc auto changer only—

To randomly play all the tracks in the magazine:

Push and hold “**RAND**” until you hear a beep. “ **RAND**” will appear on the display and the player will perform all the tracks on all the discs in the magazine in random order. To turn off the random feature, push this button again.

### **RPT (Repeat)**

#### **Cassette Player**


Push “**RPT**” while the track is playing. “ **RPT**” will appear on the display. When the track ends, it will automatically be rewound and replayed. This process will be continued until you push the button again to turn off the repeat feature.

There must be at least 3 seconds of blank space between tracks in order for the repeat feature to work correctly.

#### **Compact Disc Player**


There are two repeat features—You can either replay a disc track or a whole compact disc.

Repeating a track:

Quickly push and release “**RPT**” while the track is playing. “ **RPT**” will appear on the display. If you hear a beep, you held the button too long, and the player will repeat the whole disc. When the track ends, it will automatically be replayed. This process will be continued until you push the button again to turn off the repeat feature.

Compact disc auto changer only—

Repeating a disc:

Push and hold “**RPT**” until you hear a beep. “ **RPT**” will appear on the display. The player will repeat all the tracks on the disc you are listening to. When the disc ends, the player will automatically go back to the top track of the disc and replay. This process will be continued until you push the button again to turn off the repeat feature.

#### **SCAN**

##### **Radio**

You can either scan all the frequencies on a band or scan only the preset stations for that band.

To scan the preset stations:

Push and hold “**SCAN**” until you hear a beep. The radio will tune in the next preset station up the band, stay there for 5 seconds, and then move to the next preset station. To select a station, push “**SCAN**” again.

To scan all the frequencies:

Quickly push and release “**SCAN**”. If you hear a beep, you held the button too long, and the radio will scan the preset stations. The radio will find the next station up the station band, stay there for 5 seconds, and then scan again. To select a station, push “**SCAN**” again.



## MR2 U


### Compact disc player

There are two scan features—you can either scan the tracks on a specific disc or scan the first tracks of all the discs in the magazine.

Scanning the tracks on a disc:  
Quickly push and release “SCAN”. “SCAN” will appear on the display and the player will scan all the tracks on the disc you are listening to. If you hear a beep, you held the button too long, and the player will scan the first track of all the discs in the magazine. To select a track, push “SCAN” again. If the player scanned all the tracks on the disc, it will stop scanning.

Compact disc auto changer only—

Scanning the first track of all the discs in the magazine:

Push “SCAN” until you hear a beep. “.SCAN” will appear on the display and the player will perform the first track of the next disc. To select a disc, push the “SCAN” again. If the player has scanned all the discs, it will stop scanning.

### SEEK (Seeking)

#### Radio

In the seek mode, the radio finds and plays the next station up or down the station band.

To seek a station, quickly push and release the “^” or “v” under the “SEEK”. Do this again to find another station.

#### Cassette Player

By using this button, you can skip up or down to a different track.

You can skip up to nine tracks at a time.

Push the up or down side of the button. “FF 1” or “REW 1” will appear on the display.

Next, push either side of the track button until the number on the display reaches the number of tracks you want to skip. If you push the button ten times, the skip feature will be turned off.

When counting the number of tracks you want to rewind, remember to count the current track as well. For example, if you want to rewind to a song that is two before the song you are listening to, push on the down side of the button until “REW 3” appears on the display.

If you have pushed the track button more than you wanted to, push the other side of the button. The track number will be reduced.

The track number you select is not valid if it is higher than the number of tracks remaining on the current cassette side.

- After the beginning of the tape is reached, the player will automatically start playing the same side.
- After the end of the tape is reached, the player will automatically reverse sides and start playing the other side.

There must be at least 3 seconds of blank space between tracks for the track button to work correctly. In addition, the feature may not work well with some spoken word, live, or classical recordings.

### ST (Stereo reception) display

Your radio automatically changes to stereo reception when a stereo broadcast is received. “ST” appears on the display. If the signal becomes weak, the radio reduces the amount of channel separation to prevent the weak signal from creating noise. If the signal becomes extremely weak, the radio switches from stereo to mono reception.

## MR2 U

### Car audio system operating hints

#### TAPE

Push "TAPE" to switch from radio or compact disc operation to cassette operation. If the audio system is off, you can turn on the cassette player by pushing "TAPE". In both cases, a cassette must already be loaded in the player.

#### TRACK (Track up/down button): Compact disc player

By using this button, you can skip up or down to a different track.

Push either side of the track button until the number of the track you want to listen to appears on the display. If you want to return to the beginning of the current track, push the down side of the button one time, quickly.

#### TUNE (Tuning)

Your Toyota has an electronic tuning radio (ETR). Turn the knob clockwise to step up the frequency. Turn the knob counterclockwise to step down the frequency.

#### NOTICE

**To ensure the correct audio system operation:**

- ◆ **Be careful not to spill beverages over the audio system.**
- ◆ **Do not put anything other than a cassette tape or Compact Disc into the slot.**
- ◆ **The use of cellular phone inside or near the vehicle may cause a noise from the speakers of the audio system which you are listening to. However, this does not indicate a malfunction.**

#### RADIO RECEPTION

Usually, a problem with radio reception does not mean there is a problem with your radio—it is just the normal result of conditions outside the vehicle.

For example, nearby buildings and terrain can interfere with FM reception. Power lines or telephone wires can interfere with AM signals. And of course, radio signals have a limited range. The farther you are from a station, the weaker its signal will be. In addition, reception conditions change constantly as your vehicle moves.

Here are some common reception problems that probably do not indicate a problem with your radio:

#### FM

Fading and drifting stations—Generally, the effective range of FM is about 40 km (25 miles). Once outside this range, you may notice fading and drifting, which increase with the distance from the radio transmitter. They are often accompanied by distortion.

Multi-path—FM signals are reflective, making it possible for two signals to reach your antenna at the same time. If this happens, the signals will cancel each other out, causing a momentary flutter or loss of reception.

Static and fluttering—These occur when signals are blocked by buildings, trees, or other large objects. Increasing the bass level may reduce static and fluttering.

Station swapping—If the FM signal you are listening to is interrupted or weakened, and there is another strong station nearby on the FM band, your radio may tune in the second station until the original signal can be picked up again.

## MR2 U

### AM

Fading—AM broadcasts are reflected by the upper atmosphere—especially at night. These reflected signals can interfere with those received directly from the radio station, causing the radio station to sound alternately strong and weak.

Station interference—When a reflected signal and a signal received directly from a radio station are very nearly the same frequency, they can interfere with each other, making it difficult to hear the broadcast.

Static—AM is easily affected by external sources of electrical noise, such as high tension power lines, lightening, or electrical motors. This results in static.

### CARING FOR YOUR CASSETTE PLAYER AND TAPES

For the best performance for your cassette player and tapes:

Clean the tape head and other parts regularly.

- A dirty tape head or tape path can decrease sound quality and tangle your cassette tapes. The easiest way to clean them is by using a cleaning tape. (A wet type is recommended.)

Use high-quality cassettes.

- Low-quality cassette tapes can cause many problems, including poor sound, inconsistent playing speed, and constant auto-reversing. They can also get stuck or tangled in the cassette player.
- Do not use a cassette if it has been damaged or tangled or if its label is peeling off.
- Do not leave a cassette in the player if you are not listening to it, especially if it is hot outside.
- Store cassettes in their cases and out of direct sunlight.
- Avoid using cassettes with a total playing time longer than 100 minutes (50 minutes per side). The tape used in these cassettes is thin and could get stuck or tangled in the cassette player.

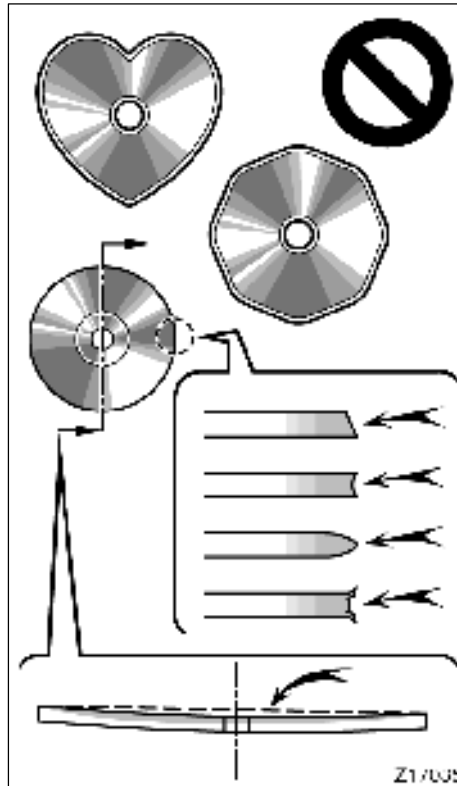


### CARING FOR YOUR COMPACT DISC PLAYER AND DISCS

- Use only compact discs labeled as shown.
- Extremely high temperatures can keep your compact disc player from working. On hot days, use the air conditioning to cool the vehicle interior before you listen to a disc.
- Bumpy roads or other vibrations may make your compact disc player skip.

## MR2 U

- If moisture gets into your compact disc player, you may not hear any sound even though your compact disc player appears to be working. Remove the disc from the player and wait until it dries.



- Your compact disc player cannot play special shaped or low-quality compact discs such as those shown here. Do not use them as the player could be damaged.
- Handle compact discs carefully, especially when you are inserting them. Hold them on the edge and do not bend them. Avoid getting fingerprints on them, particularly on the shiny side.
- Dirt, scrapes, warping, pin holes, or other disc damage could cause the player to skip or to repeat a section of a track. (To see a pin hole, hold the disc up to the light.)
- Remove discs from the compact disc player when you are not listening to them. Store them in their plastic cases away from moisture, heat, and direct sunlight.

To clean a compact disc: Wipe it with a soft, lint-free cloth that has been dampened with water. Wipe in a straight line from the center to the edge of the disc (not in circles). Dry it with another soft, lint-free cloth. Do not use a conventional record cleaner or anti-static device.

## MR2 U



### CAUTION

Compact disc players use an invisible laser beam which could cause hazardous radiation exposure if directed outside the unit. Be sure to operate the player correctly.

**MR2 U**

# ***SECTION 1-8***

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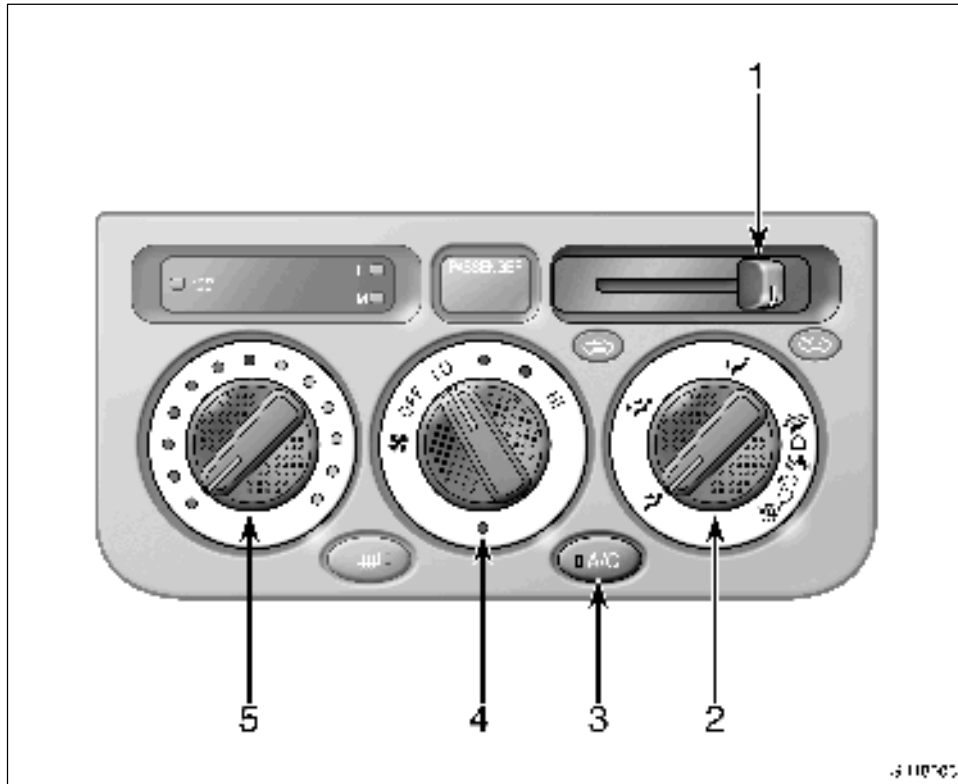
## **OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS**

### **Air conditioning system**

Controls .....	92
Air flow selector settings .....	95
Operating tips .....	95
Side vents .....	97

## MR2 U

### Controls



1. Air Intake Selector
2. Air Flow Selector
3. "A/C" Button
4. Fan Speed Selector
5. Temperature Selector



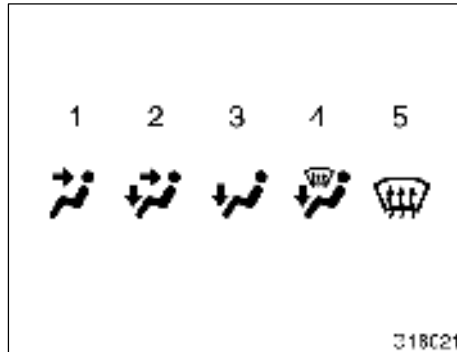
## MR2 U

### Fan speed selector

Turn the knob to adjust the fan speed—to the right to increase, to the left to decrease.

### Temperature selector

Turn the knob to adjust the temperature—to the right to warm, to the left to cool.



### Air flow selector

Turn the knob to select the vents used for air flow.

- 1. Panel**—Air flows mainly from the instrument panel vents.
- 2. Bi-level**—Air flows from both the floor vents and the instrument panel vents.
- 3. Floor**—Air flows mainly from the floor vents.

- 4. Floor/Windshield**—Air flows mainly from the floor vents and windshield vents.

Use with the air intake selector positioned in Fresh.

- 5. Windshield**—Air flows mainly from the windshield vents.

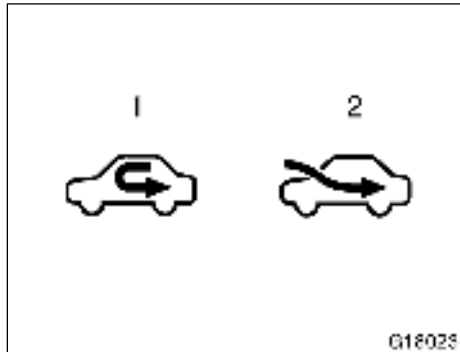
Use with the air intake selector positioned in Fresh.

For details about air flow selector settings, see the illustration after “A/C” button.

Turning the air flow control knob to windshield or floor/windshield position turns on the defroster-linked air conditioning. At this time, the “A/C” button indicator comes on regardless of whether or not the “A/C” button is pressed in. This is to clean up the front view more quickly.

When the “A/C” button is not pressed in, turning the air flow control knob to another position turns off the air conditioning.

## MR2 U



### Air intake selector

Move the lever to select the air source.

1. **Recirculate**—Recirculates the air inside the vehicle.
2. **Fresh**—Draws outside air into the system.

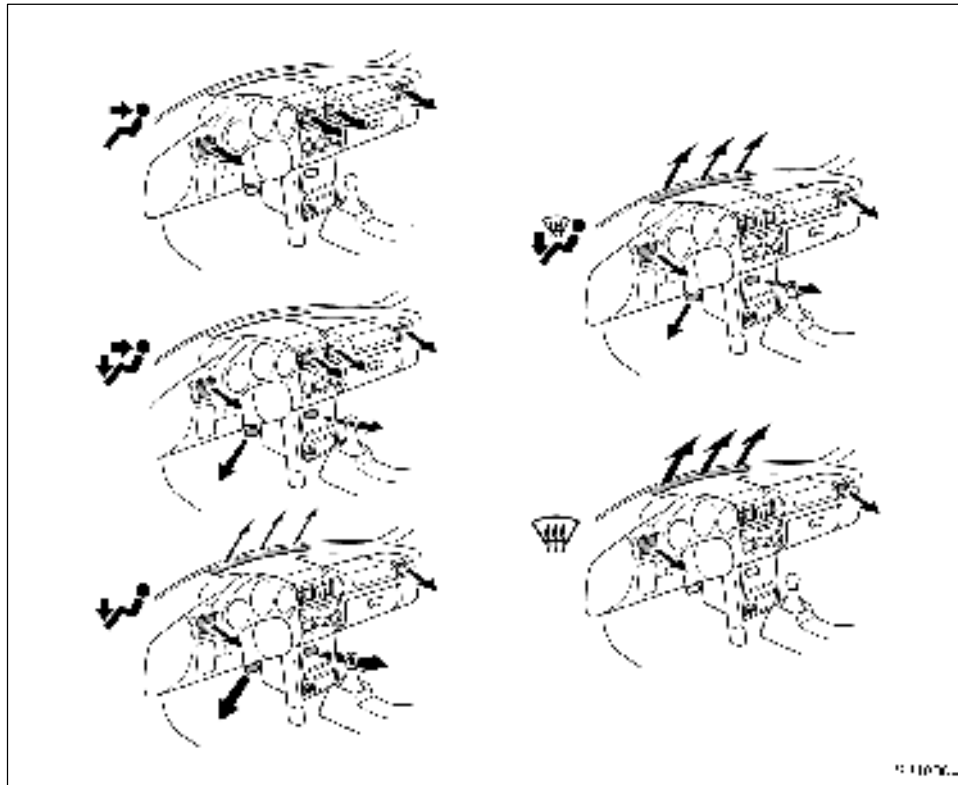
### “A/C” button

To turn on the air conditioning, press the “A/C” button. The “A/C” button indicator will come on. To turn the air conditioning off, press the button again.

If the “A/C” button indicator flashes, there is a problem in the air conditioning system and the air conditioning automatically shuts off. If this happens, take your vehicle to a Toyota dealer for service.

## MR2 U

### Air flow selector settings



### Operating tips

- To cool off your Toyota after it has been parked in the hot sun, drive with the windows open for a few minutes. This vents the hot air, allowing the air conditioning to cool the interior more quickly.
- Make sure the air intake grilles in front of the windshield are not blocked (by leaves or snow, for example).
- On humid days, do not blow cold air on the windshield. The windshield could fog up because of the difference in air temperature on the inside and outside of the windshield.
- Keep the area under the seats clear to allow air to circulate throughout the vehicle.
- On cold days, turn the fan speed to "HI" for a minute to help clear the intake ducts of snow or moisture. This can reduce the amount of fogging on the windows.
- When driving on dusty roads, close all windows. If dust thrown up by the vehicle is still drawn into the vehicle after closing the windows, it is recommended that the air intake selector be set to FRESH and the fan speed selector to any setting except "OFF".

## MR2 U

- If following another vehicle on a dusty road, or driving in windy and dusty conditions, it is recommended that the air intake selector be temporarily set to RECIRCULATE, which will close off the outside passage and prevent outside air and dust from entering the vehicle interior.

### Heating

For best results, set controls to:

**Fan speed**—Any setting except “OFF”  
**Temperature**—Towards **WARM**  
(red zone)  
**Air intake**—**FRESH** (outside air)  
**Air flow**—**FLOOR**  
**Air conditioning**—**OFF**

- For quick heating, select recirculated air for a few minutes. To keep the windows from fogging, select fresh after the vehicle interior has been warmed.
- Press the “A/C” button on for dehumidified heating.
- Choose floor/windshield air flow to heat the vehicle interior while defrosting or defogging the windshield.

### Air conditioning

For best results, set controls to:

**Fan speed**—Any setting except “OFF”  
**Temperature**—Towards **COLD**  
(blue zone)  
**Air intake**—**FRESH** (outside air)  
**Air flow**—**PANEL**  
**Air conditioning**—**ON**

- For quick cooling, move the air intake selector to recirculate for a few minutes.

### Ventilation

For best results, set controls to:

**Fan speed**—Any setting except “OFF”  
**Temperature**—Towards **COLD**  
(blue zone)  
**Air intake**—**FRESH** (outside air)  
**Air flow**—**PANEL**  
**Air conditioning**—**OFF**

## MR2 U

### Defogging

The inside of the windshield

For best results, set controls to:

**Fan speed**—Any setting except “OFF”  
**Temperature**—Towards **WARM**  
(red zone) to heat;  
**COLD** (blue zone) to cool  
**Air intake**—**FRESH** (outside air)  
**Air flow**—**WINDSHIELD**

Turning the air flow control knob to windshield position turns on the defroster-linked air conditioning. At this time, the “A/C” button indicator comes on regardless of whether or not the “A/C” button is pressed in. This is to clean up the front view more quickly.

When the “A/C” button is not pressed in, turning the air flow control knob to a position other than windshield or floor/windshield turns off the air conditioning.

- On humid days, do not blow cold air on the windshield—the difference between the outside and inside temperatures could make the fogging worse.

### Defrosting

The outside of the windshield

For best results, set controls to:

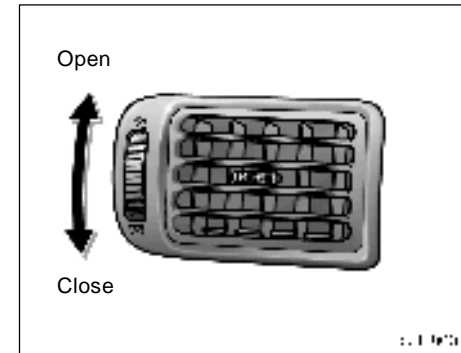
**Fan speed**—Any setting except “OFF”  
**Temperature**—Towards **WARM**  
(red zone)  
**Air intake**—**FRESH** (outside air)  
**Air flow**—**WINDSHIELD**

Turning the air flow control knob to windshield position turns on the defroster-linked air conditioning. At this time, the “A/C” button indicator comes on regardless of whether or not the “A/C” button is pressed in. This is to clean up the front view more quickly.

When the “A/C” button is not pressed in, turning the air flow control knob to a position other than windshield or floor/windshield turns off the air conditioning.

- To heat the vehicle interior while defrosting the windshield, choose floor/windshield air flow.

### Side vents



If air flow control is not satisfactory, check the side vents. The side vents may be opened or closed as shown.

**MR2 U**

## ***SECTION 1-9***

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### **OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS**

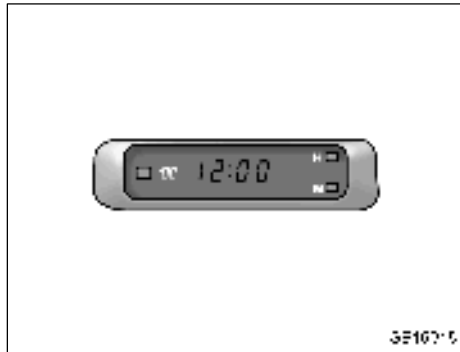
#### **Other equipment**

Clock .....	100
Cigarette lighter and ashtray .....	100
Glove box .....	101
Front box .....	101
Auxiliary box .....	102
Luggage space .....	103
Cup holders .....	105
Floor mat .....	105



## MR2 U

### Clock



**The digital clock indicates the time.**

The key must be in the "ACC" or "ON" position.

To reset the hour: Push the "H" button.

To reset the minutes: Push the "M" button.

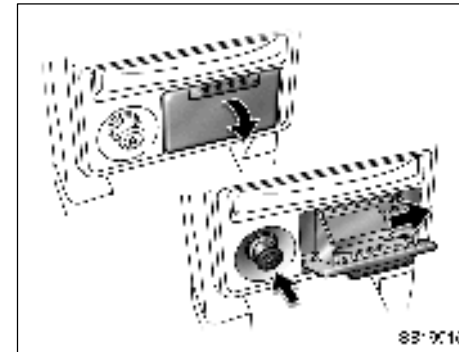
If quick adjustment to a full hour is desired, push the ":00" button.

For example, if the ":00" button is depressed when the time is between 1:01—1:29, the time will change to 1:00. If the time is between 1:30—1:59, the time will change to 2:00.

If the electrical power source has been disconnected from the clock, the time display will automatically be set to 1:00 (one o'clock).

When the instrument panel lights are turned on, the brightness of the time indication will be reduced.

### Cigarette lighter and ashtray



#### CIGARETTE LIGHTER

**To use the cigarette lighter, press it in. When it becomes heated, it automatically pops out ready for use.**

If the engine is not running, the key must be in the "ACC" position.

Do not hold the cigarette lighter pressed in.

Use a Toyota genuine cigarette lighter or equivalent for replacement.



## MR2 U

### ASHTRAY

**To use the ashtray, pull out the lid.**

When finished with your cigarette, thoroughly extinguish it in the ashtray to prevent other cigarette butts from catching fire. After using the ashtray, close the lid completely.

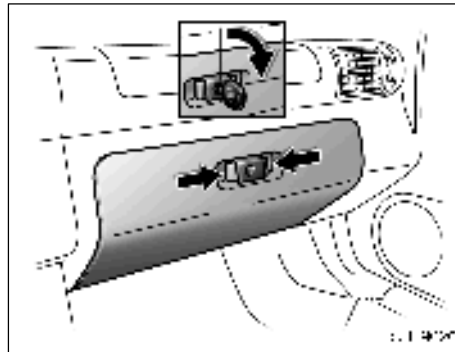
To remove the ashtray, pull the lid and pull it out.



#### CAUTION

To reduce the chance of injury in case of an accident or sudden stop while driving, always close the lid completely after using.

### Glove box



**To use the glove box, do this.**

To open: Compress the lock release buttons.

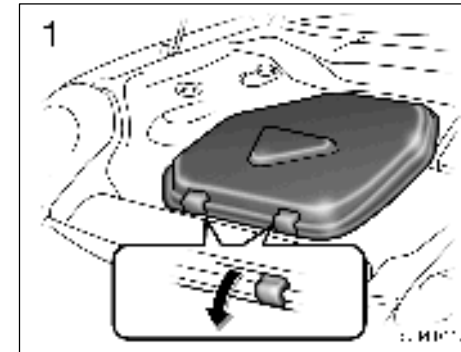
To lock: Insert the master key and turn it clockwise.



#### CAUTION

To reduce the chance of injury in case of an accident or a sudden stop, always keep the glove box door closed while driving.

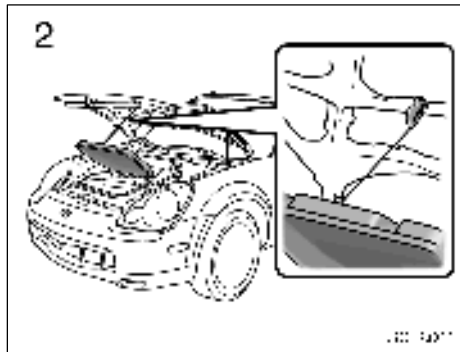
### Front box



**To use the front box in the trunk, do this.**

1. Open the trunk lid, and pull the lock release lever.

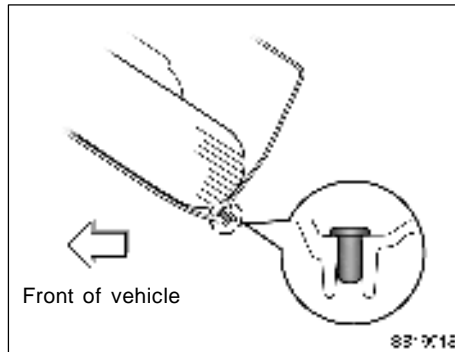
## MR2 U



2. Fix the cover by hitching the inside clip on the hood.

### NOTICE

- ◆ Do not place valuables in the front box to prevent robbery.
- ◆ Do not place anything which weighs over 5 kg (11 lb.) in the front box. If something weighs over 5 kg (11 lb.) is placed in the front box while driving, the front box may be damaged.
- ◆ Be sure to lock the cover securely when you close the trunk lid. If the cover is not securely locked, it may cause damage to the trunk lid.



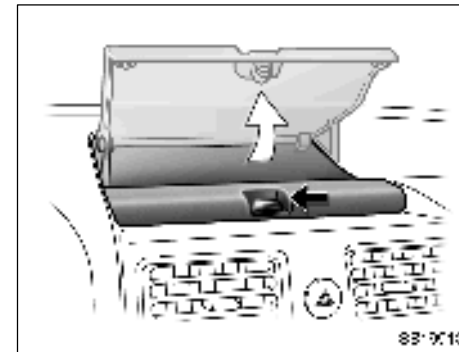
### DRAINAGE OF THE FRONT BOX

In case that the water is pooled inside the front box, remove the grommet on the bottom of the box to drain the water.

### NOTICE

Since the front box is not waterproof completely, it is possible for the things stored in the box to be drenched.

### Auxiliary box



### Instrument panel

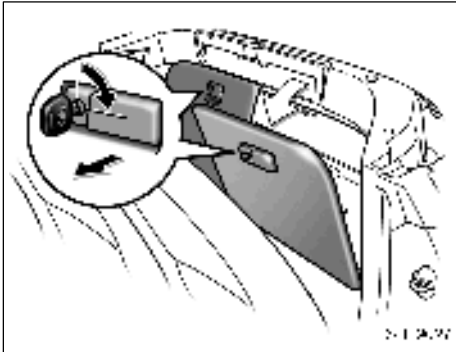
To use the box, open it as shown in the illustration.

### CAUTION

To reduce the chance of injury in case of an accident or a sudden stop, always keep the auxiliary box closed while driving.

## MR2 U

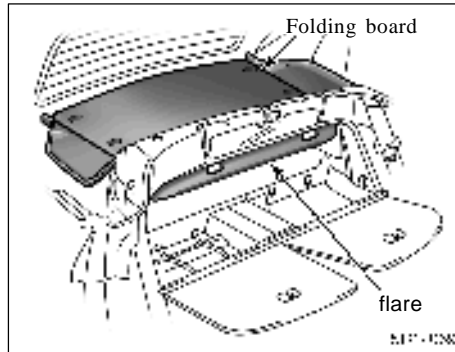
### Luggage space—



Lean the seatback forward to use the luggage space.

To open: Pull the lever.

To lock: Insert the master key and turn it clockwise.



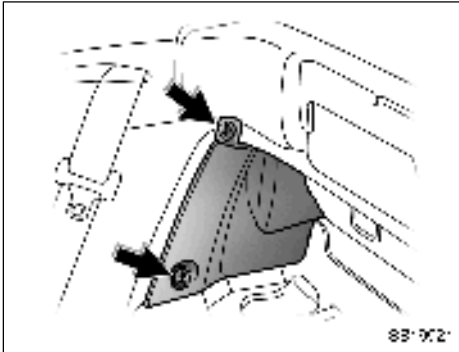
### CAUTION

To reduce the chance of injury in case of an accident or a sudden stop, always keep the luggage space door closed while driving.

### NOTICE

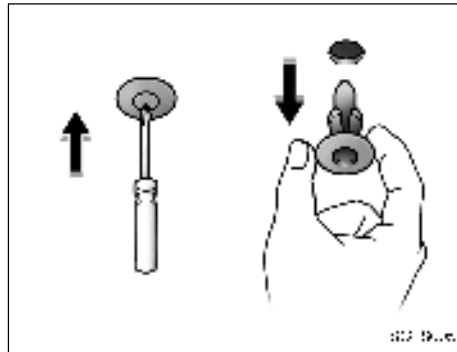
- ◆ Do not place valuables in the luggage space to prevent robbery.
- ◆ Do not lower the soft top while placing a luggage which is higher than the bottom edge of the flare inside the luggage space. The luggage may be damaged by hitting the folding board or the improperly folded soft top may flap in the wind and cause an accident.

## MR2 U

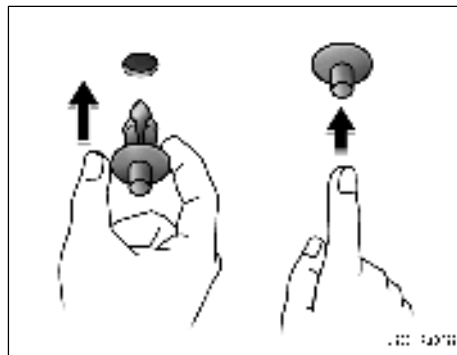


### When you load a long luggage

Remove the side trims on the both sides in the luggage space when you need to load a long luggage (except tapered things) such as a golf bag. The side trims can be removed by pulling the clips (at two places).



Removing clips



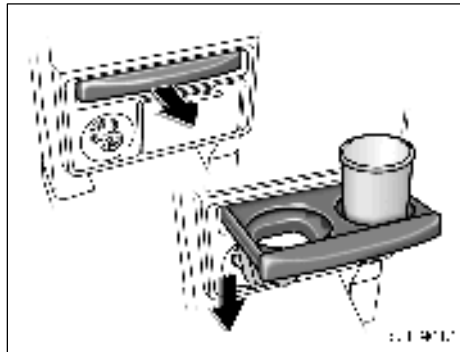
Installing clips

### NOTICE

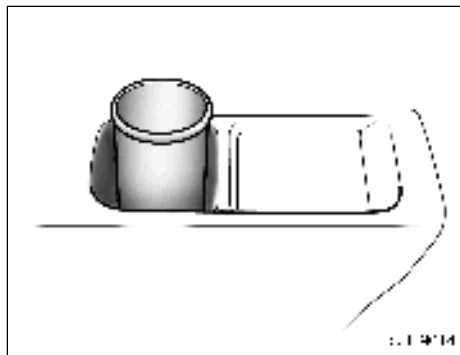
- ◆ Do not place tapered things or a long luggage into the luggage space. That may damage the water receiving bag installed behind the side trims.
- ◆ Do not lower the soft top with a long luggage loaded. The luggage may touch the lower portion of the soft top side rails and may be damaged.
- ◆ Never remove the side trims except when loading a long luggage. Otherwise, the luggage may move while driving and damage the water receiving bag or the luggage may be damaged when the soft top is opened.

## MR2 U

### Cup holders



Front



Center console

The cup holders are designed for holding cups or drink-cans securely in its holes.

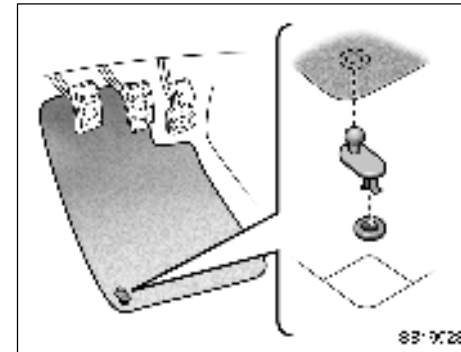
Front: To use the cup holders, pull them out.



#### CAUTION

- Do not place anything else other than cups or drink-cans on the cup holders, as such items may be thrown about in the compartment and possibly injure people in the vehicle during sudden braking or an accident.
- Front only: To reduce the chance of injury in case of an accident or a sudden stop while driving, keep the cup holder closed when it is not in use.

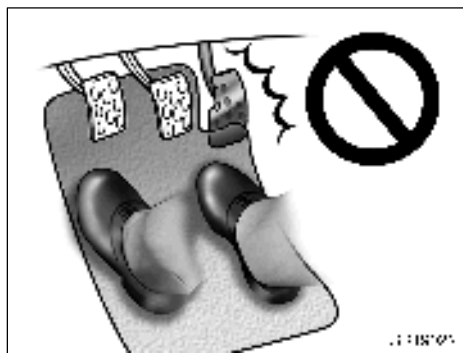
### Floor mat



Use a floor mat of the correct size.

If the floor carpet and floor mat have a hole, then it is designed for use with a locking clip. Fix the floor mat with locking clip into the hole in the floor carpet.

## MR2 U



### CAUTION

Make sure the floor mat is properly placed on the floor carpet. If the floor mat slips and interferes with the movement of the pedals during driving, it may cause an accident.

## SECTION 2

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### INFORMATION BEFORE DRIVING YOUR TOYOTA

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## MR2 U

### Break-in period

#### Drive gently and avoid high speeds.

Your vehicle does not need an elaborate break-in. But following a few simple tips for the first 1600 km (1000 miles) can add to the future economy and long life of your vehicle:

- Do not drive over 88 km/h (55 mph).
- Run the engine at moderate speed between 2000 and 4000 rpm.
- Avoid full-throttle starts.
- Try to avoid hard stops during the first 300 km (200 miles).
- Do not drive slowly with the manual transmission in a high gear.
- Do not drive for a long time at any single speed, either fast or slow.

### Fuel

#### FUEL TYPE

**Your new vehicle must use only unleaded gasoline.**

To help prevent gas station mix-ups, your Toyota has a smaller fuel tank opening. The special nozzle on pumps with unleaded fuel will fit it, but the larger standard nozzle on pumps with leaded gas will not.

At a minimum, the gasoline you use should meet specifications of ASTM D4814 in the U.S.A.

#### NOTICE

***Do not use leaded gasoline. Use of leaded gasoline will cause the three-way catalytic converter to lose its effectiveness and the emission control system to function improperly. Also, this can increase maintenance costs.***

#### OCTANE RATING

**Select Octane Rating 87 (Research Octane Number 91) or higher.**

Use of unleaded fuel with an octane number or rating lower than stated above will cause persistent heavy knocking. If severe, this will lead to engine damage.

#### If your engine knocks...

If you detect heavy knocking even when using the recommended fuel, or if you hear steady knocking while holding a steady speed on level roads, consult your Toyota dealer.

However, now and then, you may notice light knocking for a short time while accelerating or driving up hills. This is no need of concern.

#### GASOLINES CONTAINING DETERGENT ADDITIVES

**Toyota recommends the use of gasolines that contain detergent additives to avoid build-up of engine deposits.**

However, all gasoline sold in the U.S contains detergent additives to keep clean and/or clean intake systems.



## MR2 U

### QUALITY GASOLINE

Automotive manufacturers in the U.S., Europe and Japan have developed a specification for quality fuel named World-Wide Fuel Charter (WWFC) that is expected to be applied world wide. The WWFC consists of three categories that depend on required emission levels. In the U.S., category 3 has been adopted. The WWFC improves air quality by providing for better emissions in vehicle fleets, and customer satisfaction through better vehicle performance.

### CLEANER BURNING GASOLINE

**Cleaner burning gasoline, including reformulated gasoline that contains oxygenates such as ethanol or MTBE is available in many areas.**

Toyota recommends the use of cleaner burning gasoline and appropriately blended reformulated gasoline. These types of gasoline provide excellent vehicle performance, reduce vehicle emissions, and improve air quality.

### OXYGENATES IN GASOLINE

**Toyota allows the use of oxygenate blended gasoline where the oxygenate content is up to 10% ethanol or 15% MTBE. If you use gasohol in your Toyota, be sure that it has an octane rating no lower than 87.**

Toyota does not recommend the use of gasoline containing methanol.

### SULFUR IN GASOLINE

**If your vehicle is certified to California Emission Regulations, the vehicle is designed to operate on California cleaner burning gasoline (CBG) that contains lower sulfur. If you cannot use California CBG, your emission control system may suffer damage and turn on the Malfunction Indicator Lamp.**

If the malfunction is caused by the type of fuel used, repairs may not be covered by your warranty.

### GASOLINE CONTAINING MMT

**Some gasoline contain an octane enhancing additive called MMT (Methylcyclopentadienyl Manganese Tricarbonyl).**

Toyota does not recommend the use of gasoline that contains MMT. If fuel containing MMT is used, your emission control system may be adversely affected. The Malfunction Indicator Lamp on the instrument cluster may come on. If this happens, contact your Toyota dealer for service.

### GASOLINE QUALITY

In a very few cases, you may experience drivability problems caused by the particular gasoline that you are using. If you continue to have unacceptable drivability, try changing gasoline brands. If this does not rectify your problem, then consult your Toyota dealer.

## MR2 U

### NOTICE

- ◆ *Do not use gasohol other than stated above. It will cause fuel system damage or vehicle performance problems.*
- ◆ *If driveability problems occur (poor hot starting, vaporizing, engine knock, etc.), discontinue the use.*
- ◆ *Take care not to spill gasohol during refueling. Gasohol may cause paint damage.*

### FUEL TANK CAPACITY

48 L (12.7 gal., 10.6 Imp. gal.)

### Fuel pump shut off system

The fuel pump shut off system stops supplying fuel to the engine to minimize the risk of fuel leakage when the engine stalls or an airbag inflates upon collision. To restart the engine after the fuel pump shut off system activates, turn the ignition switch to "ACC" or "LOCK" once and start it.



### CAUTION

Inspect the ground under the vehicle before restarting the engine. If you find that liquid has leaked onto the ground, it is the fuel system has been damaged and it is in need of repair. In this case, do not restart the engine.

### Operation in foreign countries

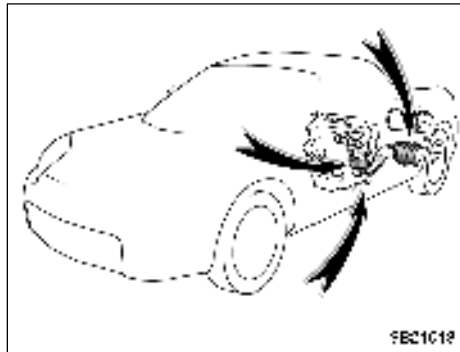
**If you plan to drive your Toyota in another country...**

**First**, comply with the vehicle registration laws.

**Second**, confirm the availability of the correct fuel (unleaded and minimum octane number).

## MR2 U

### Three-way catalytic converter



The three-way catalytic converter is an emission control device installed in the exhaust system.

Its purpose is to reduce pollutants in the exhaust gas.



#### CAUTION

- Keep people and combustible materials away from the exhaust pipe while the engine is running. The exhaust gas is very hot.
- Do not drive, idle or park your vehicle over anything that might burn easily such as grass, leaves, paper or rags.

#### NOTICE


A large amount of unburned gases flowing into the three-way catalytic converter may cause it to overheat and create a fire hazard. To prevent this and other damage, observe the following precautions:

- ◆ Use only unleaded gasoline.
- ◆ Do not drive with an extremely low fuel level; running out of fuel could cause the engine to misfire, creating an excessive load on the three-way catalytic converter.
- ◆ Do not allow the engine to run at idle speed for more than 20 minutes.
- ◆ Avoid racing the engine.
- ◆ Do not push-start or pull-start your vehicle.
- ◆ Do not turn off the ignition while the vehicle is moving.
- ◆ Keep your engine in good running order. Malfunctions in the engine electrical system, electronic ignition system/distributor ignition system or fuel system could cause an extremely high three-way catalytic converter temperature.

◆ If the engine becomes difficult to start or stalls frequently, take your vehicle in for a check-up as soon as possible. Remember, your Toyota dealer knows your vehicle and its three-way catalytic converter system best.

◆ To ensure that the three-way catalytic converter and the entire emission control system operate properly, your vehicle must receive the periodic inspections required by the Toyota Maintenance Schedule. For scheduled maintenance information, refer to the "Scheduled Maintenance Guide" or "Owner's Manual Supplement".

## Engine exhaust cautions

 **CAUTION**

- Avoid inhaling the engine exhaust. It contains carbon monoxide, which is a colorless and odorless gas. It can cause unconsciousness or even death.
- Make sure the exhaust system has no holes or loose connections. The system should be checked from time to time. If you hit something, or notice a change in the sound of the exhaust, have the system checked immediately.
- Do not run the engine in a garage or enclosed area except for the time needed to drive the vehicle in or out. The exhaust gases cannot escape, making this a particularly dangerous situation.
- Do not remain for a long time in a parked vehicle with the engine running. If it is unavoidable, however, do so only in an unconfined area and adjust the heating or cooling system to force outside air into the vehicle.

- To allow proper operation of your vehicle's ventilation system, keep the inlet grilles in front of the windshield clear of snow, leaves, or other obstructions.
- If you smell exhaust fumes in the vehicle, drive with the windows open. Have the cause immediately located and corrected.

## Facts about engine oil consumption

### FUNCTIONS OF ENGINE OIL

Engine oil has the primary functions of lubricating and cooling the inside of the engine, and plays a major role in maintaining the engine in proper working order.

### ENGINE OIL CONSUMPTION

It is normal that an engine should consume some engine oil during normal engine operation. The causes of oil consumption in a normal engine are as follows.

- Oil is used to lubricate pistons, piston rings and cylinders. A thin film of oil is left on the cylinder wall when a piston moves downwards in the cylinder. High negative pressure generated when the vehicle is decelerating sucks some of this oil into the combustion chamber. This oil as well as some part of the oil film left on the cylinder wall is burned by the high temperature combustion gases during the combustion process.
- Oil is also used to lubricate the stems of the intake valves. Some of this oil is sucked into the combustion chamber together with the intake air and is burned along with the fuel. High temperature exhaust gases also burn the oil used to lubricate the exhaust valve stems.

## MR2 U

**The amount of engine oil consumed depends on the viscosity of the oil, the quality of the oil and the conditions the vehicle is driven under.**

More oil is consumed by high-speed driving and frequent acceleration and deceleration.

A new engine consumes more oil, since its pistons, piston rings and cylinder walls have not become conditioned.

**When judging the amount of oil consumption, note that the oil may become diluted and make it difficult to judge the true level accurately.**

As an example, if a vehicle is used for repeated short trips, and consumes a normal amount of oil, the dipstick may not show any drop in the oil level at all, even after 1000 km (600 miles) or more. This is because the oil is gradually becoming diluted with fuel or moisture, making it appear that the oil level has not changed.

The diluting ingredients evaporate out when the vehicle is then driven at high speeds, as on an expressway, making it appear that oil is excessively consumed after driving at high speeds.

### IMPORTANCE OF ENGINE OIL LEVEL CHECK

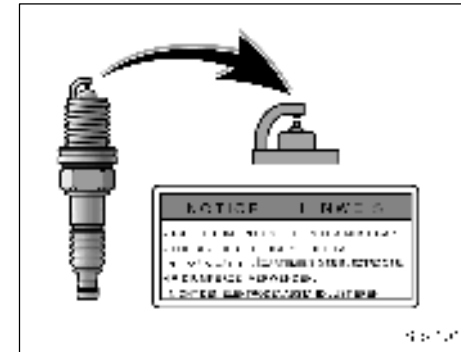
One of the most important points in proper vehicle maintenance is to keep the engine oil at the optimum level so that oil function will not be impaired. Therefore, it is essential that the oil level be checked regularly. Toyota recommends that the oil level be checked every time you refuel the vehicle.

#### NOTICE

***Failure to check the oil level regularly could lead to serious engine trouble due to insufficient oil.***

For detailed information on oil level check, see "Checking the engine oil level" in Section 7-2.

### Iridium-tipped spark plugs



Your engine is fitted with iridium-tipped spark plugs.

#### NOTICE

***Use only iridium-tipped spark plugs and do not adjust gaps for your engine performance and smooth driveability.***

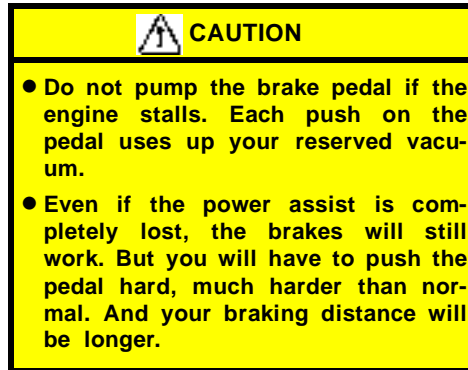
## Brake system

The tandem master cylinder brake system is a hydraulic system with two separate sub-systems. If either sub-system should fail, the other will still work. However, the pedal will be harder to press, and your stopping distance will be longer. Also, the brake system warning light may come on.



### BRAKE BOOSTER

The brake booster uses engine vacuum to power-assist the brakes. If the engine should quit while you are driving, you can bring the vehicle to a stop with normal pedal pressure. There is enough reserved vacuum for one or two stops but no more!



### ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM

**The anti-lock brake system is designed to automatically help prevent lock-up of the wheels during a sudden braking or braking on slippery road surfaces. This assists in providing directional stability and steering performance of the vehicle under these circumstances.**

#### Effective way to press the ABS brake pedal:

When the anti-lock brake system function is in action, you may feel the brake pedal pulsating and hear a noise. In this situation, to let the anti-lock brake system work for you, just hold the brake pedal, down more firmly. Do not pump the brake in a panic stop. This will result in reduced braking performance.

The anti-lock brake system becomes operative after the vehicle has accelerated to a speed in excess of approximately 10 km/h (6 mph). It stops operating when the vehicle decelerates to a speed below approximately 5 km/h (3 mph).

Depressing the brake pedal on slippery road surfaces such as on the manhole cover, the steel plate under the construction, joints in the bridge, etc. on a rainy day tends to activate the anti-lock brake system.

You may hear a click or motor sound in the engine compartment for a few seconds when the engine is started or just after the vehicle is started. This means that the anti-lock brake system is in the self check mode, and does not indicate a malfunction.

## MR2 U

When the anti-lock brake system is activated, the following conditions may occur. They do not indicate a malfunction of the system:

- You may hear the anti-lock brake system operating and feel the brake pedal pulsating and the vibrations of the vehicle body and steering wheel. You may also hear the motor sound in the engine compartment even after the vehicle is stopped.
- At the end of the anti-lock brake system activation, the brake pedal may move a little forward.



### CAUTION

Do not overestimate the anti-lock brake system: Although the anti-lock brake system assists in providing vehicle control, it is still important to drive with all due care and maintain a moderate speed and safe distance from the vehicle in front of you, because there are limits to the vehicle stability and effectiveness of steering wheel operation even with the anti-lock brake system on.

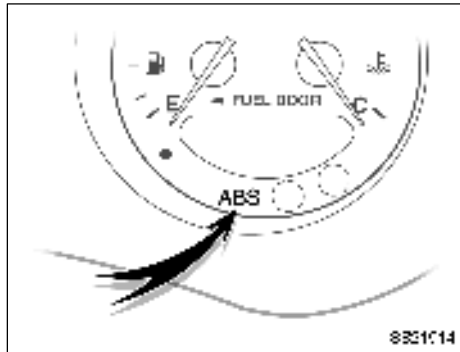
If tires grip performance exceeds its capability, or if hydroplaning occurs during high speed driving in the rain, the anti-lock brake system does not provide vehicle control.

Anti-lock brake system is not designed to shorten the stopping distance: Always drive at the moderate speed and maintain a safe distance from the vehicle in front of you. Compared with vehicles without an anti-lock brake system, your vehicle may require a longer stopping distance in the following cases:

- Driving on rough, gravel or snow-covered roads.
- Driving with tire chains installed.
- Driving over the steps such as the joints on the road.
- Driving on roads where the road surface is pitted or has other differences in surface height.

Install all 4 tires of specified size at appropriate pressure: The anti-lock brake system detects vehicle speeds using the speed sensors for respective wheels' turning speeds. The use of tires other than specified may fail to detect the accurate turning speed resulting in a longer stopping distance.

## MR2 U



### “ABS” warning light

The light comes on when the ignition key is turned to the “ON” position. If the anti-lock brake system works properly, the light turns off after a few seconds. Thereafter, if the system malfunctions, the light comes on again.

When the “ABS” warning light is on (and the brake system warning light is off), the anti-lock brake system does not operate, but the brake system still operates conventionally.

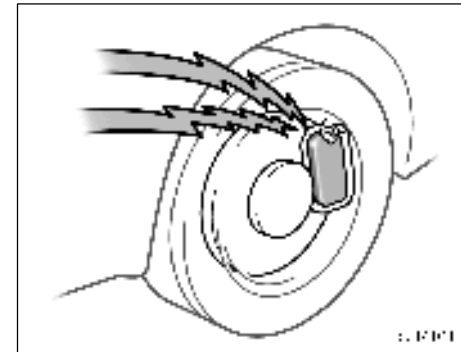
When the “ABS” warning light is on (and the brake system warning light is off), the anti-lock brake system does not operate so that the wheels could lock up during a sudden braking or braking on slippery road surfaces.

**If either of the following conditions occur, this indicates a malfunction somewhere in the parts monitored by the warning light system. Contact your Toyota dealer as soon as possible to service the vehicle.**

- The light does not come on when the ignition key is turned to the “ON” position, or remains on.
- The light comes on while you are driving.

A warning light fuming on briefly during operation does not indicate a problem.

### Brake pad wear limit indicators



**The brake pad wear limit indicators on your disc brakes give a warning noise when the brake pads are worn to where replacement is required.**

If you hear a squealing or scraping noise while driving, have the brake pads checked and replaced by your Toyota dealer as soon as possible. Expensive rotor damage can result if the pads are not replaced when necessary.



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### Luggage storage precautions

When stowing luggage or cargo in the vehicle, observe the following:

- Put luggage or cargo in the front box or luggage space when at all possible. Be sure all items are secured in place.
- Be careful to keep the vehicle balanced. Locating the weight as far forward as possible helps maintain balance.
- For better fuel economy, do not carry unneeded weight.



#### CAUTION

- Never allow anyone to ride in the luggage space. It is not designed for the passenger. The passenger should ride in the seat with the seat belt properly fastened. Severe injuries to an unrestrained passenger can occur during sudden braking or a collision.

- Do not drive with objects left on top of the instrument panel. They may interfere with the driver's field of view. Or they may move during sharp vehicle acceleration or turning, and impair the driver's control of the vehicle. In an accident they may injure the vehicle occupants.

### Limited-slip differential (on some models)

Some Toyotas are equipped with a limited-slip differential. If one of the rear wheels begins to spin, the limited-slip differential is designed to aid traction by automatically transmitting driving force to the other rear wheel. If you are not sure whether your vehicle is equipped with one, you can ask your Toyota dealer.



#### CAUTION

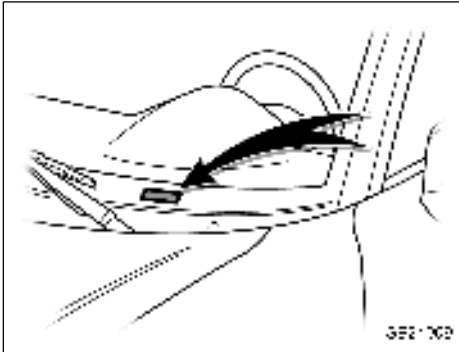
Do not start or run the engine while your vehicle is supported by a jack. The vehicle could be driven off the jack and could pose a danger or result in serious injury.

#### NOTICE

*Use only a compact spare tire of the same size, construction and load capacity as the original tires on your Toyota because damage to the limited-slip differential could possibly occur with another tire type.*

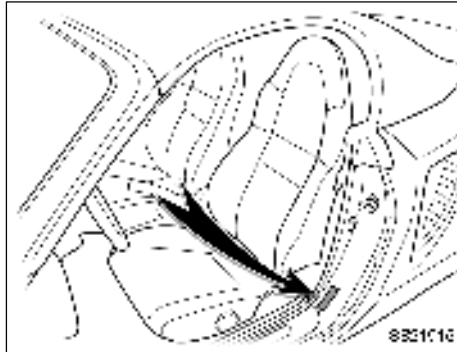
## MR2 U

### Your Toyota's identification— —Vehicle identification number



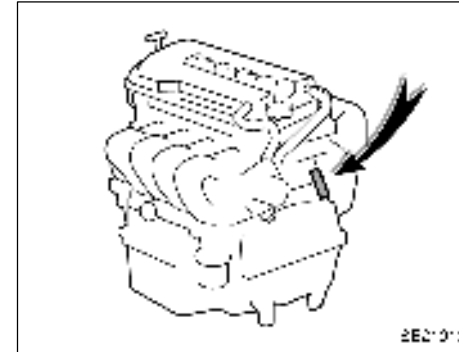
The vehicle identification number (VIN) is the legal identifier for your vehicle. This number is on the left top of the instrument panel, and can be seen through the windshield from outside.

This is the primary identification number for your Toyota. It is used in registering the ownership of your vehicle.



The vehicle identification number (VIN) is also on the Certification Label.

### —Engine number



The engine number is stamped on the engine block as shown.

### Theft prevention labels

Your new vehicle carries theft prevention labels which are approximately 56 mm (2.20 in.) by 16 mm (0.63 in.).

The purpose of these labels is to reduce the incidence of vehicle thefts by facilitating the tracing and recovery of parts from stolen vehicles. The label is designed so that once it is applied to a surface, any attempt to remove it will result in destroying the integrity of the label. Transferring these labels intact from one part to another, will be impossible.

**NOTICE**

*You should not attempt to remove the theft prevention labels as it may violate certain state or federal laws.*

### Suspension and chassis



**CAUTION**

**Do not modify the suspension/chassis with lift kits, spacers, springs, etc. It can cause dangerous handling characteristics, resulting in loss of control.**

### Types of tires

Determine what kind of tires your vehicle is originally equipped with.

#### Summer tires

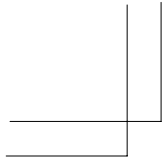
Summer tires are high-speed capability tires best suited to highway driving under dry conditions.

Since summer tires do not have the same traction performance as snow tires, summer tires are inadequate for driving on snow-covered or icy roads. For driving on snow-covered or icy roads, we recommend using snow tires. If installing snow tires, be sure to replace all four tires.

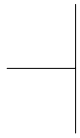
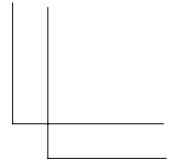


**CAUTION**

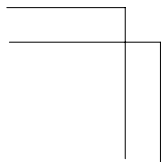
- **Do not mix summer and other tires on your vehicle as this can cause dangerous handling characteristics, resulting in loss of control.**
- **Do not use tires other than the manufacture's designated tires, and never mix tires or wheels of the sizes different from the originals.**



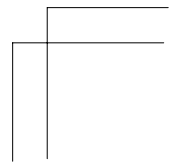
MR2 U



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2000 MR2 (OM17475U)



## **SECTION 3**

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### **STARTING AND DRIVING**

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## MR2 U

### Before starting the engine

1. Check the area around the vehicle before entering it.
2. Adjust seat position, seatback angle, seat cushion angle and steering wheel angle.
3. Adjust the inside and outside rear view mirrors.
4. Lock both the doors.
5. Fasten seat belts.

### How to start the engine— (a) Before cranking

1. Apply the parking brake firmly.
2. Turn off unnecessary lights and accessories.
3. Press the clutch pedal to the floor and shift the transmission into neutral. Hold the clutch pedal to the floor until the engine is started. A starter safety device will prevent the starter from operating if the clutch pedal is not fully depressed.

### (b) Starting the engine

Before starting the engine, be sure to follow the instructions in “(a) Before cranking”.

#### Normal starting procedure

The multiport fuel injection system/sequential multiport fuel injection system in your engine automatically controls the proper air–fuel mixture for starting. You can start a cold or hot engine as follows:

1. With your foot off the accelerator pedal, crank the engine by turning the key to “START”. Release it when the engine starts.
2. After the engine runs for about 10 seconds, you are ready to drive.

If the weather is below freezing, let the engine warm up for a few minutes before driving.

#### If the engine stalls...

Simply restart it, using the correct procedure given in normal starting.

#### If the engine will not start...

See “If your vehicle will not start—” in Section 4.

## MR2 U

### Tips for driving in various conditions

#### NOTICE

- ◆ **Do not crank for more than 30 seconds at a time. This may overheat the starter and wiring systems.**
- ◆ **Do not race a cold engine.**
- ◆ **If the engine becomes difficult to start or stalls frequently, have the engine checked immediately.**

- Always slow down in gusty crosswinds. This will allow you much better control.
- Drive slowly onto curbs and, if possible, at a right angle. Avoid driving onto high, sharp-edged objects and other road hazards. Failure to do so can lead to severe tire damage resulting in tire bursts.
- When parking on a hill, turn the front wheels until they touch the curb so that the vehicle will not roll. Apply the parking brake, and place the transmission in first or reverse. If necessary, block the wheels.
- Washing your vehicle or driving through deep water may get the brakes wet. To see whether they are wet, check that there is no traffic near you, and then press the pedal lightly. If you do not feel a normal braking force, the brakes are probably wet. To dry them, drive the vehicle cautiously while lightly pressing the brake pedal with the parking brake applied. If they still do not work safely, pull to the side of the road and call a Toyota dealer for assistance.

#### CAUTION

- **Before driving off, make sure that the parking brake is fully released and the parking brake reminder light is off.**
- **Do not leave your vehicle unattended while the engine is running.**
- **Do not rest your foot on the brake pedal while driving. It can cause dangerous overheating, needless wear, and poor fuel economy.**
- **To drive down a long or steep hill, reduce your speed and downshift. Remember, if you ride the brakes excessively, they may overheat and not work properly.**
- **Be careful when accelerating, upshifting, downshifting or braking on a slippery surface. Sudden acceleration or engine braking could cause the vehicle to spin or skid.**

## MR2 U

- Do not drive in excess of the speed limit. Even if the legal speed limit permits it, do not drive over 140 km/h (85 mph) unless your vehicle has high-speed capability tires. Driving over 140 km/h (85 mph) may result in tire failure, loss of control and possible injury. Be sure to consult a tire dealer to determine whether the tires on your vehicle are high-speed capability tires or not before driving at such speeds.
- Do not continue normal driving when the brakes are wet. If they are wet, your vehicle will require a longer stopping distance, and it may pull to one side when the brakes are applied. Also, the parking brake will not hold the vehicle securely.

### Winter driving tips

**Make sure you have a proper freeze protection of engine coolant.**

Your coolant must contain ethylene-glycol type coolant for a proper corrosion protection of aluminum components. Use "TOYOTA Long Life Coolant" or equivalent.

See Section 7-2 for details about coolant type selection.

#### **NOTICE**

***Do not use alcohol type antifreeze or plain water alone.***

When it is extremely cold, we recommend to use 60% solution for your Toyota, to provide protection down to about  $-50^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-58^{\circ}\text{F}$ ). Do not use more than 70% solution for better coolant performance.

**Check the condition of the battery and cables.**

Cold temperatures reduce the capacity of any battery, so it must be in top shape to provide enough power for winter starting. Section 7-3 tells you how to visually inspect the battery. Your Toyota dealer and most service stations will be pleased to check the level of charge.

**Make sure the engine oil viscosity is suitable for the cold weather.**

See Section 7-2 for recommended viscosity. Leaving a heavy summer oil in your vehicle during winter months may cause harder starting. If you are not sure about which oil to use, call your Toyota dealer—he will be pleased to help.

**Keep the door locks from freezing.**

Squirt lock de-icer or glycerine into the locks to keep them from freezing.

**Use a washer fluid containing an anti-freeze solution.**

This product is available at your Toyota dealer and most auto parts stores. Follow the manufacturer's directions for how much to mix with water.

#### **NOTICE**

***Do not use engine antifreeze or any other substitute because it may damage your vehicle's paint.***



## MR2 U

**Do not use your parking brake when there is a possibility it could freeze.**

When parking, put the transmission into first or reverse and block the rear wheels. Do not use the parking brake, or snow or water accumulated in and around the parking brake mechanism may freeze, making it hard to release.

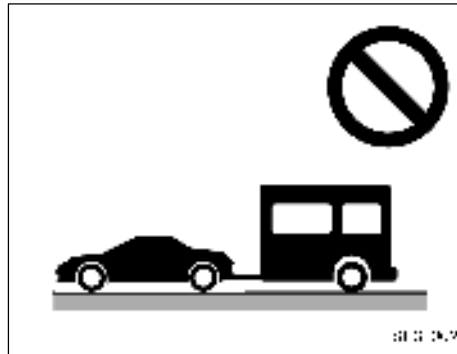
**Keep ice and snow from accumulating under the fenders.**

Ice and snow built up under your fenders can make steering difficult. During bad winter driving, stop and check under the fenders occasionally.

**Depending on where you are driving, we recommend you carry some emergency equipment.**

Some of the things you might put in the vehicle are tire chains, window scraper, bag of sand or salt, flares, small shovel, jumper cables, etc.

### Trailer towing



Toyota does not recommend towing a trailer with your MR2. It is not designed for trailer towing.

### How to save fuel and make your vehicle last longer, too

Getting more kilometers/mileage from a liter/gallon of fuel is easy—just take it easy. It will help make your vehicle last longer, too. Here are some specific tips on how to save money on both fuel and repairs:

- **Keep your tires inflated at the correct pressure.** Underinflation causes tire wear and wastes fuel. See Section 7-2 for instructions.
- **Do not carry unneeded weight in your vehicle.** Excess weight puts a heavier load on the engine, causing greater fuel consumption.
- **Avoid lengthy warm-up idling.** Once the engine is running smoothly, begin driving—but gently. Remember, however, that on cold winter days this may take a little longer.
- **Accelerate slowly and smoothly.** Avoid jackrabbit starts. Get into high gear as quickly as possible.
- **Avoid long engine idling.** If you have a long wait and you are not in traffic, it is better to turn off the engine and start again later.
- **Avoid engine lugging or over-revving.** Use a gear position suitable for the road on which you are travelling.

## MR2 U

- **Avoid continuous speeding up and slowing down.** Stop-and-go driving wastes fuel.
- **Avoid unnecessary stopping and braking.** Maintain a steady pace. Try to time the traffic signals so you only need to stop as little as possible or take advantage of through streets to avoid traffic lights. Keep a proper distance from other vehicles to avoid sudden braking. This will also reduce wear on your brakes.
- **Avoid heavy traffic or traffic jams whenever possible.**
- **Do not rest your foot on the clutch or brake pedal.** This causes premature wear, overheating and poor fuel economy.
- **Maintain a moderate speed on highways.** The faster you drive, the greater the fuel consumption. By reducing your speed, you will cut down on fuel consumption.
- **Keep the front wheels in proper alignment.** Avoid hitting the curb and slow down on rough roads. Improper alignment not only causes faster tire wear but also puts an extra load on the engine, which, in turn, wastes fuel.
- **Keep the bottom of your vehicle free from mud, etc.** This not only lessens weight but also helps prevent corrosion.
- **Keep your vehicle tuned-up and in top shape.** A dirty air cleaner, improper valve clearance, dirty plugs, dirty oil and grease, brakes not adjusted, etc. all lower engine performance and contribute to poor fuel economy. For longer life of all parts and lower operating costs, keep all maintenance work on schedule, and if you often drive under severe conditions, see that your vehicle receives more frequent maintenance. (For scheduled maintenance information, please refer to the "Scheduled Maintenance Guide" or "Owner's Manual Supplement").



### CAUTION

**Never turn off the engine to coast down hills. Your power steering and brake booster will not function without the engine running. Also, the emission control system operates properly only when the engine is running.**

## **SECTION 4**

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### **IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY**

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If you lose your keys .....	144

## MR2 U

### If your vehicle will not start— (a) Simple checks

Before making these checks, make sure you have followed the correct starting procedure given in “How to start the engine” in Section 3 and that you have sufficient fuel. Also check whether the other keys will start the engine. If they work, your key may be broken. Have the key checked at your Toyota dealer. If none of your keys work, the engine immobiliser system is possibly broken. Call your Toyota dealer. (See “Keys” in Section 1–2.)

#### If the engine is not turning over or is turning over too slowly—

1. Check that the battery terminals are tight and clean.
2. If the battery terminals are O.K., switch on the interior light.
3. If the light is out, dim or goes out when the starter is cranked, the battery is discharged. You may try jump starting. See “(c) Jump starting” for further instructions.

If the light is O.K., but the engine still will not start, it needs adjustment or repair. Call a Toyota dealer or qualified repair shop.

#### NOTICE

*Do not pull– or push–start the vehicle. It may damage the vehicle or cause a collision when the engine starts. Also the three–way catalytic converter may overheat and become a fire hazard.*

#### If the engine turns over at its normal speed but will not start—

1. The engine may be flooded because of repeated cranking. See “(b) Starting a flooded engine” for further instructions.
2. If the engine still will not start, it needs adjustment or repair. Call a Toyota dealer or qualified repair shop.

### (b) Starting a flooded engine

If the engine will not start, your engine may be flooded because of repeated cranking.

If this happens, turn the key to “START” with the accelerator pedal held down. Keep the key and accelerator pedal in these positions for 15 seconds and release them. Then try starting the engine with your foot off the accelerator pedal.

If the engine does not start after 15 seconds of cranking, release the key, wait a few minutes and try again.

If the engine still will not start, it needs adjustment or repair. Call a Toyota dealer or qualified repair shop for assistance.

#### NOTICE


*Do not crank for more than 30 seconds at a time. This may overheat the starter and wiring systems.*

## MR2 U

### (c) Jump starting

To avoid serious personal injury and damage to your vehicle which might result from battery explosion, acid burns, electrical burns, or damaged electronic components, these instructions must be followed precisely.

If you are unsure about how to follow this procedure, we strongly recommend that you seek the help of a competent mechanic or towing service.

 <b>CAUTION</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Batteries contain sulfuric acid which is poisonous and corrosive. Wear protective safety glasses when jump starting, and avoid spilling acid on your skin, clothing, or vehicle.</li><li>● If you should accidentally get acid on yourself or in your eyes, remove any contaminated clothing and flush the affected area with water immediately. Then get immediate medical attention. If possible, continue to apply water with a sponge or cloth while en route to the medical office.</li></ul>

● The gas normally produced by a battery will explode if a flame or spark is brought near. Use only standardized jumper cables and do not smoke or light a match while jump starting.

#### NOTICE

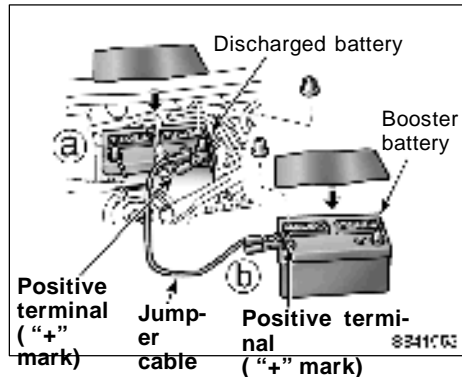
*The battery used for boosting must be 12 V. Do not jump start unless you are sure that the booster battery is correct.*

#### JUMP STARTING PROCEDURE

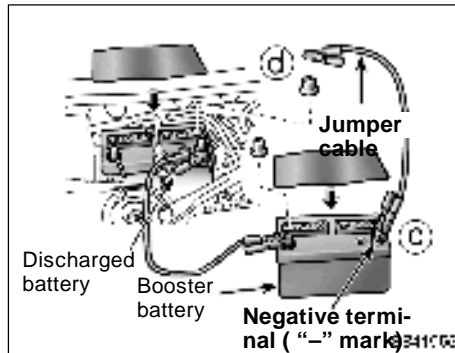
1. If the booster battery is installed in another vehicle, make sure the vehicles are not touching. Turn off all unnecessary lights and accessories.
2. If required, remove all the vent plugs from the booster and discharged batteries. Lay a cloth over the open vents on the batteries. (This helps reduce the explosion hazard, personal injuries and burns.)

3. If the engine in the vehicle with the booster battery is not running, start it and let it run for a few minutes. During jump starting, run the engine at about 2000 rpm with the accelerator pedal lightly depressed.

## MR2 U

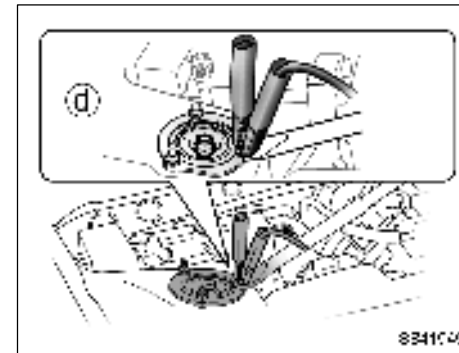


4. Make the cable connections in the order a, b, c, d.
- Connect the clamp of the positive (red) jumper cable to the positive (+) terminal on the discharged battery.
  - Connect the clamp at the other end of the positive (red) jumper cable to the positive (+) terminal on the booster battery.



- Connect the clamp of the negative (black) jumper cable to the negative (-) terminal on the booster battery.
- Connect the clamp at the other end of the negative (black) jumper cable to a solid, stationary, unpainted, metallic point of the vehicle with the discharged battery.

The recommended connecting point is shown in the following illustration:



Connecting point

Do not connect the cable to or near any part that moves when the engine is cranked.

### CAUTION

When making the connections, to avoid serious injury, do not lean over the battery or accidentally let the jumper cables or clamps touch anything except the correct battery terminals or the ground.

## MR2 U

### If your engine stalls while driving

5. Start your engine in the normal way. After starting, run it at about 2000 rpm for several minutes with the accelerator pedal lightly depressed.
6. Carefully disconnect the cables in the exact reverse order: the negative cable and then the positive cable.
7. Carefully dispose of the battery cover cloths—they may now contain sulfuric acid.
8. If removed, replace all the battery vent plugs.

If the cause of your battery discharging is not apparent (for example, lights left on), you should have it checked.

If your engine stalls while driving...

1. Reduce your speed gradually, keeping a straight line. Move cautiously off the road to a safe place.
2. Turn on your emergency flashers.
3. Turn the ignition key to "ACC" or "LOCK", and try starting the engine again.

If the engine will not start, see "If your vehicle will not start—" in this Section.



#### CAUTION

**If the engine is not running, the power assist for the brakes and steering will not work so steering and braking will be much harder than usual.**

### If your vehicle overheats

**If your engine coolant temperature gauge indicates overheating, if you experience a loss of power, or if you hear a loud knocking or pinging noise, the engine has probably overheated. You should follow this procedure...**

1. Pull safely off the road, stop the vehicle and turn on your emergency flashers. Put the transmission in neutral and apply the parking brake. Turn off the air conditioning if it is being used.
2. If coolant or steam is boiling out of the radiator or reservoir, stop the engine. Wait until the steam subsides before opening the hood. If there is no coolant boiling over or steam, leave the engine running and make sure the electric cooling fan is operating. If it is not, turn the ignition off.



#### CAUTION

**To help avoid personal injury, keep the hood closed until there is no steam. Escaping steam or coolant is a sign of very high pressure.**

## MR2 U

3. Look for obvious coolant leaks from the radiator, hoses, and under the vehicle. However, note that water draining from the air conditioning is normal if it has been used.



### CAUTION

**When the engine is running, keep hands and clothing away from the moving fan and engine drive belts.**

4. If the coolant is leaking, stop the engine immediately. Call a Toyota dealer for assistance.
5. If there are no obvious leaks, check the coolant reservoir. If it is dry, add coolant to the reservoir while the engine is running. Fill it about half full.



### CAUTION

**Do not attempt to remove the coolant reservoir cap or air release valve when the engine and radiator are hot. Serious injury could result from scalding hot fluid and steam blown out under pressure.**

6. After the engine coolant temperature has cooled to normal, again check the coolant level in the reservoir. If necessary, bring it up to half full again. Serious coolant loss indicates a leak in the system. You should have it checked as soon as possible at your Toyota dealer.

### If you have a flat tire—

1. Reduce your speed gradually, keeping a straight line. Move cautiously off the road to a safe place well away from the traffic. Avoid stopping on the center divider of a highway. Park on a level spot with firm ground.
2. Stop the engine and turn on your emergency flashers.
3. Firmly set the parking brake and put the transmission lever in reverse position.
4. Have everyone get out of the vehicle on the side away from traffic.
5. Read the following instructions thoroughly.



### CAUTION

**When jacking, be sure to observe the following to reduce the possibility of personal injury:**

- Follow jacking instructions.
- Do not put any part of your body under the vehicle supported by the jack. Personal injury may occur.
- Do not start or run the engine while your vehicle is supported by the jack.

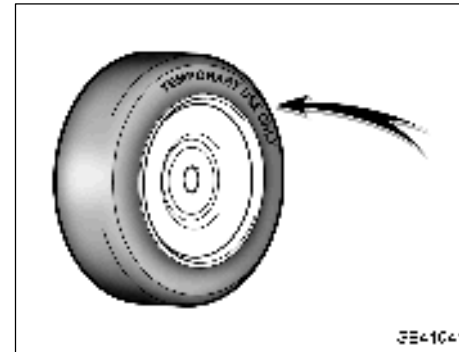


## MR2 U

- Stop the vehicle on a level firm ground, firmly set the parking brake and put the transmission in reverse. Block the wheel diagonally opposite to the one being changed if necessary.
- Make sure to set the jack properly in the jack point. Raising the vehicle with jack improperly positioned will damage the vehicle or may allow the vehicle to fall off the jack and cause personal injury.
- Never get under the vehicle when the vehicle is supported by the jack alone.
- Use the jack only for lifting your vehicle during wheel changing.
- Do not raise the vehicle with someone in the vehicle.
- When raising the vehicle, do not put an object on or under the jack.
- Raise the vehicle only high enough to remove and change the tire.

### NOTICE

*Do not continue driving with a deflated tire. Driving even a short distance can damage a tire and wheel beyond repair.*



### Compact spare tire

**The compact spare tire is designed for temporary emergency use only.**

The compact spare tire is identified by the distinctive wheel design and color and special wording "TEMPORARY USE ONLY" molded into the side wall of the tire.

The standard tire should be repaired and replaced as soon as possible.

The compact spare tire saves space in your trunk, and its lighter weight helps to improve fuel economy and permits easier installation in case of a flat tire.

## MR2 U

The compact spare tire can be used many times, if necessary. It has tread life of up to 4800 km (3000 miles) depending on road conditions and your driving habits. When tread wear indicators appear on the tire, replace the tire.

See also the tire section in Section 7-2 for details on the tread wear indicators and other service information.



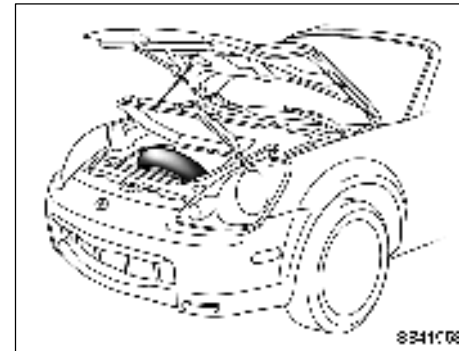
### CAUTION

- The compact spare tire was designed especially for your Toyota. Do not use it on any other vehicle.
- Do not exceed 80 km/h (50 mph) when driving with the compact spare tire.
- Avoid sudden acceleration, sudden deceleration and sharp turns with the compact spare tire.

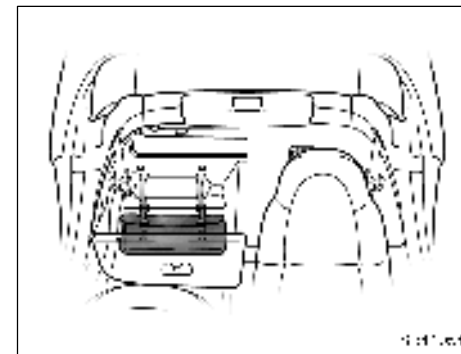
### NOTICE

*Your ground clearance is reduced when the compact spare tire is installed so avoid driving over obstacles and drive slowly on rough, unpaved roads and speed bumps. Also, do not attempt to go through an automatic car wash as the vehicle may get caught, resulting in damage.*

### —Required tools and compact spare tire



Compact spare tire



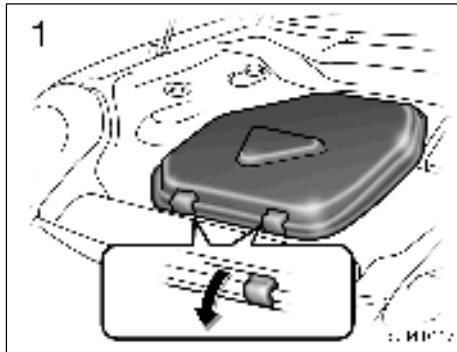
Tool bag

## MR2 U

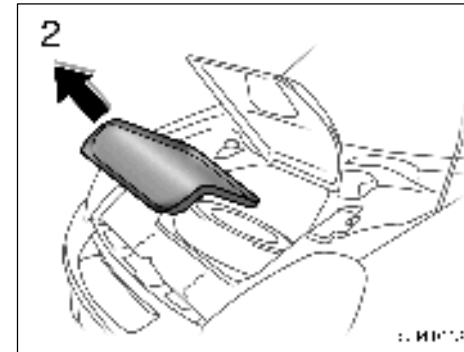
### 1. Get the tool bag and compact spare tire.

You will find a jack in the tool bag.

To prepare yourself for an emergency, you should familiarize yourself with the use of the jack, each of the tools and their storage locations.

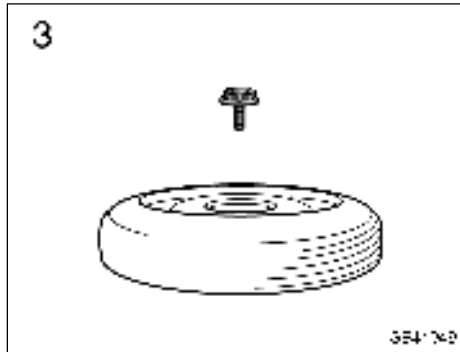


To remove the compact spare tire:  
1. Open the front box cover in the trunk.



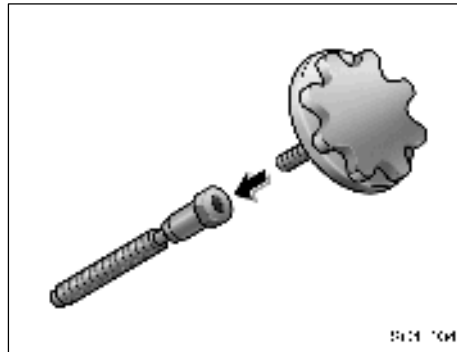
2. Remove the front luggage tray.

## MR2 U



3. Loosen the bolt and remove it. Then take the compact spare tire out of the vehicle.

When storing the compact spare tire, put it in place with the outer side of the wheel facing up. Then secure the tire by repeating the above removal steps in reverse order to prevent it from flying forward during a collision or sudden braking.

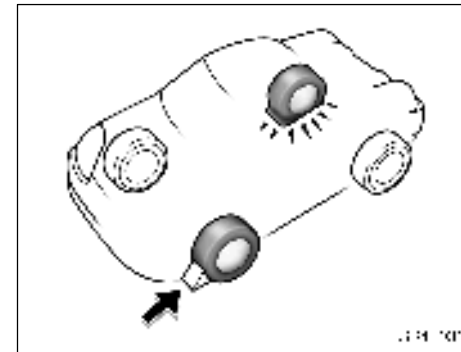


When you store the replaced flat ground tire in the place where the compact spare tire was loaded, install the spare wheel extension to the spare wheel clamp.

### NOTICE

*The replaced ground tire should be fixed steadily by the spare wheel clamp or it may damage the vehicle's body.*

### —Blocking the wheel

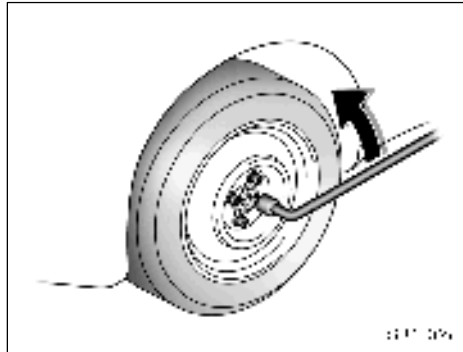


2. Block the wheel diagonally opposite the flat tire to keep the vehicle from rolling when it is jacked up.

When blocking the wheel, place a wheel block from the front for the front wheels or from the rear for the rear wheels.

## MR2 U

### —Loosening wheel nuts



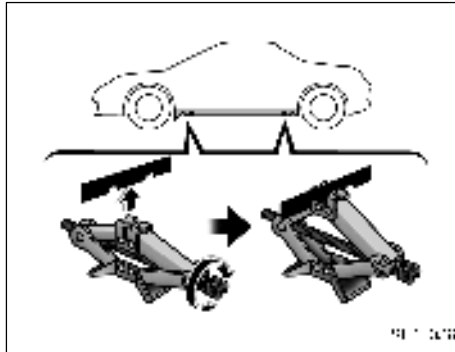
#### **3. Loosen all the wheel nuts.**

Always loosen the wheel nuts before raising the vehicle.

Turn the wheel nuts counterclockwise to loosen. To get maximum leverage, fit the wrench to the nut so that the handle is on the right side, as shown above. Grab the wrench near the end of the handle and pull up on the handle. Be careful that the wrench does not slip off the nut.

Do not remove the nuts yet—just unscrew them about one-half turn.

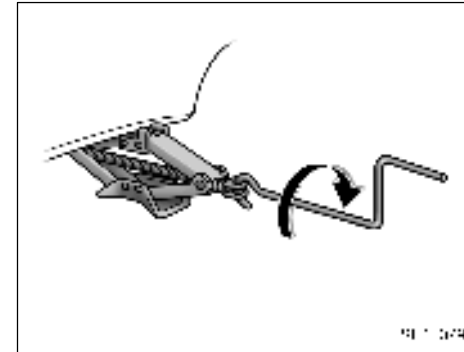
### —Positioning the jack



#### **4. Position the jack at the correct jack point as shown.**

Make sure the jack is positioned on a level and solid place.

### —Raising your vehicle



#### **5. After making sure that no one is in the vehicle, raise it high enough so that the compact spare tire can be installed.**

Remember you will need more ground clearance when putting on the compact spare tire than when removing the flat tire.

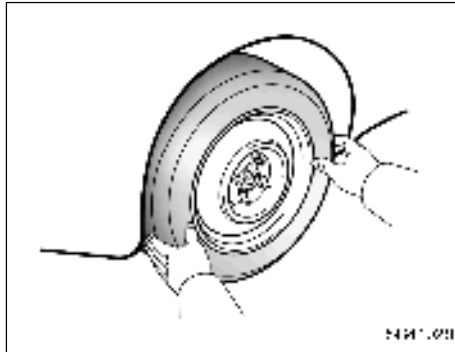
To raise the vehicle, insert the jack handle into the jack (it is a loose fit) and turn it clockwise. As the jack touches the vehicle and begins to lift, double-check that it is properly positioned.

## MR2 U

### —Changing wheels

 **CAUTION**

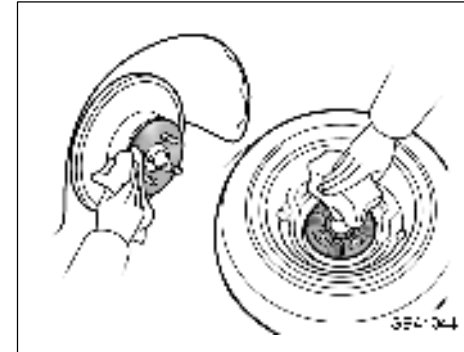
Never get under the vehicle when the vehicle is supported by the jack alone.



#### 6. Remove the wheel nuts and change tires.

Lift the flat tire straight off and put it aside.

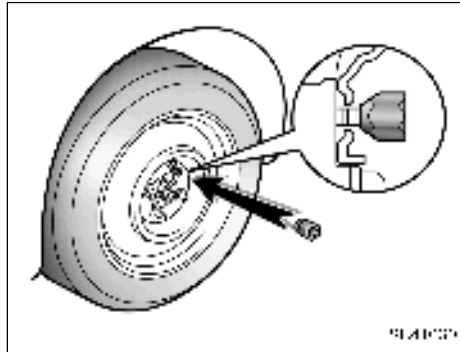
Roll the compact spare wheel into position and align the holes in the wheel with the bolts. Then lift up the wheel and get at least the top bolt started through its hole. Wiggle the tire and press it back over the other bolts.



Before putting wheels on, remove any corrosion on the mounting surfaces with a wire brush or such. Installation of wheels without good metal-to-metal contact at the mounting surface can cause wheel nuts to loosen and eventually cause a wheel to come off while driving. Therefore after the first 1600 km (1000 miles), check to see that the wheel nuts are tight.

## MR2 U

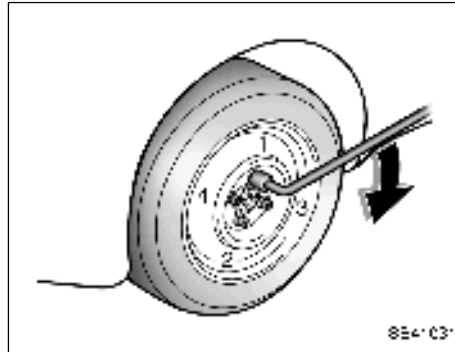
### —Reinstalling wheel nuts



#### 7. Reinstall all the wheel nuts with finger tight.

Reinstall the wheel nuts (tapered end inward) and tighten them as much as you can by finger. Press back on the tire back and see if you can tighten them more.

### —Lowering your vehicle



#### 8. Lower the vehicle completely and tighten the wheel nuts.

Turn the jack handle counterclockwise to lower the vehicle.

Use only the wheel nut wrench and turn it clockwise to tighten the nuts. Do not use other tools or any additional leverage other than your hands, such as a hammer, pipe or your foot. Make sure the wrench is securely engaged over the nut.

Tighten each nut a little at a time in the order shown. Repeat the process until all the nuts are tight.

### CAUTION

When lowering the vehicle, make sure all portions of your body and all other persons around will not be injured as the vehicle is lowered to the ground.

## MR2 U

### —After changing wheels

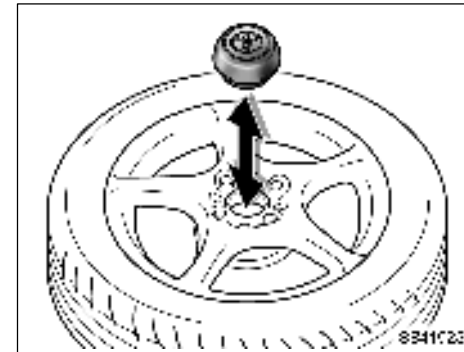
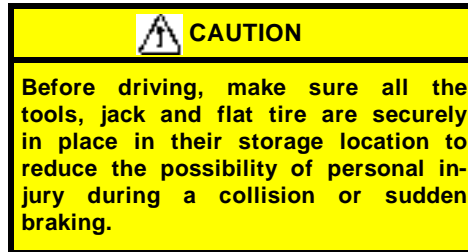
#### 9. Check the air pressure of the replaced tire.

Adjust the air pressure to the specification designated in Section 8. If the pressure is lower, drive slowly to the nearest service station and fill to the correct pressure.

Do not forget to reinstall the tire inflation valve cap as dirt and moisture could get into the valve core and possibly cause air leakage. If the cap is missing, have a new one put on as soon as possible.

#### 10. Restow all the tools, jack and flat tire securely.

As soon as possible after changing wheels, tighten the wheel nuts to the torque specified in Section 8 with a torque wrench. Have a technician repair the flat tire and replace the compact spare tire with it.

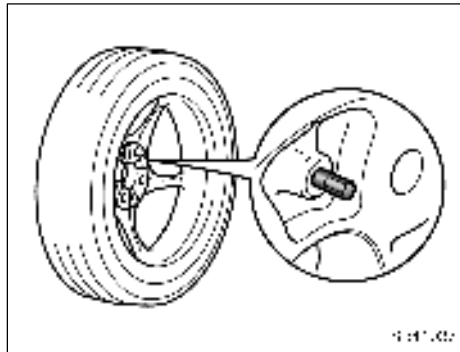


Remove the wheel ornament from the flat tire before restowing the flat tire.



## MR2 U

### If your vehicle needs to be towed—



#### NOTICE

*The size of the front wheel and the rear wheel is different. In order to prevent the wrong installation, there is a pin on the assembly surface inside the rear wheel as shown above. Therefore, the rear wheels cannot be installed on the front.*

(a) Towing with wheel lift type truck—

—From front



—From rear



(b) Using flat bed truck



If towing is necessary, we recommend you to have it done by your Toyota dealer or a commercial tow truck service. In consultation with them, have your vehicle towed using either (a) or (b).

Only when you cannot receive a towing service from a Toyota dealer or commercial tow truck service, tow your vehicle carefully in accordance with the instructions given in “—Emergency towing” in this Section.

Proper equipment will help ensure that your vehicle is not damaged while being towed. Commercial operators are generally aware of the state/provincial and local laws pertaining to towing.

Your vehicle can be damaged if it is towed incorrectly. Although most operators know the correct procedure, it is possible to make a mistake. To avoid damage to your vehicle, make sure the following precautions are observed. If necessary, show this page to the tow truck driver.

#### TOWING PRECAUTIONS:

Use a safety chain system for all towing, and abide by the state/provincial and local laws. The wheels and axle on the ground must be in good condition. If they are damaged, use a towing dolly.

## MR2 U

### (a) Towing with wheel lift type truck

**From front**—We recommend using a towing dolly under the rear wheels. If you do not use a towing dolly, release the parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.

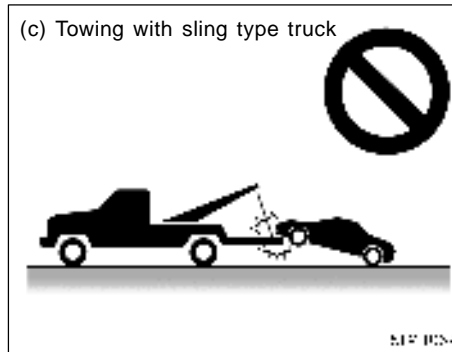
**From rear**—Place the ignition key in the “ACC” position.

#### NOTICE

◆ *When lifting wheels, take care to ensure adequate ground clearance for towing at the opposite end of the raised vehicle. Otherwise, the bumper and/or underbody of the towed vehicle will be damaged during towing.*

◆ *Do not tow with the key removed or in the “LOCK” position, as the steering lock mechanism is not strong enough to hold the front wheels straight while towing.*

### (b) Using flat bed truck

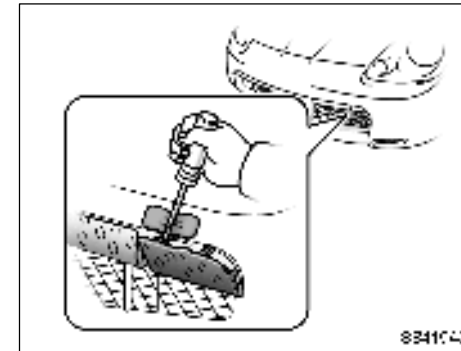


### (c) Towing with sling type truck

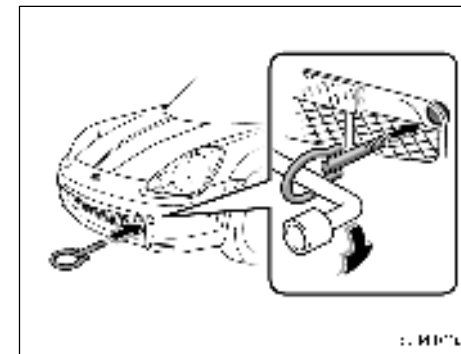
#### NOTICE

*Do not tow with sling type truck, either from the front or rear. This may cause body damage.*

### —Emergency towing

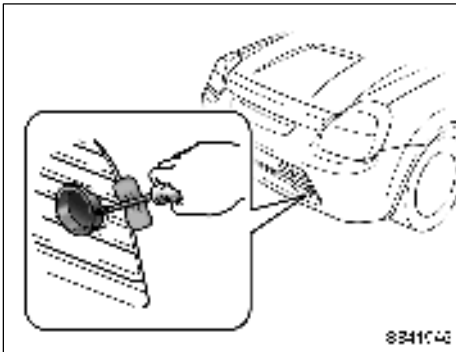


Remove the cover (front)

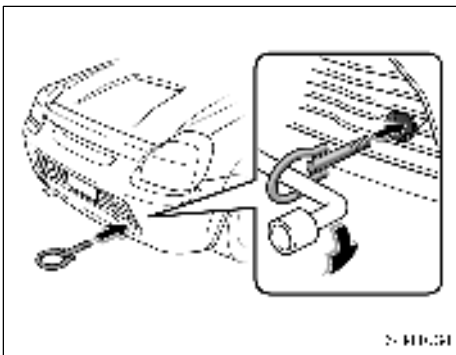


Install the eyelet (front)

## MR2 U



Remove the cover (rear)



Install the eyelet (rear)

If towing is necessary, we recommend you to have it done by your Toyota dealer or a commercial tow truck service.

If a towing service is not available in an emergency, your vehicle may be temporarily towed by a cable or chain secured to either the emergency towing eyelet\* on the front of the vehicle or the right emergency towing eyelet\* on the rear of the vehicle. Use extreme caution when towing vehicles.

### NOTICE

*Only use specified towing eyelet; otherwise your vehicle may be damaged.*

A driver must be in the vehicle to steer it and operate the brakes.

Towing in this manner may be done only on hard-surfaced roads for a short distance and at low speeds. Also, the wheels, axles, drive train, steering and brakes must all be in good condition.

\*: Eyelet

The eyelet is stored in the luggage space with the jack handle.

To install: Remove the cover of eyelet and firmly install it as shown in the illustration.

## MR2 U



### CAUTION

- Use extreme caution when towing a vehicle. Avoid sudden starts or erratic driving maneuvers which would place excessive stress on the emergency towing eyelets and towing cable or chain. The eyelets and towing cable or chain may break and cause serious injury or damage.
- When installing the eyelet on the vehicle, be sure to tighten the eyelet securely. If the tightening is loose, it may come off when being towed and result in death or serious injury.

### NOTICE

- ◆ *Use only a cable or chain specifically intended for use in towing vehicles. Securely fasten the cable or chain to the towing eyelets provided.*
- ◆ *Do not use the left rear eyelet. It is not designed for towing.*

Before towing, release the parking brake and put the transmission in neutral. The key must be in "ACC" (engine off) or "ON" (engine running).



### CAUTION

**If the engine is not running, the power assist for the brakes and steering will not work so steering and braking will be much harder than usual.**

### If you lose your keys

**You can purchase a new key at your Toyota dealer if you can give them the key number and master key.**

Even if you lose only one key, contact your Toyota dealer to make a new key. If you lose all your master keys, you cannot make new keys; the whole engine immobiliser system must be replaced.

See the suggestion given in "Keys" in Section 1-2.

If your keys are locked in the vehicle and you cannot get a duplicate, many Toyota dealers can still open the door for you, using their special tools. If you must break a window to get in, we suggest breaking the side window because it is the least expensive to replace. Be extremely cautious to avoid cuts from the glass.

## **SECTION 5**

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### **CORROSION PREVENTION AND APPEARANCE CARE**

Protecting your Toyota from corrosion .....	146
Washing and waxing your Toyota .....	147
Cleaning the interior .....	150

## MR2 U

### Protecting your Toyota from corrosion

Toyota, through its diligent research, design and use of the most advanced technology available, has done its part to help prevent corrosion and has provided you with the finest quality vehicle construction. Now, it is up to you. Proper care of your Toyota can help ensure long-term corrosion prevention.

#### The most common causes of corrosion to your vehicle are:

- The accumulation of road salt, dirt and moisture in hard-to-reach areas under the vehicle.
- Chipping of paint, or undercoating caused by minor accidents or by stones and gravel.

#### Care is especially important if you live in particular areas or operate your vehicle under certain environmental conditions:

- Road salt or dust control chemicals will accelerate corrosion, as will the presence of salt in the air near the sea-coast or in areas of industrial pollution.
- High humidity accelerates corrosion especially when temperatures range just above the freezing point.

- Wetness or dampness to certain parts of your vehicle for an extended period of time, may cause corrosion even though other parts of the vehicle may be dry.
- High ambient temperatures can cause corrosion to those components of the vehicle which are prevented from quick-drying due to lack of proper ventilation.

The above signifies the necessity to keep your vehicle, particularly the underside, as clean as possible and to repair any damage to paint or protective coatings as soon as possible.

#### To help prevent corrosion on your Toyota, follow these guidelines:

**Wash your vehicle frequently.** It is, of course, necessary to keep your vehicle clean by regular washing, but to prevent corrosion, the following points should be observed:

- If you drive on salted roads in the winter or if you live near the ocean, you should hose off the undercarriage at least once a month to minimize corrosion.

- High pressure water or steam is effective for cleaning the vehicle's underside and wheel housings. Pay particular attention to these areas as it is difficult to see all the mud and dirt. It will do more harm than good to simply wet the mud and debris without removing them. The lower edge of doors, rocker panels and frame members have drain holes which should not be allowed to clog with dirt as trapped water in these areas can cause corrosion.

- Wash the underside of the vehicle thoroughly when winter is over.

See "Washing and waxing your Toyota" for more tips.

**Check the condition of your vehicle's paint and trim.** If you find any chips or scratches in the paint, touch them up immediately to prevent corrosion from starting. If the chips or scratches have gone through the bare metal, have a qualified body shop make the repair.

## MR2 U

**Check the interior of your vehicle.** Water and dirt can accumulate under the floor mats and could cause corrosion. Occasionally check under the mats to make sure the area is dry. Be particularly careful when transporting chemicals, cleansers, fertilizers, salt, etc.; these should be transported in proper containers. If a spill or leak should occur, immediately clean and dry the area.

**Use mud shields on your wheels.** If you drive on salted or gravel roads, mud shields help protect your vehicle. Full-size shields, which come as near to the ground as possible, are the best. We recommend that the fittings and the area where the shields are installed be treated to resist corrosion. Your Toyota dealer will be happy to assist in supplying and installing the shields if they are recommended for your area.

**Keep your vehicle in a well ventilated garage or a roofed place. Do not park your vehicle in a damp, poorly ventilated garage.** If you wash your vehicle in the garage, or if you drive it in covered with water or snow, your garage may be so damp it will cause corrosion. Even if your garage is heated, a wet vehicle can corrode if the ventilation is poor.

### Washing and waxing your Toyota

#### Washing your Toyota

##### Keep your vehicle clean by regular washing.

The following cases may cause weakness to the paint or corrosion to the body and parts. Wash your vehicle as soon as possible.

- When driving in a coastal area
- When driving on a road sprinkled with antifreeze
- When having stuck of coal tar, tree sap, bird droppings and carcass of an insect
- When driving in the areas where there is a lot of smoke, soot, dust, iron dust and chemical substance
- When the vehicle becomes remarkably dirty with dust and mud

#### Hand-washing your Toyota

**Work in the shade and wait until the vehicle body is not hot to the touch.**

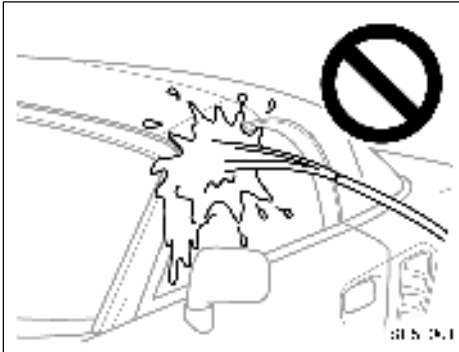


**When cleaning under floor or chassis, be careful not to injure your hands.**

For washing instructions for soft top, see "Soft top".

1. Rinse off loose dirt with a hose. Remove any mud or road salt from the underside of the vehicle or in the wheel wells.

## MR2 U



Spray water on the side windows or top seals from above, at a 45° angle to the ground.

### NOTICE

***Do not spray water at side windows and top seals in a way which may cause water to enter the vehicle.***

2. Wash with a mild car-wash soap, mixed according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use a soft cotton mitt and keep it wet by dipping it frequently into the wash water. Do not rub hard—let the soap and water remove the dirt.

Plastic wheel ornaments: The plastic wheel ornaments are damaged easily by organic substances. If any organic substances splashes an ornament, be sure to wash it off with water and check if the ornament is damaged.



### CAUTION

**Do not attach the heavily damaged plastic wheel ornament. It may fly off the wheel and cause accidents while the vehicle is moving.**

Aluminum wheels: Use only a mild soap or neutral detergent.

Plastic bumpers: Wash carefully. Do not scrub with abrasive cleaners. The bumper faces are soft.

Road tar: Remove with turpentine or cleaners that are marked safe for painted surfaces.

### NOTICE

***Do not use organic substances (gasoline, kerosene, benzine or strong solvents) which may be toxic or cause damage.***

3. Rinse thoroughly—dried soap can cause streaking. In hot weather you may need to rinse each section right after you wash it.
4. To prevent water spots, dry the vehicle using a clean soft cotton towel. Do not rub or press hard—you might scratch the paint.

### Automatic car wash

### NOTICE

***Do not run your Toyota through automatic car washes or possible damage to the soft top may result.***



## MR2 U

### Waxing your Toyota

**Polishing and waxing is recommended to maintain the original beauty of your Toyota's finish.**

Once a month or if the vehicle surface does not repel water well, apply wax.

1. Always wash and dry the vehicle before you begin waxing, even if you are using a combined cleaner and wax.
2. Use a good quality polish and wax. If the finish has become extremely weathered, use a car-cleaning polish, followed by a separate wax. Carefully follow the manufacturer's instructions and precautions. Be sure to polish and wax the chrome trim as well as the paint.
3. Wax the vehicle again when water does not bead but remains on the surface in large patches.

#### **NOTICE**

- ◆ ***Always remove the plastic bumpers if your vehicle is re-painted and placed in a high heat paint waxing booth. High temperatures could damage the bumpers.***
- ◆ ***Do not apply wax on the soft top. It may damage the soft top.***

### Touch-up paint

**Touch-up paint may be used to cover small chips or scratches.**

Apply the paint soon after the damage occurs or corrosion may set in. To do a good job, use a small artist's brush and stir the paint well. Make sure the area is clean and dry. To apply the touch-up paint so it is hardly noticeable, the trick is to apply it only to the bare spots. Apply only the smallest amount possible and do not paint the surface around the scratch or chip.

### Soft top

Wash using mild soap suds, lukewarm water and a sponge.

#### **NOTICE**

***Do not use harsh or abrasive cleaners or bleaching agents on the top material or damage may result.***


If further cleaning is required after using soap and water, a mild foaming cleaner can be used. First, rinse the top, then use a mild foaming cleaner on the entire top. Scrub with a small soft bristle hand-brush. Add water as needed until the cleaner gets soapy. Use a cloth or sponge to remove dirt so it will not be ground into the top. Be careful to keep any cleaner from drying on the body paint as it may cause streaks.

After the top has been cleaned, rinse vehicle with clean water to remove all traces of cleaner.

After cleaning, always make sure the top is completely dry before your lowered it. Lowering the top while wet or damp may cause interior water damage, water stains or mildew of the top material.

## MR2 U

### Cleaning the interior

 CAUTION
Do not wash the vehicle floor with water, or allow water to get onto the floor when cleaning the vehicle interior or exterior. Water may get into audio components or other electrical components above or under the floor carpet (or mat) and cause a malfunction; and it may cause body corrosion.

#### Vinyl interior

The vinyl upholstery may be easily cleaned with a mild soap or detergent and water.

First vacuum over the upholstery to remove loose dirt. Then, using a sponge or soft cloth, apply the soap solution to the vinyl. After allowing it to soak in for a few minutes to loosen the dirt, remove the dirt and wipe off the soap with a clean damp cloth. If all the dirt do not come off, repeat the procedure. Commercial foaming-type vinyl cleaners are also available which work well. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

NOTICE
<i>Do not use solvent, thinner, gasoline or window cleaner on the interior.</i>

#### Carpets

Use a good foam-type shampoo to clean the carpets.

Begin by vacuuming thoroughly to remove as much dirt as possible. Several types of foam cleaners are available; some are in aerosol cans and others are powders or liquids which you mix with water to produce a foam. To shampoo the carpets, use a sponge or brush to apply the foam. Rub in overlapping circles.

Do not apply water—the best results are obtained by keeping the carpet as dry as possible. Read the shampoo instructions and follow them closely.

#### Seat belts

**The seat belts may be cleaned with mild soap and water or with lukewarm water.**

Use a cloth or sponge. As you are cleaning, check the belts for excessive wear, fraying, or cuts.

NOTICE
◆ <i>Do not use dye or bleach on the belts—it may weaken them.</i>
◆ <i>Do not use the belts until they become dry.</i>

#### Windows

The windows may be cleaned with any household window cleaner.

NOTICE
<i>When cleaning the inside of the windows, be careful not to scratch or damage the heater wires on the rear window.</i>

**Air conditioning control panel, car audio, instrument panel, console panel, and switches**

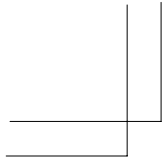
**Use a soft damp cloth for cleaning.**

Soak a clean soft cloth in water or lukewarm water then lightly wipe off any dirt.

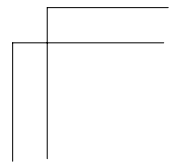
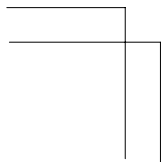
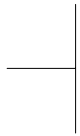
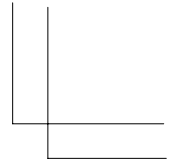
**NOTICE**

- ◆ *Do not use organic substances (solvents, kerosene, alcohol, gasoline, etc.) or alkaline or acidic solutions. These chemicals can cause discoloring, staining or peeling of the surface.*
- ◆ *If you use cleaners or polishing agents, make sure their ingredients do not include the substances mentioned above.*
- ◆ *If you use a liquid car freshener, do not spill the liquid onto the vehicle's interior surfaces. It may contain the ingredients mentioned above. Immediately clean any spill using the method mentioned above.*

If you have any questions about the cleaning of your Toyota, your local Toyota dealer will be pleased to answer them.



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## **SECTION 6**

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### **VEHICLE MAINTENANCE AND CARE**

Maintenance requirements .....	154
General maintenance .....	155
Does your vehicle need repairing? .....	157

For scheduled maintenance information, please refer to the “Scheduled Maintenance Guide” or “Owner’s Manual Supplement”.

### Maintenance requirements

Your Toyota vehicle has been designed for fewer maintenance requirements with longer service intervals to save both your time and money. However, each regular maintenance, as well as day-to-day care, is more important than ever before to ensure smooth, trouble-free, safe, and economical drivings.

It is the owner's responsibility to make sure the specified maintenance, including general maintenance service, is performed. Note that both the new vehicle and emission control system warranties specify that proper maintenance and care must be performed. See "Owner's Warranty Information Booklet" or "Owner's Manual Supplement" for complete warranty information.

#### General maintenance

General maintenance items are those day-to-day care practices that are important to your vehicle for proper operation. It is the owner's responsibility to insure that the general maintenance items are performed regularly.

These checks or inspections can be done either by yourself or a qualified technician, or if you prefer, your Toyota dealer will be pleased to do them at a nominal cost.

#### Scheduled maintenance

The scheduled maintenance items listed in the "Scheduled Maintenance Guide" or "Owner's Manual Supplement" are those required to be serviced at regular intervals.

For details of your maintenance schedule, read the "Scheduled Maintenance Guide" or "Owner's Manual Supplement".

**It is recommend that only genuine Toyota parts be used for maintenance or for the repair of the emission control system.**

**The owner may elect to use non-Toyota supplied parts for replacement purposes without invalidating the emission control system warranty. However, use of replacement parts which are not of equivalent quality may impair the effectiveness of the emission control systems.**

**You may also elect to have maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and system performed by any automotive repair establishment or individual without invalidating this warranty. See "Owner's Warranty Information Booklet" or "Owner's Manual Supplement" for complete warranty information.**

#### Where to go for service?

Toyota technicians are well-trained specialists and are kept up to date with the latest service information through technical bulletins, service tips and in-dealership training programs. They learn to work on Toyotas before they work on your vehicle, rather than while they are working on it.

You can be confident that your Toyota dealer's service department performs the best job to meet the maintenance requirements on your vehicle—reliably and economically.

Your copy of the repair order is proof that all required maintenance has been performed for warranty coverage. And if any problems should arise with your vehicle while under warranty, your Toyota dealer will promptly take care of it. Again, be sure to keep a copy of the repair order for any service performed on your Toyota.

#### What about do-it-yourself maintenance?

Many of the maintenance items are easy to do yourself if you have a little mechanical ability and a few basic automotive tools. Simple instructions for how to perform them are presented in Section 7.

## MR2 U

If you are a skilled do-it-yourself mechanic, the Toyota service manuals are recommended. Please be aware that do-it-yourself maintenance can affect your warranty coverage. See "Owner's Warranty Information Booklet" or "Owner's Manual Supplement" for the details.

### General maintenance

Listed below are the general maintenance items that should be performed as frequently as specified. In addition to checking the items listed, if you notice any unusual noise, smell or vibration, you should investigate the cause or take your vehicle to your Toyota dealer or a qualified service shop immediately. It is recommended that any problem you notice be brought to the attention of your dealer or the qualified service shop for their advice.



#### CAUTION

**Make these checks only where adequate ventilation can be obtained if you run the engine.**

### OUTSIDE THE VEHICLE

**Items listed below should be performed from time to time, unless otherwise specified.**

#### Tire pressure

Check the pressure with a gauge every two weeks, or at least once a month. See Section 7-2 for additional information.

#### Tire surface and wheel nuts

Check the tires carefully for cuts, damage or excessive wear. See Section 7-2 for additional information. When checking the tires, make sure no nuts are missing, and check the nuts for looseness. Tighten them if necessary.

#### Fluid leaks

Check underneath for leaking fuel, oil, water or other fluid after the vehicle has been parked for a while. If you smell fuel fumes or notice any leak, have the cause found and corrected immediately.

#### Doors and trunk lid

Check that both the doors operate smoothly and all latches lock securely. Make sure the trunk lid secondary latch secures the lid from opening when the primary latch is released.

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### INSIDE THE VEHICLE

Items listed below should be checked regularly, e.g. while performing periodic services, cleaning the vehicle, etc.

#### Lights

Make sure the headlights, stop lights, tail lights, turn signal lights, and other lights are all working. Check headlight aim.

#### Service reminder indicators and warning buzzers

Check that all service reminder indicators and warning buzzers function properly.

#### Steering wheel

Be alert for changes in steering condition, such as hard steering or strange noise.

#### Seats

Check that all front seat controls such as seat adjusters, seatback recliner, etc. operate smoothly and that all latches lock securely in any position. Check that the latches lock securely.

#### Seat belts

Check that the seat belt system such as buckles and retractors operate properly and smoothly. Make sure the belt webbing is not cut, frayed, worn or damaged.

#### Accelerator pedal

Check the pedal for smooth operation and uneven pedal effort or catching.

#### Clutch pedal

Check the pedal for smooth operation.

#### Brake pedal

Check the pedal for smooth operation and that the pedal has the proper clearance. Check the brake booster function.

#### Brakes

At a safe place, check that the brakes do not pull to one side when applied.

#### Parking brake

Check that the lever has the proper travel and that, on a safe incline, your vehicle is held securely with only the parking brake applied.

### IN THE ENGINE COMPARTMENT

Items listed below should be checked from time to time, e.g. each time when refueling.

#### Washer fluid

Make sure there is sufficient fluid in the tank. See Section 7-3 for additional information.

#### Engine coolant level

Make sure the coolant level is between the "FULL" and "LOW" lines on the see-through reservoir when the engine is cold. See Section 7-2 for additional information.

#### Battery electrolyte level

Make sure the electrolyte level of all battery cells is between upper and lower level lines on the case. Add only distilled water when replenishing. See Section 7-3 for additional information.

#### Brake fluid level

Make sure the brake fluid level is correct. See Section 7-2 for additional information.

#### Engine oil level

Check the level by the dipstick with the engine turned off and the vehicle parked on a level spot. See Section 7-2 for additional information.



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### Power steering fluid level

Check the level through the reservoir. The level should be in the "HOT" or "COLD" range depending on the fluid temperature. See Section 7-2 for additional information.

### Exhaust system

If you notice any change in the sound of the exhaust or smell exhaust fumes, have the cause located and corrected immediately. (See "Engine exhaust cautions" in Section 2.)

### Does your vehicle need repairing?

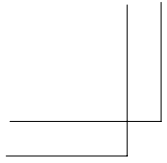
Be on the alert for changes in performance, sounds, and visual tip-offs that indicate service is needed. Some important clues are as follows:

- Engine missing, stumbling, or pinging
- Appreciable loss of power
- Strange engine noises
- A leak under the vehicle (however, water dripping from the air conditioning after use is normal.)
- Change in exhaust sound (This may indicate a dangerous carbon monoxide leak. Drive with the windows open and have the exhaust system checked immediately.)
- Flat-looking tire; excessive tire squeal when cornering; uneven tire wear
- Vehicle pulls to one side when driving straight on a level road
- Strange noises related to suspension movement
- Loss of brake effectiveness; spongy feeling brake or clutch pedal; pedal almost touches floor; vehicle pulls to one side when braking
- Engine coolant temperature continually higher than normal

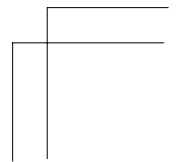
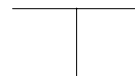
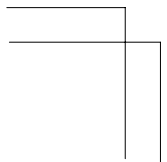
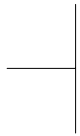
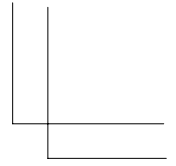
If you notice any of these clues, take your vehicle to your Toyota dealer as soon as possible. It probably needs adjustment or repair.



**Do not continue driving with the vehicle unchecked. It could result in serious vehicle damage and possibly personal injury.**



MR2 U



# ***SECTION 7-1***

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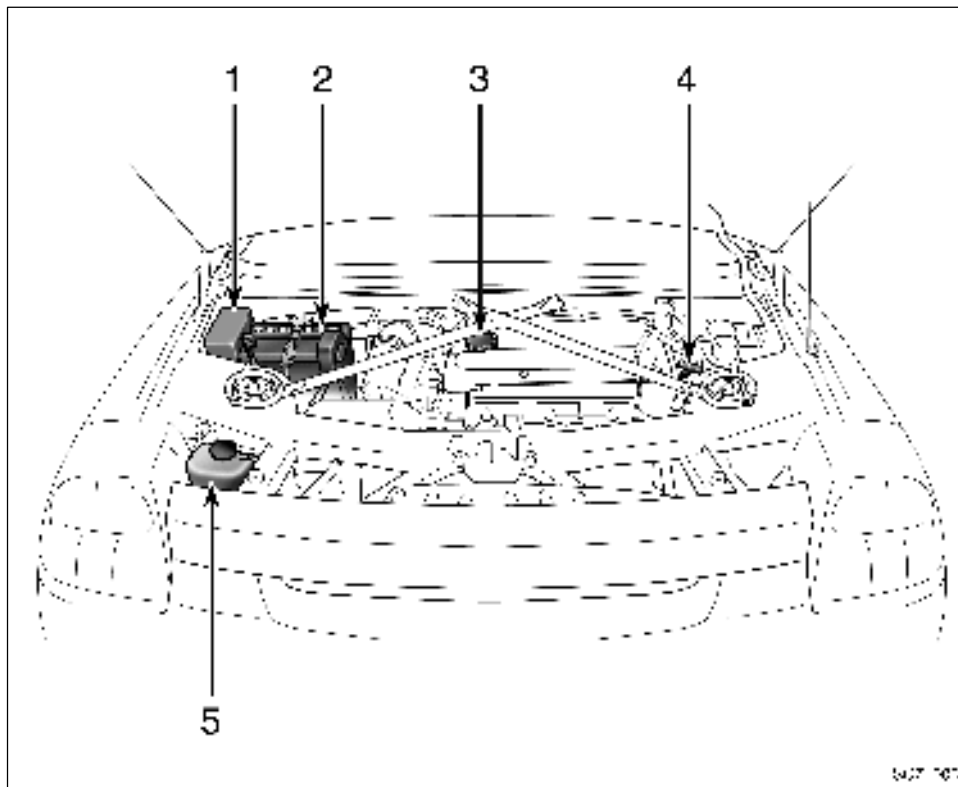
## **DO-IT-YOURSELF MAINTENANCE**

### **Introduction**

Engine compartment overview .....	160
Trunk room overview .....	161
Fuse locations .....	162
Do-it-yourself service precautions .....	163
Parts and tools .....	164
Vehicle jack up and support locations .....	165

## MR2 U

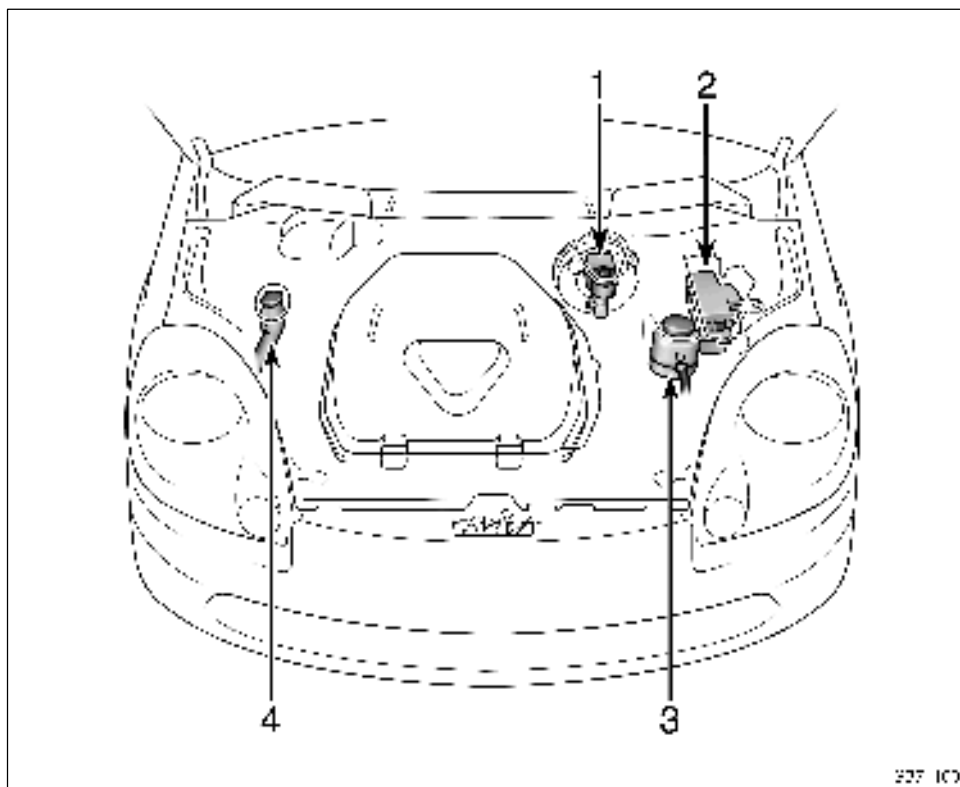
### Engine compartment overview



1. Fuse block
2. Battery
3. Engine oil filler cap
4. Engine oil level dipstick
5. Engine coolant reservoir

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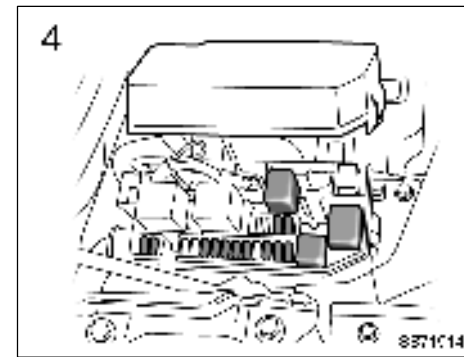
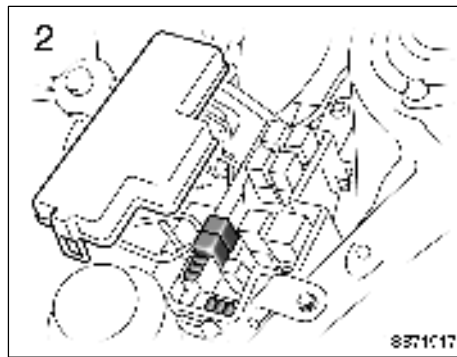
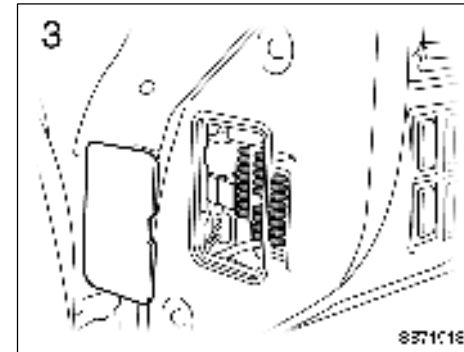
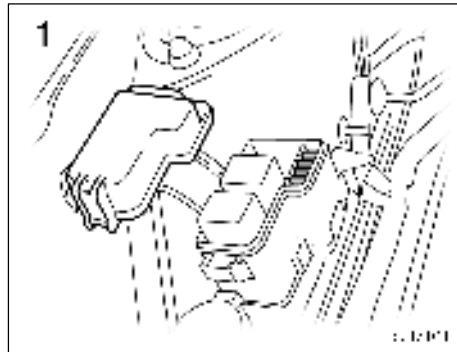
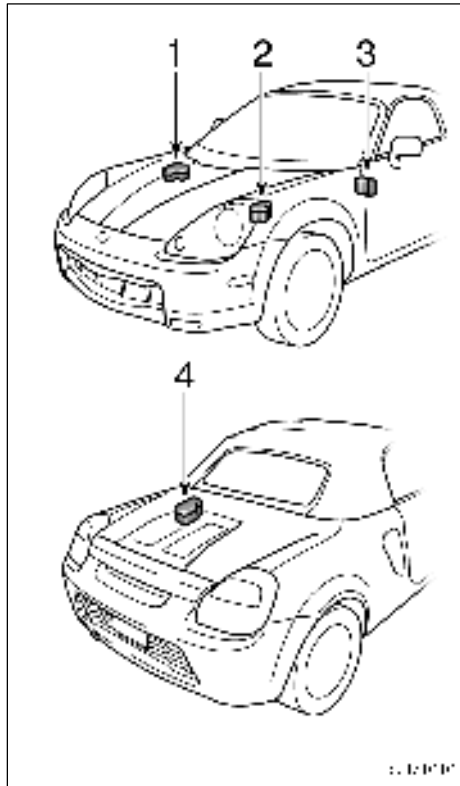
### Trunk room overview



1. Brake fluid reservoir
2. Fuse block
3. Power steering fluid reservoir
4. Windshield washer fluid tank

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## Fuse locations



## Do-it-yourself service precautions

If you perform maintenance by yourself, be sure to follow the correct procedure given in this section.

You should be aware that improper or incomplete servicing may result in operating problems.

Performing do-it-yourself maintenance during the warranty period may affect your warranty coverage. Read the separate Toyota Warranty statement for details and suggestions.

This section gives instructions only for those items that are relatively easy for an owner to perform. As explained in Section 6, there are still a number of items that must be done by a qualified technician with special tools.

For information on tools and parts for do-it-yourself maintenance, see "Parts and tools".

Utmost care should be taken when working on your vehicle to prevent accidental injury. Here are a few precautions that you should be especially careful to observe:



### CAUTION

- When the engine is running, keep hands, clothing, and tools away from the moving fan and engine drive belts. (Removing rings, watches, and ties is advisable.)
- Right after driving, the engine compartment and trunk room—the engine, radiator, exhaust manifold, power steering fluid reservoir and spark plug boots, etc.—will be hot. So be careful not to touch them. Oil, fluids and spark plugs may also be hot.
- If the engine is hot, do not remove the coolant reservoir cap or air release valve or loosen the drain plugs to prevent burning yourself.
- Do not smoke, cause sparks or allow open flames around fuel or the battery. Their fumes are flammable.
- Be extremely cautious when working on the battery. It contains poisonous and corrosive sulfuric acid.

- Do not get under your vehicle with just the body jack supporting it. Always use automotive jack stands or other solid supports.
- Be sure that the ignition is off if you work near the electric cooling fans or radiator grille. With the ignition on, the electric cooling fans will automatically start to run if the engine coolant temperature is high and/or the air conditioning is on.
- Use eye protection whenever you work on or under your vehicle where you may be exposed to flying or falling material, fluid spray, etc.
- Used engine oil contains potentially harmful contaminants which may cause skin disorders such as inflammation or skin cancer, so care should be taken to avoid prolonged and repeated contact with it. To remove used engine oil from your skin, wash thoroughly with soap and water.
- Do not leave used oil within the reach of children.

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- Dispose of used oil and filter only in a safe and acceptable manner. Do not dispose of used oil and filter in household trash, in sewers or onto the ground. Call your dealer or a service station for information concerning recycling or disposal.

- Take care when filling the brake and clutch fluid reservoirs because brake fluid can harm your eyes and damage painted surfaces. If fluid gets in your eyes, flush your eyes with clean water.

### NOTICE

- ◆ Remember that battery and ignition cables carry high currents or voltages. Be careful of accidentally causing a short circuit.
- ◆ Add only demineralized or distilled water to fill the radiator. And if you spill some of the coolant, be sure to wash it off with water to prevent it from damaging the parts or paint.

- ◆ Do not allow dirt or anything else to fall through the spark plug holes.
- ◆ Do not pry the outer electrode of a spark plug against the center electrode.
- ◆ Use only spark plugs of the specified type. Using other types will cause engine damage, loss of performance or radio noise.
- ◆ Do not reuse iridium-tipped spark plugs by cleaning or regapping.
- ◆ Do not drive with the air cleaner filter removed, or excessive engine wear could result. Also backfiring could cause a fire in the engine compartment.
- ◆ Be careful not to scratch the glass surface with the wiper frame.
- ◆ When closing the engine hood or trunk, check to see that you have not forgotten any tools, rags, etc.

## Parts and tools

Here is a list of parts and tools you will need on performing do-it-yourself maintenance. Remember all Toyota parts are designed in metric sizes, so your tools must be metric.

### Checking the engine oil level

#### Parts (if level is low):

- Engine oil API grade SJ, "Energy-Conserving" or ILSAC multigrade having viscosity proper for your climate

#### Tools:

- Rag or paper towel
- Funnel (only for adding oil)

### Checking the engine coolant level

#### Parts (if level is low):

- "TOYOTA Long Life Coolant" or equivalent  
See Section 7-2 for details about coolant type selection.
- Demineralized or distilled water

#### Tools:

- Funnel (only for adding coolant)

### Checking brake fluid

#### Parts (if level is low):

- SAE J1703 or FMVSS No.116 DOT 3 brake fluid



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### Tools:

- Rag or paper towel
- Funnel (only for adding fluid)

### Checking power steering fluid

#### Parts (if level is low):

- Toyota P.S fluid EH or equivalent

### Tools:

- Rag or paper towel
- Funnel (only for adding fluid)

### Checking battery condition

#### Tools:

- Warm water
- Baking soda
- Grease
- Conventional wrench (for terminal clamp bolts)

### Checking and replacing fuses

#### Parts (if replacement is necessary):

- Genuine Toyota fuse or equivalent with same amperage rating as original

### Adding washer fluid

#### Parts:

- Water
- Washer fluid containing antifreeze (for winter use)

### Tools:

- Funnel

### Replacing light bulbs

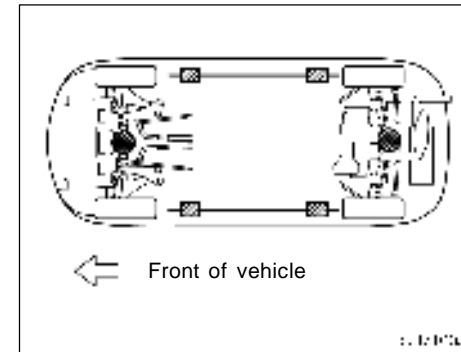
#### Parts:

- Bulb with same number and wattage rating as original (See charts in "Replacing light bulbs—" in Section 7-3.)


### Tools:

- Screwdriver

### Vehicle jack up and support locations




If you use the garage jack to lift up your vehicle, you must select the correct jack point as shown.

Jack position . . . . . 

Front— Front crossmember

Rear— Rear engine mounting bracket

Support position and

Pantograph jack . . . . . 

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### CAUTION

When jacking, be sure to observe the following to reduce the possibility of personal injury:

- Follow jacking instructions.
- Do not put any part of your body under the vehicle supported by a jack. Personal injury may occur.
- Do not start or run the engine while your vehicle is supported by the jack.
- Stop the vehicle on a level firm ground, firmly set the parking brake and put the transmission in reverse. Block the wheel diagonally opposite to the one being changed if necessary.
- Make sure to set the jack properly in the jack point. Raising the vehicle with jack improperly positioned will damage the vehicle or may allow the vehicle to fall off the jack and cause personal injury.
- Never get under the vehicle when the vehicle is supported by the jack alone; use vehicle support stands.

- Use the jack only for lifting your vehicle during wheel changing.
- Do not raise the vehicle with someone in the vehicle.
- When raising the vehicle, do not put an object on or under the jack.
- Raise the vehicle only high enough to remove and change the tire.

### NOTICE

*Never apply the jack at other than the specified jack point. Otherwise, your vehicle may be damaged.*

## **SECTION 7-2**

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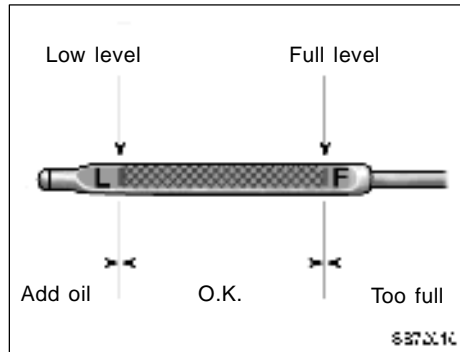
### **DO-IT-YOURSELF MAINTENANCE**

#### **Engine and Chassis**

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Checking the engine coolant level .....	169
Checking brake fluid .....	170
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## MR2 U

### Checking the engine oil level



**With the engine at operating temperature and turned off, check the oil level on the dipstick.**

1. To get a true reading, the vehicle should be on a level spot. After turning off the engine, wait a few minutes for the oil to drain back into the bottom of the engine.
2. Pull out the dipstick, and wipe it clean with a rag.
3. Reinsert the dipstick—push it in as far as it will go, or the reading will not be correct.
4. Pull the dipstick out and look at the oil level on the end.



#### CAUTION

**Be careful not to touch the hot exhaust manifold.**

**If the oil level is below or only slightly above the low level, add engine oil of the same type as already in the engine.**

Remove the oil filler cap and add engine oil in small quantities at a time, checking the dipstick.

The approximate quantity of oil needed to fill between the low level and the full level on the dipstick is indicated below for reference.

When the level reaches within the correct range, install the filler cap hand-tight.

Oil quantity, L (qt., Imp. qt.):

1.3 (1.4, 1.1)

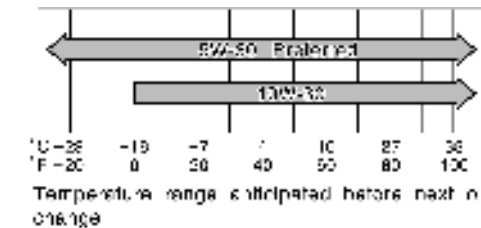
#### NOTICE

- ◆ **Avoid overfilling, or the engine could be damaged.**
- ◆ **Check the oil level on the dipstick once again after adding the oil.**

### ENGINE OIL SELECTION

Use API grade SJ, “Energy-Conserving” or ILSAC multigrade engine oil.

Recommended viscosity (SAE):



OIL05U

**SAE 5W-30 is the best choice for your vehicle, for good fuel economy, and good starting in cold weather.**

**If you use SAE 10W-30 engine oil in extremely low temperatures, the engine may become difficult to start, so SAE 5W-30 engine oil is recommended.**

## MR2 U



API service symbol



ILSAC certification mark

### Oil identification marks

Either or both API registered marks are added to some oil containers to help you select the oil you should use.

The API Service Symbol is located anywhere on the outside of the container.

The top portion of the label shows the oil quality by API (American Petroleum Institute) designations such as SJ. The center portion of the label shows the SAE viscosity grade such as SAE 5W-30. "Energy-Conserving" shown in the lower portion, indicates that the oil has fuel-saving capabilities.

The ILSAC (International Lubricant Standardization and Approval Committee) Certification Mark is displayed on the front of the container.

### Checking the engine coolant level

Look at the see-through coolant reservoir when the engine is cold. The coolant level is satisfactory if it is between the "FULL" and "LOW" lines on the reservoir. If the level is low, add ethylene-glycol type coolant for a proper corrosion protection of aluminum components.

The coolant level in the reservoir will vary with engine temperature. However, if the level is on or below the "LOW" line, add coolant. Bring the level up to the "FULL" line.

Always use ethylene-glycol type coolant for a proper corrosion protection of aluminum components. See information in the next column.

If the coolant level drops within a short time after replenishing, there may be a leak in the system. Visually check the radiator, hoses, drain cock and water pump.

If you can find no leak, have your Toyota dealer test the cap pressure and check for leaks in the cooling system.

## MR2 U



### CAUTION

To prevent burning yourself, do not remove the coolant reservoir cap or air release valve when the engine is hot.

### Coolant type selection

Use of improper coolants may damage your engine cooling system. Your coolant must contain ethylene-glycol type coolant for a proper corrosion protection of your engine that contains aluminum components. Use "TOYOTA Long Life Coolant" or equivalent.

In addition to preventing freezing and subsequent damage to the engine, this type of coolant will also prevent corrosion. Further supplemental inhibitors or additives are neither needed nor recommended.

Read the coolant container for information on freeze protection. Follow the manufacturer's directions for how much to mix with plain water (preferably demineralized water or distilled water). The total capacity of the cooling system is given in Section 8.

We recommend to use 50% solution for your Toyota, to provide protection down to about  $-35^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-31^{\circ}\text{F}$ ). When it is extremely cold, to provide protection down to about  $-50^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-58^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), 60% solution is recommended. Do not use more than 70% solution for better coolant performance.

### NOTICE

*Do not use alcohol type antifreeze or plain water alone.*

### Checking brake fluid



To check the fluid level, simply look at the see-through reservoir. The level should be between the "MAX" and "MIN" lines on the reservoir.

It is normal for the brake fluid level to go down slightly as the brake pads wear. So be sure to keep the reservoir filled.

If the reservoir needs frequent refilling, it may indicate a serious mechanical problem.

## MR2 U

### Checking power steering fluid

If the level is low, add SAE J1703 or FMVSS No.116 DOT 3 brake fluid to the brake reservoir.

Remove and replace the reservoir cap by hand. Fill the brake fluid to the dotted line. This brings the fluid to the correct level when you put the cap back on.

Use only newly opened brake fluid. Once opened, brake fluid absorbs moisture from the air, and excess moisture can cause a dangerous loss of braking.

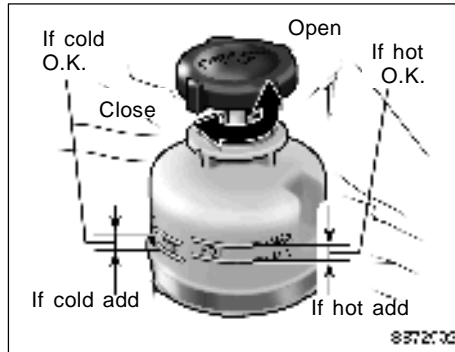


#### CAUTION

Take care when filling the reservoir because brake fluid can harm your eyes and damage painted surfaces. If fluid gets in your eyes, flush your eyes with clean water immediately. If you still feel uncomfortable with your eyes, go to the doctor.

#### NOTICE

If you accidentally spill the fluid, be sure to wipe it off to prevent damage on the parts or paint.



Check the fluid level through the reservoir. If necessary, add Toyota P.S fluid EH or equivalent.

If the vehicle has been driven around 80 km/h (50 mph) for 20 minutes (a little more in frigid temperatures), the fluid is hot (60°C—80°C or 140°F—175°F). You may also check the level when the fluid is cold (about room temperature, 10°C—30°C or 50°F—85°F) if the engine has not been run for about five hours.

Clean all dirt from outside of the reservoir tank and look at the fluid level. If the fluid is cold, the level should be in the “COLD” range. Similarly, if it is hot, the fluid level should be in the “HOT” range. If the level is at the low side of either range, add Toyota P.S fluid EH or equivalent to bring the level within the range.

To remove the reservoir cap, turn it counterclockwise and lift up. To reinstall it, turn it clockwise. After replacing the reservoir cap, visually check the steering box case, vane pump and hose connections for leaks or damage.



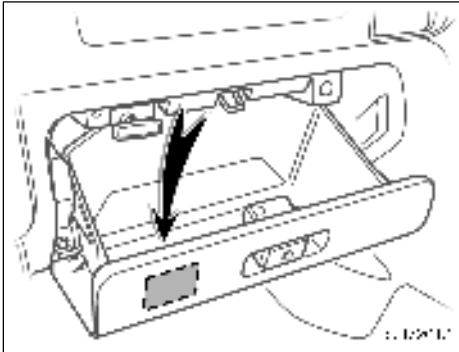
#### CAUTION

The reservoir tank may be hot so be careful not to burn yourself.

#### NOTICE

Avoid overfilling, or the power steering could be damaged.

## Checking tire pressure



### Keep your tire pressures at the proper level.

The recommended cold tire pressures, tire size and the vehicle capacity weight are given in Section 8. They are also on the tire pressure label as shown.

You should check the tire pressures every two weeks, or at least once a month. And do not forget the spare!

### Incorrect tire pressure can reduce tire life and make your vehicle less safe to drive.

Low tire pressure results in excessive wear, poor handling, reduced fuel economy, and the possibility of blowouts from overheated tires. Also, low tire pressure can cause poor sealing of the tire bead. If the tire pressure is excessively low, there is the possibility of wheel deformation and/or tire separation.

High tire pressure produces a harsh ride, handling problems, excessive wear at the center of the tire tread, and a greater possibility of tire damage from road hazards.

If a tire frequently needs refilling, have it checked by your Toyota dealer.

### The following instructions for checking tire pressure should be observed:

- **The pressure should be checked only when the tires are cold.** If your vehicle has been parked for at least 3 hours and has not been driven for more than 1.5 km or 1 mile since, you will get an accurate cold tire pressure reading.

- **Always use a tire pressure gauge.** The appearance of a tire can be misleading. Besides, tire pressures that are even just a few pounds off can degrade ride and handling.
- **Take special care when adding air to the compact spare tire.** The smaller tire size can gain pressure very quickly. Add compressed air in small quantities and check the pressure often until it reaches the specified pressure.
- **Do not bleed or reduce tire pressure after driving.** It is normal for the tire pressure to be higher after driving.
- **Never exceed the vehicle capacity weight.** The passenger and luggage weight should be located so that the vehicle is balanced.
- **Be sure to reinstall the tire inflation valve caps.** Without the valve caps, dirt or moisture could get into the valve core and cause air leakage. If the caps have been lost, have new ones put on as soon as possible.



## Checking and replacing tires



### CHECKING YOUR TIRES

**Check the tire tread for the tread wear indicators. If the indicators show, replace the tires.**

The tires on your Toyota have built-in tread wear indicators to help you know when the tires need replacement. When the tread depth wears to 1.6 mm (0.06 in.) or less, the indicators will appear. If you can see the indicators in two or more adjacent grooves, the tire should be replaced. The lower the tread, the higher the risk of skidding.

**The effectiveness of snow tires is lost if the tread wears down below 4 mm (0.16 in.).**

Check the tires regularly for damage such as cuts, splits and cracks. If any damage is found, consult with a technician and have the tire repaired or replaced.

Even if the damage does not appear serious, a qualified technician should examine the damage. Objects which have penetrated the tire may have caused internal damage.

**Any tires which are over 6 years old must be checked by a qualified technician even if damage is not obvious.**

Tires deteriorate with age even if they have never or seldom been used.

This also applies to the spare tire and tires stored for future use.

### REPLACING YOUR TIRES

**When replacing a tire, use only the same size and construction as originally installed and with the same or greater load capacity.**

Using any other size or type of tire may seriously affect handling, ride, speedometer/odometer calibration, ground clearance, and clearance between the body and tires or snow chains.



### CAUTION

- Do not mix radial, bias belted, or bias-ply tires on your vehicle. It can cause dangerous handling characteristics, resulting in loss of control.
- Do not use tires or wheels other than the manufacturer's recommended size.

Toyota recommends all four tires, or at least both front or rear tires be replaced as a set.

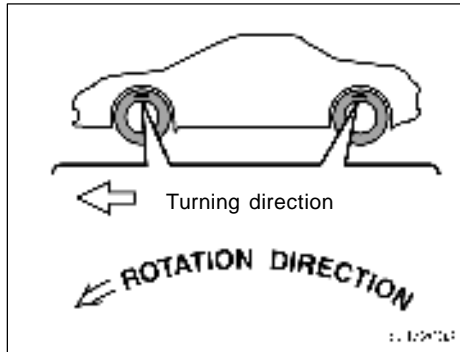
See "If you have a flat tire—" in Section 4 for tire change procedure.

**When a tire is replaced, the wheel should always be balanced.**

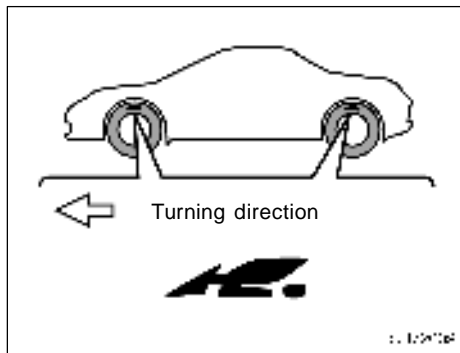
An unbalanced wheel may affect vehicle handling and tire life. Wheels can get out of balance with regular use and should therefore be balanced occasionally.

**When replacing a tubeless tire, the air valve should also be replaced with a new one.**

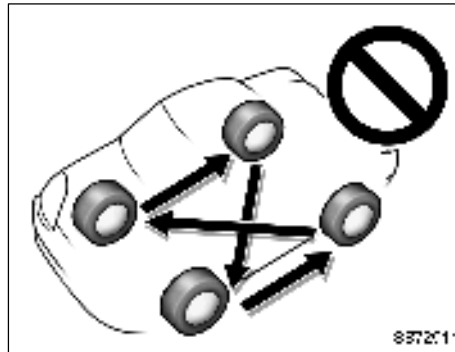
**Rotating tires**



Turning direction indicator (type A)



Turning direction indicator (type B)



**Do not perform rotation of the tires, from front to rear or from left to right, or using the compact spare tire. Performing such tire rotation may result in the tires interfering with the body or in uneven wear of the tires, so that steerability of the vehicle is impaired.**

Tires with turning direction indicator—

The tire is a uni-directional type and cannot be used for tire rotation. Using the tire on the opposite side to the designated side will impair the tire performance.

The compact spare tire—

The tire is designed for temporary use only and cannot be used for tire rotation.

**Installing snow tires and chains**

**WHEN TO USE SNOW TIRES OR CHAINS**

**Snow tires or chains are recommended when driving on snow or ice.**

On wet or dry roads, conventional tires provide better traction than snow tires.

**SNOW TIRE SELECTION**

**If you need snow tires, select the 185/55R15 snow tires for front and the 205/50R15 snow tires for rear, construction and load capacity as the original tires on your Toyota.**

Do not use tires other than those mentioned above. Do not install studded tires without first checking local regulations for possible restrictions.

**SNOW TIRE INSTALLATION**

**Snow tires should be installed on all wheels.**

Installing snow tires on the rear wheels only can lead to an excessive difference in road grip capability between the front and rear tires which could cause loss of vehicle control.

When storing removed tires, you should store them in a cool dry place.

## MR2 U

Mark the direction of rotation and be sure to install them in the same direction when replacing.



### CAUTION

- Do not drive with the snow tires incorrectly inflated.
- Never drive over 120 km/h (75 mph) with any type of snow tires.

### TIRE CHAIN SELECTION

Use the tire chains which are the correct size for your rear tires.

For 205/50R15 tires, use genuine Toyota tire chains or equivalent for use on the MR2.

Regulations regarding the use of tire chains vary according to location or type of road, so always check them before installing chains.

### NOTICE

*If the wrong combination of tire and chain is used, the chains could damage the vehicle body.*

- MR2 genuine tire chains  
(Part No.08325-11010)

### CHAIN INSTALLATION

Install the chains on the rear tires as tightly as possible. Do not use tire chains on the front tires. Retighten chains after driving 0.5—1.0 km (1/4—1/2 mile).

When installing chains on your tires, carefully follow the instructions of the chain manufacturer.



### CAUTION

- Do not exceed 50 km/h (30 mph) or the chain manufacturer's recommended speed limit, whichever is lower.
- Drive carefully avoiding bumps, holes, and sharp turns, which may cause the vehicle to bounce.
- Avoid sharp turns or locked-wheel braking, as use of chains may adversely affect vehicle handling.
- When driving with chains installed, be sure to drive carefully. Slow down before entering the curves to avoid losing control of the vehicle, it may cause an accident.

### NOTICE

*Do not attempt to use a tire chain on the compact spare tire, as it may result in damage to the vehicle as well as the tire.*

## MR2 U

### Replacing wheels

#### WHEN TO REPLACE YOUR WHEELS

**If you have wheel damage such as bending, cracks or heavy corrosion, the wheel should be replaced.**

If you fail to replace damaged wheels, the tire may slip off the wheel or cause loss of handling control.

#### WHEEL SELECTION

**When replacing wheels, care should be taken to ensure that the wheels are replaced by ones with the same load capacity, diameter, rim width, and offset.**

This must be observed on compact spare tires, too.

Correct replacement wheels are available at your Toyota dealer.

A wheel of a different size or type may adversely affect handling, wheel and bearing life, brake cooling, speedometer/odometer calibration, stopping ability, headlight aim, bumper height, vehicle ground clearance, and tire or snow chain clearance to the body and chassis.

Replacement with used wheels is not recommended as they may have been subjected to rough treatment or high mileage and could fail without warning. Also, bent wheels which have been straightened may have structural damage and therefore should not be used. Never use an inner tube in a leaking wheel which is designed for a tubeless tire.

### Aluminum wheel precautions

- When installing aluminum wheels, check that the wheel nuts are tight after driving your vehicle the first 1600km (1000 miles).
- If you have repaired or changed your tires, check that the wheel nuts are still tight after driving 1600 km (1000 miles).
- When using tire chains, be careful not to damage the aluminum wheels.
- Use only the Toyota wheel nuts and wrench designed for your aluminum wheels.
- When balancing your wheels, use only Toyota balance weights or equivalent and a plastic or rubber hammer.
- As with any wheel, periodically check your aluminum wheels for damage. If damaged, replace immediately.

## ***SECTION 7-3***

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### **DO-IT-YOURSELF MAINTENANCE**

#### **Electrical components**

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Replacing light bulbs .....	182

## MR2 U

### Checking battery condition— —Precautions

 **CAUTION**

**BATTERY PRECAUTIONS**

The battery produces flammable and explosive hydrogen gas.

- Do not cause a spark from the battery with tools.
- Do not smoke or light a match near the battery.

The electrolyte contains poisonous and corrosive sulfuric acid.

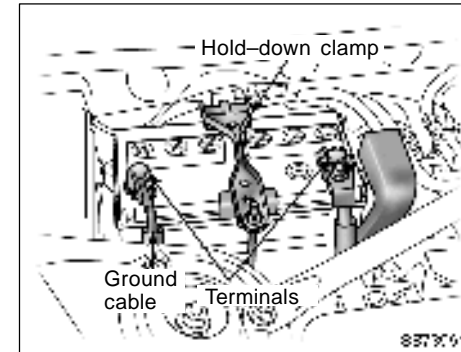
- Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothes.
- Never ingest electrolyte.
- Wear protective safety glasses when working near the battery.
- Keep children away from the battery.

**EMERGENCY MEASURES**

- If electrolyte gets in your eyes, flush your eyes with clean water immediately and get immediate medical attention. If possible, continue to apply water with a sponge or cloth while en route to the medical office.

- If electrolyte gets on your skin, thoroughly wash the contact area. If you feel pain or burning, get medical attention immediately.
- If electrolyte gets on your clothes, there is a possibility of its soaking through to your skin, so immediately take off the exposed clothing and follow the procedure above, if necessary.
- If you accidentally swallow electrolyte, drink a large quantity of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten raw egg or vegetable oil. Then go immediately for emergency help.

### —Checking battery exterior



**Check the battery for corroded or loose terminal connections, cracks, or loose hold-down clamp.**

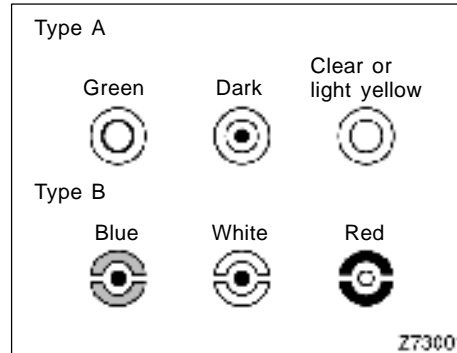
- a. If the battery is corroded, wash it off with a solution of warm water and baking soda. Coat the outside of the terminals with grease to prevent further corrosion.
- b. If the terminal connections are loose, tighten their clamp nuts—but do not overtighten.
- c. Tighten the hold-down clamp only enough to keep the battery firmly in place. Overtightening may damage the battery case.

## MR2 U

### NOTICE

- ◆ *Be sure the engine and all accessories are off before performing maintenance.*
- ◆ *When checking the battery, remove the ground cable from the negative terminal (“-” mark) first and reinstall it last.*
- ◆ *Be careful not to cause a short circuit with tools.*
- ◆ *Take care no solution gets into the battery when washing it.*

### —Checking battery fluid



#### CHECKING BY HYDROMETER

Check the battery condition by the hydrometer color.

Hydrometer color		Condition
Type A	Type B	
GREEN	BLUE	Good
DARK	WHITE	Charging necessary. Have battery checked by your Toyota dealer.
CLEAR or LIGHT YELLOW	RED	Have battery checked by your Toyota dealer.

### Battery recharging precautions

During recharging, the battery is producing hydrogen gas.

Therefore, before recharging:

1. If recharging with the battery installed on the vehicle, be sure to disconnect the ground cable.
2. Be sure the power switch on the recharger is off when connecting the charger cables to the battery and when disconnecting them.

### CAUTION

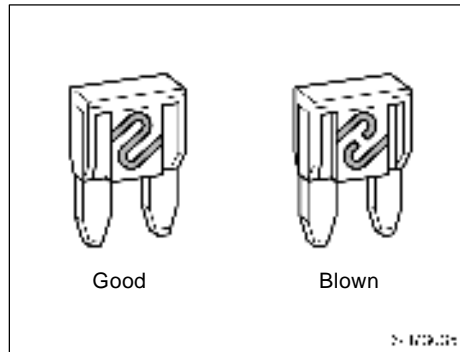
- **Always charge the battery in an unconfined area. Do not charge the battery in a garage or closed room where there is not sufficient ventilation.**
- **Only do a slow charge (5 A or less). Charging at a quicker rate is dangerous. The battery may explode causing personal injuries.**

### NOTICE

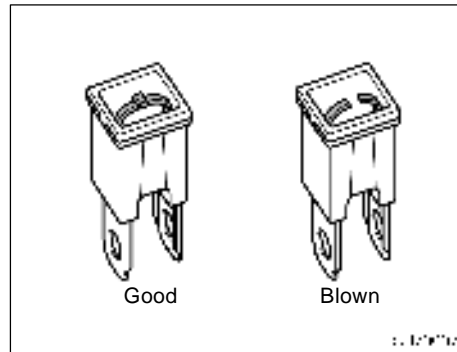
*Never recharge the battery while the engine is running. Also, be sure all accessories are turned off.*

## MR2 U

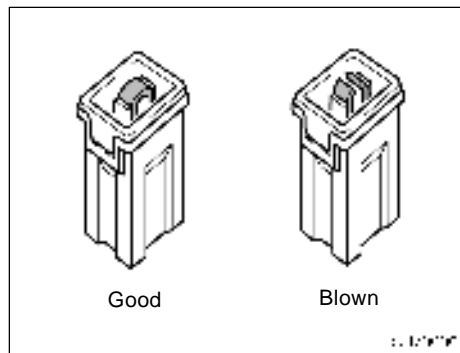
### Checking and replacing fuses



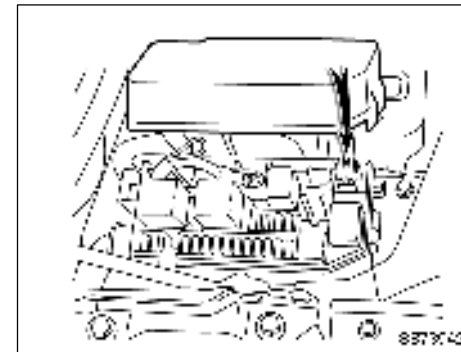
Type A



Type C



Type B



If the headlights or other electrical components do not work, check the fuses. If any of the fuses are blown, they must be replaced.

See "Fuse locations" in Section 7-1 for locations of the fuses.

**Turn the ignition switch and inoperative component off. Pull a suspected fuse straight out and check it.**

Determine which fuse may be causing the problem. The lid of the fuse box shows the name of the circuit for each fuse. See Section 8 of this manual for the functions controlled by each circuit.

Type A fuses can be pulled out by the pull-out tool. The location of the pull-out tool is shown in the illustration.



## MR2 U

If you are not sure whether the fuse has blown, try replacing the suspected fuse with one that you know is good.

**If the fuse has blown, push a new fuse into the clip.**

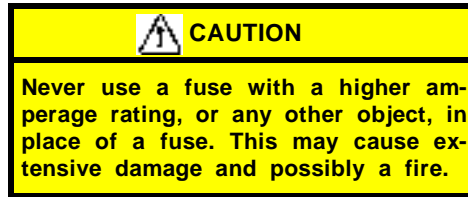
Only install a fuse with the amperage rating designated on the fuse box lid.

If you do not have a spare fuse, in an emergency you can pull out the "D P/W", "P P/W" or "CIG" fuse, which may be dispensable for normal driving, and use it if its amperage rating is the same.

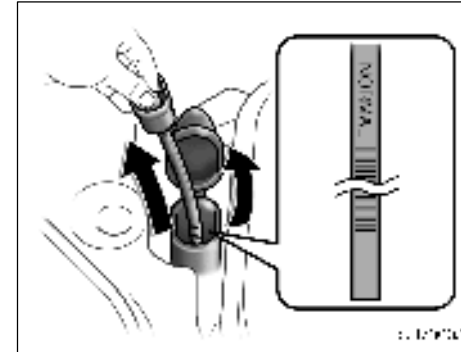
If you cannot use one of the same amperage, use one that is lower, but as close as possible to the rating. If the amperage is lower than that specified, the fuse might blow out again but this does not indicate anything wrong. Be sure to get the correct fuse as soon as possible and return the substitute to its original clip.

It is a good idea to purchase a set of spare fuses and keep them in your vehicle for emergencies.

If the new fuse immediately blows out, there is a problem with the electrical system. Have your Toyota dealer correct it as soon as possible.



### Adding washer fluid



**If any washer does not work, the washer tank may be empty. Check the washer fluid level on the level gauge. If the washer fluid level is below "LOW", add washer fluid.**

You may use plain water as washer fluid. However, in cold areas where temperatures range below freezing point, use washer fluid containing antifreeze. This product is available at your Toyota dealer and most auto parts stores. Follow the manufacturer's directions for how much to mix with water.

## MR2 U

### NOTICE

*Do not use engine antifreeze or any other substitute because it may damage your vehicle's paint.*

### Replacing light bulbs—

The following illustrations show how to gain access to the bulbs. When replacing a bulb, make sure the ignition switch and light switch are off. Use bulbs with the wattage ratings given in the table.



### CAUTION

Halogen bulbs have pressurized gas inside and require special handling. They can burst or shatter if scratched or dropped. Hold a bulb only by its plastic or metal case. Do not touch the glass part of a bulb with bare hands.

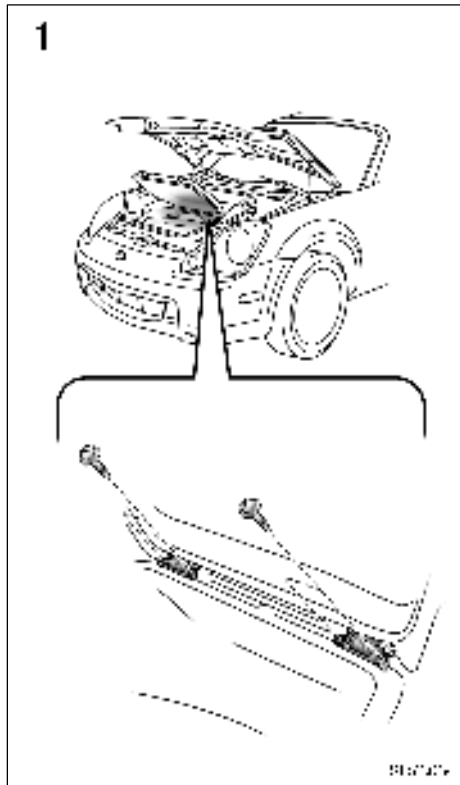
### NOTICE

*Only use a bulb of the listed type.*

Light bulbs	Bulb No.	W	Type
Headlights	—	60/55	A
Parking lights	—	5	B
Front turn signal lights	—	21	B
Front side marker lights	—	3.8	B
Rear turn signal lights	—	21	C
Stop/tail lights	—	21/5	B
Stop lights	—	21	B
Back-up lights	—	21	B
License plate lights	—	5	B
Interior light	—	8	D
High mounted stop light	—	5	B

A: HB2 halogen bulbs  
 B: Wedge base bulbs  
 C: Single end bulbs  
 D: Double end bulbs

## MR2 U

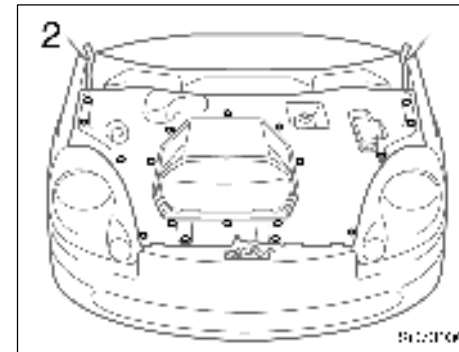


### BEFORE REPLACING LIGHT BULBS

Replacing headlights, parking lights and front turn signal lights.

**1. Remove the front box cover.**

Use a philips-head screwdriver.

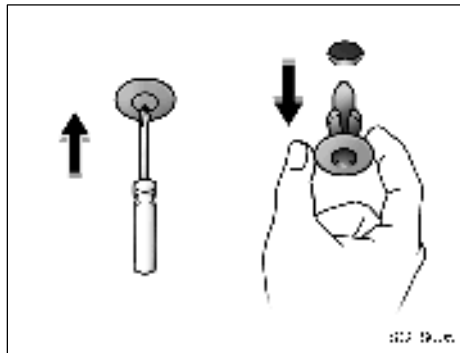


**2. Remove the cover in the trunk.**

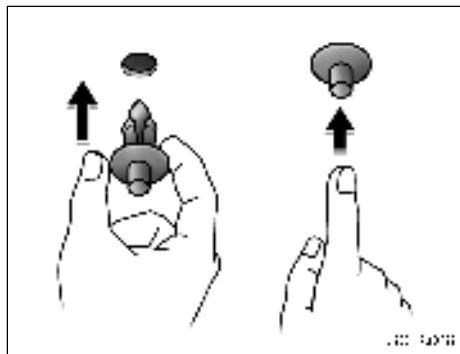
Remove and install the cover clips as shown in the following illustrations.

## MR2 U

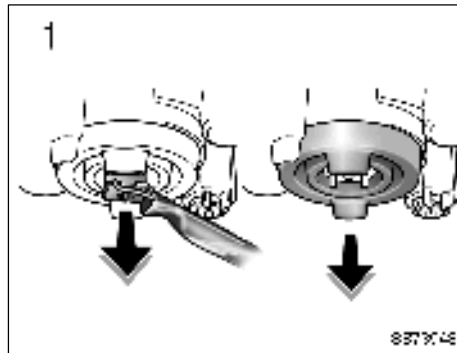
### —Headlights



Removing clips

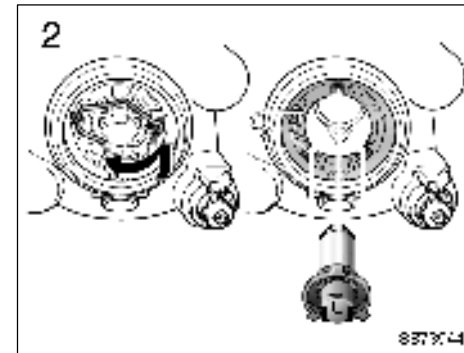


Installing clips



**1. Unplug the connector. Remove the rubber cover.**

If the connector is tight, wiggle it.

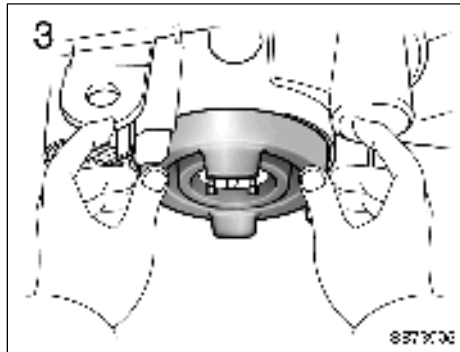


**2. Release the bulb retaining spring and remove the bulb. Install a new bulb and the bulb retaining spring.**

To install a bulb, align the tabs of the bulb with the cutouts of the mounting hole.

## MR2 U

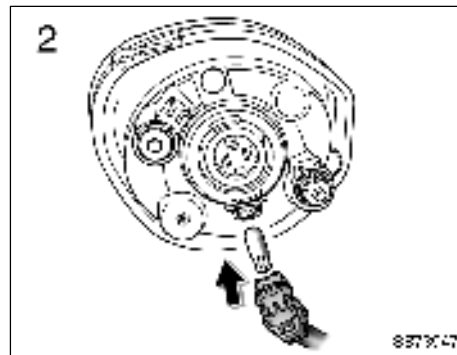
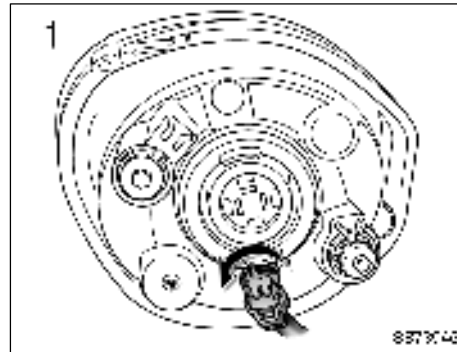
### —Parking lights



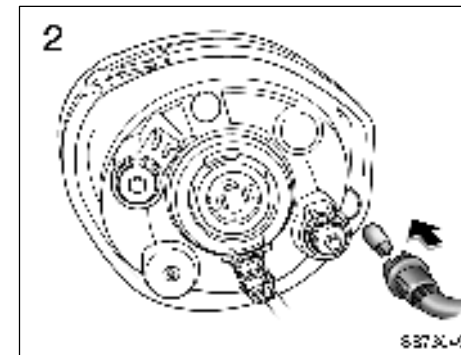
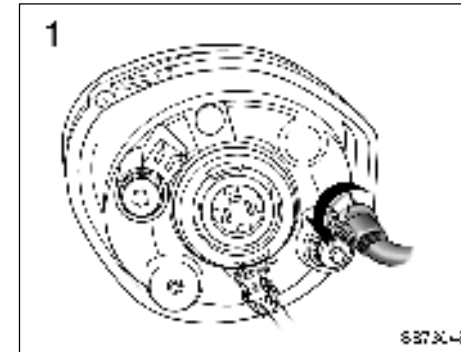
**3. Install the rubber cover as shown and snuggle on the boss. Insert the connector.**

Make sure the rubber cover fits snugly on the connector and the headlight body.

Aiming is not necessary after replacing the bulb. When aiming adjustment is necessary, contact your Toyota dealer.

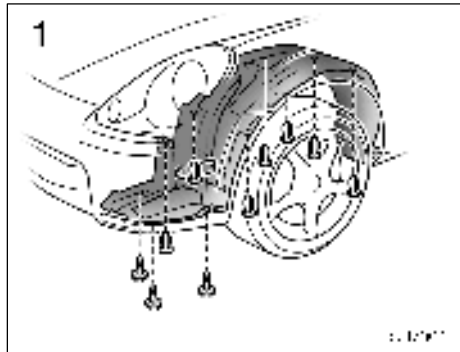


### —Front turn signal lights



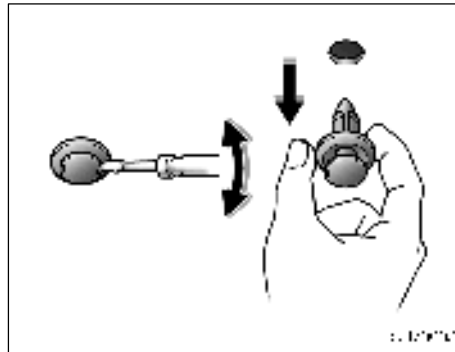
## MR2 U

### —Front side marker lights

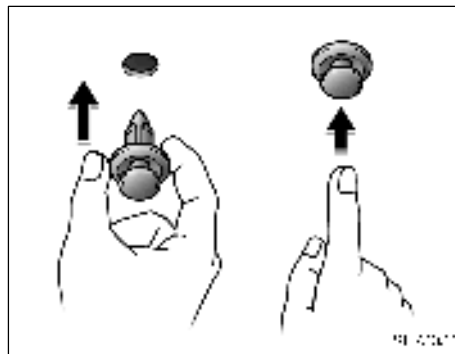
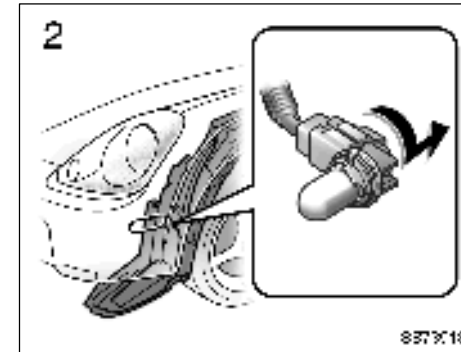


Phillips-head screw: Use a phillips-head screwdriver.

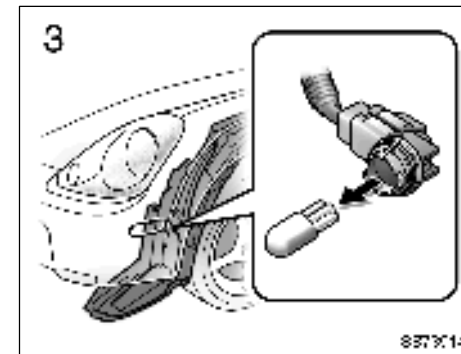
Cover clip: Remove and install the cover clips as shown in the following illustrations.



Removing clips

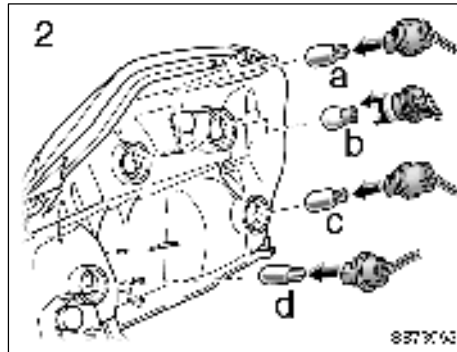
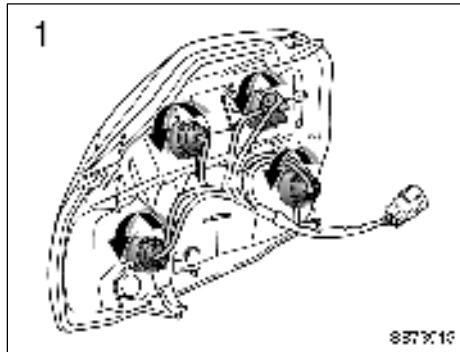


Installing clips



## MR2 U

—Rear turn signal, stop/tail, stop and back-up lights

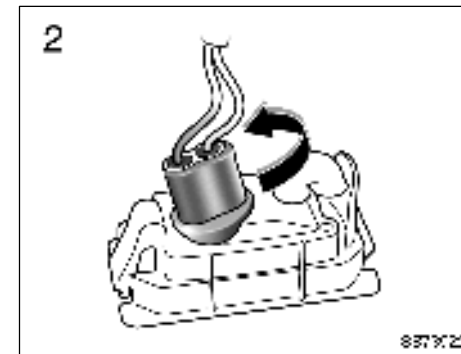
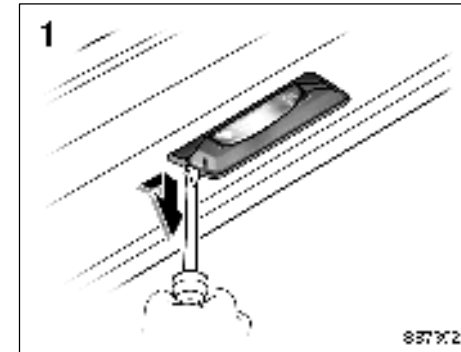


- a: Back-up light
- b: Rear turn signal light
- c: Stop/tail light
- d: Stop light

### CAUTION

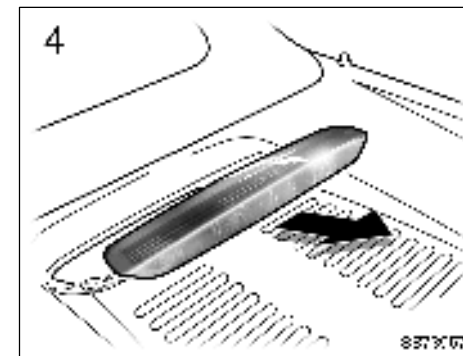
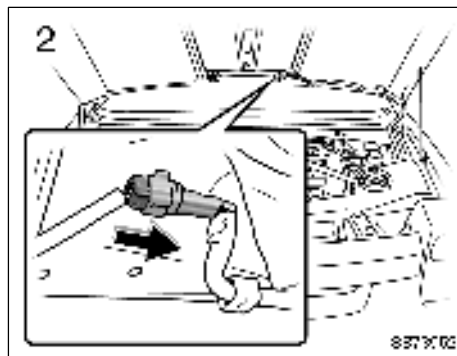
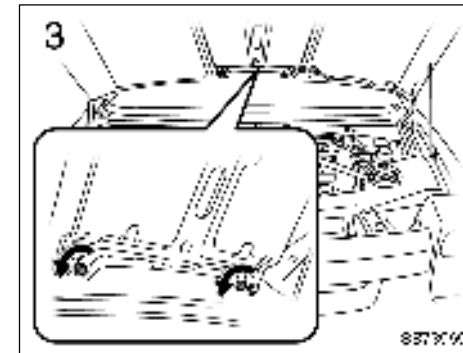
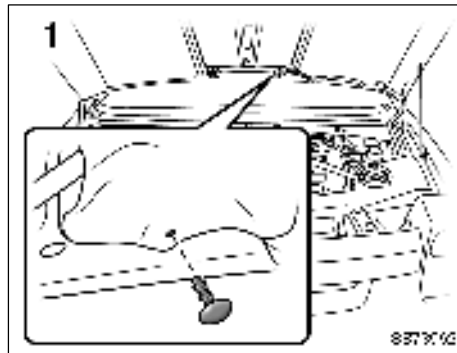
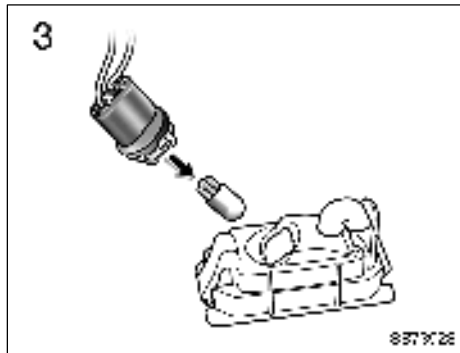
Be careful when you work in the area around the engine after driving in order to prevent burning yourself. The engine hood, the support rod, or surrounding area could be hot after driving.

—License plate lights



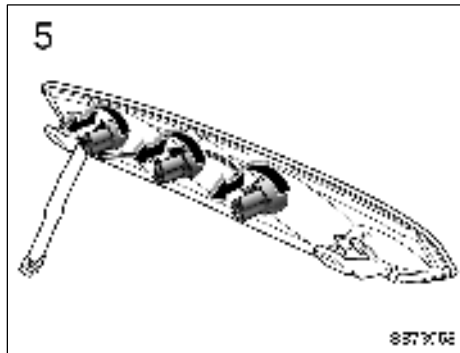
## MR2 U

### —High mounted stop light



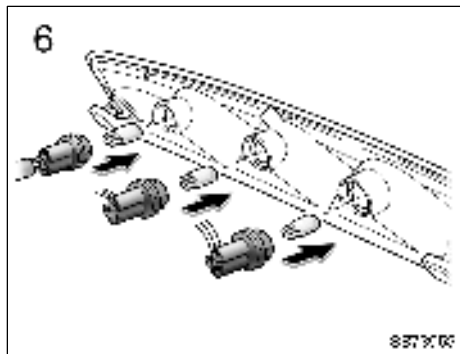


## MR2 U



### CAUTION

Be careful when you work in the area around the engine after driving in order to prevent burning yourself. The engine hood, the support rod, or surrounding area could be hot after driving.



**MR2 U**

# SECTION 8

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## SPECIFICATIONS

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## MR2 U

### Dimensions and weight

Overall length mm (in.)	3885 (153.0)
Overall width mm (in.)	1695 (66.7)
Overall height mm (in.)	1240 (48.8)*
Wheelbase mm (in.)	2450 (96.5)
Front tread mm (in.)	1475 (58.1)
Rear tread mm (in.)	1460 (57.5)
Vehicle capacity weight (occupants + luggage) kg (lb.)	193 (425)

\*: Unladen vehicle

### Engine

Model:	1ZZ-FE
Type:	4 cylinder in line, 4 cycle, gasoline
Bore and stroke, mm (in.):	79.0 × 91.5 (3.11 × 3.60)
Displacement, cm <sup>3</sup> (cu. in.):	1794 (109.5)

### Fuel

Fuel type:	Unleaded gasoline, Octane Rating 87 (Research Octane Number 91) or higher
Fuel tank capacity, L (gal., Imp. gal.):	48 (12.7, 10.6)

## MR2 U

### Service specifications

#### ENGINE

Valve clearance (engine cold), mm (in.):

Intake	0.15—0.25 (0.006—0.010)
Exhaust	0.25—0.35 (0.010—0.014)

Spark plug type:

DENSO	SK16R11
NGK	IFR5A11

Spark plug gap, mm (in.):

1.1 (0.043)

#### ENGINE LUBRICATION

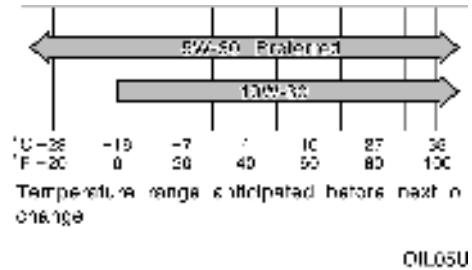
Oil capacity (drain and refill),  
L (qt., Imp. qt.):

With filter	3.7 (3.9, 3.3)
Without filter	3.5 (3.7, 3.1)

Oil grade:

API grade SJ, "Energy-Conserving" or ILSAC multigrade engine oil is recommended.

Recommended oil viscosity (SAE):



#### COOLING SYSTEM

Total capacity, L (qt., Imp. qt.):

Manual transaxle	10.4 (11.0, 9.2)
------------------	------------------

Coolant type:

"TOYOTA Long Life Coolant" or equivalent

With ethylene-glycol type coolant for a proper corrosion protection of aluminum components

Do not use alcohol type antifreeze or plain water alone.

#### BATTERY

Open voltage\* at 20°C (68°F):

12.6—12.8 V	Fully charged
12.2—12.4 V	Half charged
11.8—12.0 V	Discharged

\*: Voltage that is checked 20 minutes after the key is removed with all the lights turned off

Charging rates:

5 A max.

## MR2 U

### CLUTCH

Pedal free play, mm (in.):  
5—15 (0.2—0.6)

Fluid type:  
SAE J1703 or FMVSS No.116 DOT 3

### MANUAL TRANSAXLE

Oil capacity, L (qt., Imp. qt.):  
Vehicle with limited-slip differential  
1.8 (1.9, 1.6)  
Vehicle without limited-slip differential  
1.9 (2.0, 1.7)

Oil type:  
Gear oil API GL-4 or GL-5

Recommended oil viscosity:  
SAE 75W-90

### BRAKES

Minimum pedal clearance when depressed  
with the force of 490 N (50 kgf, 110 lbf)  
with the engine running, mm (in.):  
85 (3.4)

Pedal free play, mm (in.):  
1—6 (0.04—0.24)

Pad wear limit, mm (in.):  
1.0 (0.04)

Parking brake adjustment when pulled with  
the force of 196 N (20 kgf, 44 lbf):  
5—8 clicks

Fluid type:  
SAE J1703 or FMVSS No.116 DOT 3

### STEERING

Wheel free play:  
Less than 30 mm (1.2 in.)

Power steering fluid type:  
Toyota P.S fluid EH or equivalent

## MR2 U

### Tires

#### Tire size and pressure:

Except compact spare tire

	Tire size	Tire pressure kPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> or bar, psi)	Wheel size
Front	185/55R15 81V	180 (1.8, 26)	15 × 6JJ
Rear	205/50R15 85V	220 (2.2, 32)	15 × 6 1/2JJ

Compact spare tire

Tire size	Tire pressure kPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> or bar, psi)	Wheel size
T125/70D16	420 (4.2, 60)	16 × 4T

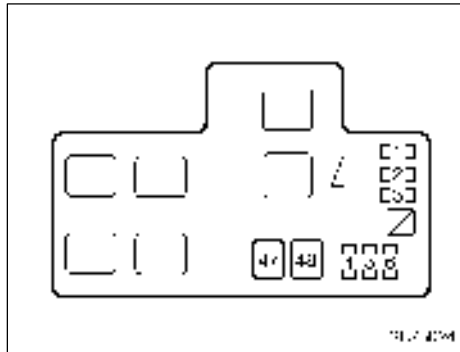
#### Wheel nut torque, N·m (kgf·m, ft·lbf):

103 (10.5, 76)

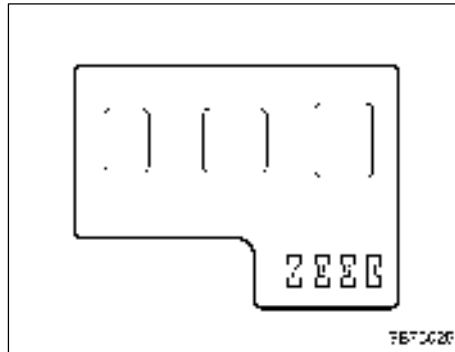
NOTE: For a complete information on tires (e.g. replacing tires or replacing wheels), see "Checking tire pressure" through "Aluminum wheel precautions" in Section 7-2.

## MR2 U

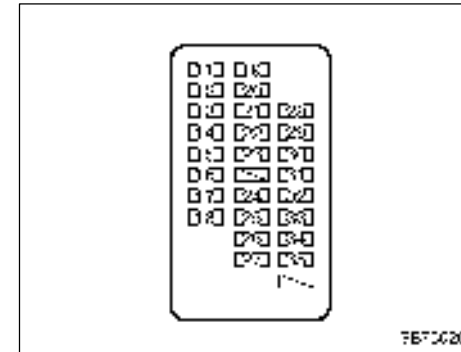
### Fuses



Trunk room



Trunk room



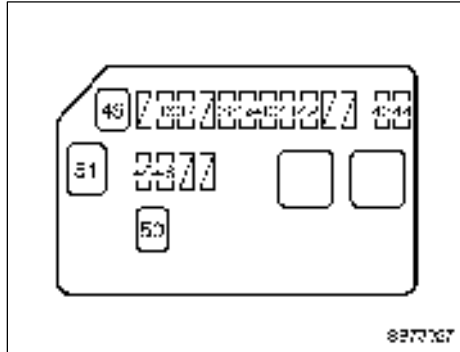
Instrument panel

#### Fuses (type A)

- 1. 30 A:** Spare fuse
- 2. 15 A:** Spare fuse
- 3. 20 A:** Spare fuse
- 4. RDI FAN 30 A:** Electric cooling fans
- 5. ABS1 20 A:** Anti-lock brake system
- 6. CDS FAN 30 A:** Electric cooling fans
- 7. HEAD LH UPR 10 A:** Left-hand headlight (high beam)
- 8. HEAD RH UPR 10 A:** Right-hand headlight (high beam)
- 9. HEAD LH LWR 10 A:** Left-hand headlight (low beam)
- 10. HEAD RH LWR 10 A:** Right-hand headlight (low beam)
- 11. WASHER 10 A:** Windshield wiper and washer
- 12. HTR 10 A:** Air conditioning system
- 13. WIPER 20 A:** Windshield wiper and washer
- 14. ECU-IG 7.5 A:** Power Steering system, anti-lock brake system
- 15. FAN-IG 7.5 A:** Electric cooling fans
- 16. TURN 7.5 A:** Turn signal lights, emergency flashers
- 17. GAUGE 7.5 A:** Power window system, gauges and meters, back-up lights, charging system, rear window defogger system
- 18. SRS 7.5 A:** SRS airbag system
- 19. DEF 25 A:** Rear window defogger system



## MR2 U



Engine compartment

- 20. **OBD 7.5 A:** On-board diagnosis system
- 21. **AM1 7.5 A:** "GAUGE" "ACC" "TURN" "ECU-IG" "WIPER" "WASHER" "SRS" "HTR 10A" "FAN-IG" fuses
- 22. **ACC 25 A:** "RADIO2" "CIG" fuses
- 23. **DOOR 15 A:** Power door lock system
- 24. **STOP 15 A:** Stop lights, high mounted stop light
- 25. **TAIL1 20 A:** "TAIL2" "PANEL" fuses
- 26. **D P/W 20 A:** Power window system
- 27. **P P/W 20 A:** Power window system
- 28. **RADIO1 15 A:** Power antenna, radio
- 29. **DOME 10 A:** Clock
- 30. **ECU-B 10 A:** Daytime running light system, gauges and meters
- 31. **TAIL2 10 A:** Taillights, parking lights, license plate lights, gauges and meters
- 32. **PANEL 7.5 A:** Clock, illuminations
- 33. **RADIO2 7.5 A:** Gauges and meters, outside rear view mirror system, clock
- 34. **CIG 15 A:** Cigarette lighter
- 35. **I/UP 7.5 A:** Engine idle up system
- 36. **ALT-S 7.5 A:** Charging system
- 37. **ECU-B1 25 A:** "ECU-B" "DOME" fuses
- 38. **HORN 10 A:** Horn
- 39. **HAZ 15 A:** Turn signal lights, emergency flashers
- 40. **AM2 15 A:** Starter system, multiport fuel injection system/sequential multiport fuel injection system, SRS airbag system
- 41. **IG2 15 A:** Ignition system, multiport fuel injection system/sequential multiport fuel injection system
- 42. **EF1 15 A:** Multiport fuel injection system/sequential multiport fuel injection system, engine immobiliser system
- 43. **DRL NO.1 7.5 A:** Daytime running light system
- 44. **DRL NO.2 20 A:** "HEAD LH LWR" "HEAD RH LWR" "HEAD LH UPR" "HEAD RH UPR" fuses
- 45. **EFI2 7.5 A:** Multiport fuel injection system/sequential multiport fuel injection system
- 46. **ST 7.5 A:** Starter system

### Fuses (type B)

- 47. **ABS2 40 A:** Anti-lock brake system
- 48. **EHPS 50 A:** Power steering system
- 49. **MAIN 40 A:** Starter system, "DRL" "DRL NO.2" fuses
- 50. **HTR 40 A:** Air conditioning system

### Fuses (type C)

- 51. **ALT 100 A:** "AM1" "D P/W" "P P/W" "DOOR" "STOP" "EHPS" "DEF" "TAIL1" "OBD" "HTR 40A" fuses

**MR2 U**

Scheduled

Maintenance

Guide



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## The Importance of Scheduled Maintenance

**R**egular maintenance is essential to obtaining the highest level of performance, safety and reliability from your Toyota. It can also enhance your vehicle's resale value. This booklet is designed to help you make sure your vehicle receives proper and timely maintenance. It includes factory-recommended maintenance guidelines along with information on the extensive maintenance and repair support available through Toyota and your dealership. You'll also find space to document your vehicle's maintenance history.

In addition to scheduled maintenance, your Toyota requires ongoing general maintenance which includes checking fluid levels and making periodic visual inspections. These items are explained under the "General Maintenance" heading in the "Vehicle Maintenance and Care" section of the *Owner's Manual*. Be sure to follow these guidelines carefully to ensure the most trouble-free operation of your vehicle.

With proper maintenance and care, your vehicle will last longer and deliver more dependable, economical performance. Follow this booklet's recommendations and you'll enjoy maximum reliability and peace of mind from your Toyota for many years to come.



**TOYOTA** | everyday

Maintaining your vehicle according to the recommendations in this booklet is required to ensure that your warranty coverage remains in force. You should keep detailed records of vehicle maintenance, including date of service, mileage at time of service and a description of service and/or parts installation performed. The Scheduled Maintenance Log in this booklet is a good place to record this information. If you sell your vehicle, be sure to give your maintenance records to the new owner.

Toyota will not deny a warranty claim solely because you do not have records to show that you maintained your vehicle. However, damage or failures caused by lack of proper maintenance are not covered under warranty.

Maintenance and repair services may be performed by you or by any automotive service provider you choose. Toyota will not deny a warranty claim solely because you used a service provider other than a Toyota dealership for maintenance and repairs. However, damage or failures caused by improper maintenance or repairs are not covered under warranty.

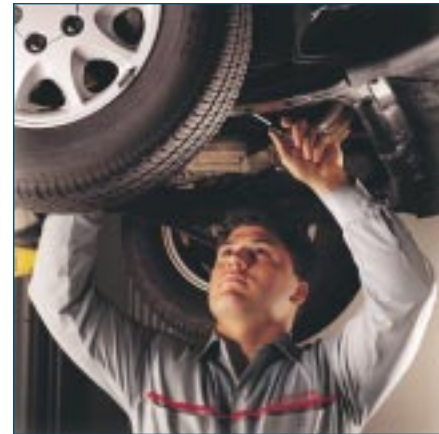
Your dealer may recommend more frequent maintenance intervals or more maintenance services than those listed in the Scheduled Maintenance Log. These additional services are not required to maintain your warranty coverage. Ask your dealer for an explanation of any recommended maintenance not included in the Scheduled Maintenance Log.

For a complete description of Toyota warranty coverages, see the booklet entitled *2000 Owner's Warranty Information* in your vehicle's glove box.

To ensure that your vehicle receives first-quality service and factory-authorized parts, Toyota recommends having maintenance performed by an authorized Toyota dealership.

Toyota dealership technicians are experts in the maintenance and repair of Toyota vehicles. They stay current on the latest service information through Toyota technical bulletins, service publications and training courses. Many are also certified through the Toyota Certified Technician Program, which requires completion of Toyota's specialized, state-of-the-art training as well as rigorous exams through both Toyota and the National Institute for Automotive Service Excellence. Feel free to ask any Toyota dealership to show you its technicians' credentials.

You can be confident you're getting the best possible service for your vehicle when you take it to a Toyota dealership. Why trust your investment to anything but a team of highly qualified Toyota specialists?



With Toyota Express Lube, you get the convenience of a quick-lube shop *and* the quality and expertise you count on when you go to a Toyota dealership. You also get the Express Lube guarantee: in 29 minutes or less from the time of write-up, a complete oil-and-filter change using Genuine Toyota Parts along with a multi-point inspection, or the next one is free.

You never need an appointment to use Express Lube at a Toyota dealership. You'll be waited on promptly and your oil-and-filter change will be done while you wait. Express Lube also delivers outstanding value, since the service is priced very competitively with franchised quick-lube centers.

More than 450 Toyota dealerships now offer Express Lube service. Call (800) 331-4331 for the Express Lube location nearest you.





## Genuine Toyota Parts & Accessories

To safeguard the quality, reliability and value of your vehicle, Toyota recommends using only Genuine Toyota Parts for maintenance and repairs. Like all Toyota products, Genuine Toyota Parts are built to the highest standards of quality and performance. They are also designed to fit your vehicle's exact specifications.

Your Toyota dealership maintains an extensive inventory of Genuine Toyota Parts to meet your vehicle service needs. And because it is linked electronically to Toyota's Parts Distribution Centers, the dealership has quick access to any parts it may not have in stock.

When installed by a Toyota dealership, Genuine Toyota Parts are warranted for 12 months (regardless of mileage) or the remainder of any applicable New Vehicle Limited Warranty, whichever is longer. Selected Toyota replacement parts are covered by a lifetime warranty (see page 8). Non-Genuine Toyota Parts — and any damage or failures resulting from their use — are not covered by any Toyota warranty.

For all your maintenance and repair needs, insist on the quality and peace of mind you only get with Genuine Toyota Parts.

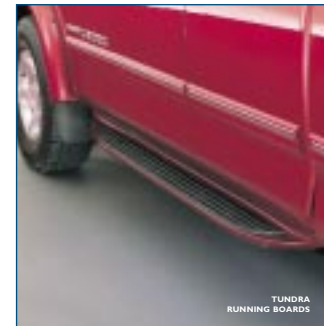
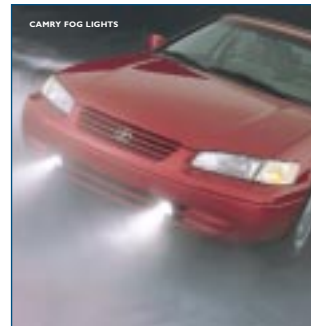


**TOYOTA**  
**GENUINE PARTS**

When you want to personalize your Toyota vehicle, be sure to do it without sacrificing Toyota quality and performance. How? By choosing Genuine Toyota Accessories.

Only Genuine Toyota Accessories are designed and manufactured specifically for Toyota vehicles. In addition, they undergo rigorous testing to ensure first-rate quality, precise fit and long-term durability. Aftermarket accessories don't always meet these same high standards.

The quality of Genuine Toyota Accessories is also backed by the integrity of a Toyota warranty. Coverage is for 12 months from date of purchase, regardless of mileage. If the accessory is installed at the time of new-vehicle purchase, coverage is extended to 36 months/36,000 miles. See your dealer for details. And remember that Genuine Toyota Accessories can only be purchased from an authorized Toyota dealership.



## Lifetime Guarantee Replacement Parts

Toyota's confidence in its products and commitment to customer satisfaction are demonstrated by outstanding warranty coverage — including a lifetime guarantee on replacement mufflers, exhaust pipes, shock absorbers, struts and strut cartridges. When purchased at and installed by a Toyota dealership, these Genuine Toyota Parts are guaranteed to the original purchaser for the life of the vehicle. This includes coverage for parts *and* labor.

Compare the guarantees offered on these parts by aftermarket repair shops — many don't offer the extensive coverage Toyota does. And remember that only Genuine Toyota Parts are manufactured to your vehicle's exact specifications. So don't compromise; when replacement time comes, count on your Toyota dealer for quality, performance and the peace of mind that comes with a factory-backed lifetime guarantee.

---

*For complete details of the Toyota Lifetime Guarantee, see an authorized Toyota dealer.*

### Compare Lifetime Guarantee Coverage

	Toyota	Others*
• Muffler	Yes	Yes
- Labor to replace	Yes	Yes
• Tail Pipe	Yes	No
- Labor to replace	Yes	No
• Exhaust Pipes	Yes	No
- Labor to replace	Yes	No

**We Cover The Muffler, Pipes And Labor Too!**

Theirs 

Ours 

\* Some muffler shops—read their fine print and compare.

The reputation for quality and reliability was likely a key reason behind your decision to buy a Toyota. That overall quality is present in each of the components of your car or truck, including the battery. When it's time for a replacement, your Toyota dealer is the only place to find a battery with the power to start and operate your vehicle like new.

To maintain the original performance designed into your Toyota, a replacement battery must meet Toyota's specifications for Cold Cranking Amps (CCA) and Reserve Capacity (RC). RC, a specification often not met by aftermarket brands, supplies the power you need during high-demand conditions such as driving in heavy traffic. RC is also what gives you the power to operate electronic accessories with the engine off. By choosing a TrueStart™, you can be confident your battery will meet your needs, every day.

Warranty coverage is another important consideration when selecting a replacement battery. TrueStart™ batteries feature a free replacement period of 18 months (regardless of mileage) or the remainder of the Toyota New Vehicle Limited Warranty,

whichever is longer. Following the free replacement period, warranty coverage is prorated based on the battery's time in use. See your Toyota dealer for more details.

Don't entrust your Toyota's performance to anything less than the best: Genuine Toyota TrueStart™ Batteries.



### Insist on Genuine Toyota Quality

If you're involved in a collision, you want your vehicle to be returned to its pre-accident condition when repaired. To maintain your Toyota's value, it's important to make sure it's repaired with Genuine Toyota Parts. Some repair shops and insurance companies may suggest using imitation or used salvage parts to save money. However, these parts do not meet Toyota's high standards for quality, fit and corrosion resistance. In addition, imitation and used salvage parts are not covered by any Toyota warranty (see box at right).

To maintain the appearance, performance and safety of your Toyota, make sure only Genuine Toyota Parts are used for collision repairs. Protect your investment — insist on Genuine Toyota quality.

Toyota warranty coverage remains intact when vehicle repairs are completed with Genuine Toyota Parts. Toyota warranties do not cover imitation or used salvage parts or any damage or failures caused by the use of such parts.

### In Case of Accident, Be an Informed Owner

Toyota believes customers have the right to choose the types of parts used in the repair of their vehicles. That's why Toyota supports full disclosure by repair shops and insurance companies regarding parts used for collision repair. The following information is provided to help you understand the differences in the types of parts that could be used in the repair of your vehicle.

### General Information

"Collision repair parts" or "replacement crash parts" are the parts typically replaced during the repair of a vehicle that has been damaged in a collision. These parts include exterior sheet metal such as fenders, hoods, doors and related components; and plastic components such as bumper covers and lamp assemblies.

## Warranty Coverage

Warranties for collision repair parts are provided by the manufacturer or distributor of the parts. Warranty coverage varies. Your insurance company or collision repair facility should provide you with written warranty statements for all parts used in the repair of your vehicle.

## Types of Collision Repair Parts

### New Original-Equipment Manufacturer (OEM)

Parts that are made by the vehicle manufacturer or one of its licensees and distributed through its normal channels. These parts maintain the manufacturer's vehicle warranty.

### Aftermarket or Imitation

Parts that are made by companies other than the vehicle manufacturer or its licensees.

### Recycled or Used Salvage

Used parts and assemblies that have been removed from another vehicle. There are no systems in place to regulate the quality or safety of these parts.

### Remanufactured

Parts that have been returned to like-new condition through repair, refurbishing or rebuilding.

Due to the critical nature of Supplemental Restraint Systems (also known as air bags), Toyota does not support the use of imitation or used parts for their repair. Only new Genuine Toyota Parts should be used to repair/replace Supplemental Restraint Systems.

When it's time to replace key wear items on your vehicle, don't settle for less than Genuine Toyota Parts. Available exclusively through Toyota dealerships, Genuine Toyota Parts meet the highest standards of quality and performance and are built to exact factory specifications. Here are a few of your vehicle's components that are particularly subject to wear and some benefits of replacing them with Genuine Toyota Parts.

### **Genuine Toyota Platinum Spark Plugs\***

- Designed to last at least 60,000 miles.
- Provide the maximum spark required by Toyota's high-compression engines.
- Resist fouling and misfires for more efficient combustion and better fuel economy.

---

\* Available for selected models. See your dealer for details.

### **Genuine Toyota Brake Pads**

- Friction materials selected for optimum performance when matched with Toyota brake drums or rotors.
- Precision-machined backing plates allow pads to move freely within the calipers for smooth, efficient braking.

### **Genuine Toyota Wiper Inserts**

- Cut to match the exact length and shape of your vehicle's wiper blades for a proper and secure fit.
- Constructed of compression-molded natural rubber — not synthetic — for superior wiping performance.



## **Genuine Toyota Chemicals**

Toyota offers a complete line of products to help you keep your Toyota looking and running like new. To safeguard your vehicle's appearance, you'll find everything from fabric spot remover and glass cleaner to liquid car wash and touch-up paint. When it's time to get under the hood (or under the car), products such as fuel injector cleaner, brake fluid and silicone spray will help you get the job done. All of these products are formulated specifically for use with Toyota vehicles, so you can be confident you're giving your vehicle the best care possible, inside and out.

## **Genuine Toyota Antifreeze Coolant**

Genuine Toyota Long Life Antifreeze Coolant is the same high quality, factory-fill product found in all new Toyotas. You'll know it by its distinctive red color. It provides maximum protection and durability without the use of harmful silicates. And because it's compatible with non-metallic materials, it helps extend the life of water-pump seals. Don't trust your engine to anything less than the best: Genuine Toyota Long Life Antifreeze Coolant.

## **Genuine Toyota Motor Oil**

Your Toyota's engine features highly advanced technology to ensure superior performance, reliability and fuel economy. Genuine Toyota Motor Oil is formulated with a special combination of lube-base stocks and an additive blend to maximize the benefits of this technology. Make sure you're getting the most out of your engine by always putting the best into it: Genuine Toyota Motor Oil.





## Toyota Parts Centers

If you plan to perform your own maintenance or repairs on your Toyota, be sure to check out your nearby Toyota Parts Center (TPC). More than 500 Toyota dealerships now have a TPC, which is an in-dealership parts store offering a wide selection of automotive products. All TPCs feature a complete line of Genuine Toyota maintenance parts and car-care products for “do-it-yourselfers.”

In addition to Toyota maintenance and repair products, TPCs offer free technical advice to Toyota owners who want to service their own vehicles. You’ll also find model-specific parts application guides and how-to brochures covering most common maintenance jobs. Both are provided to customers free of charge.

Toyota Parts Centers are open during regular dealership hours; many also have extended evening and weekend hours. If you’re a do-it-yourselfer, stop by and experience the service, selection and value offered by your local TPC.



If you'll be doing some of your own maintenance and repair work on your vehicle, a Toyota service manual will be one of your most valuable tools. Toyota offers three types of manuals to assist do-it-yourselfers. To order any of the following manuals, call Toyota's service publications department at (800)622-2033.

## Vehicle Repair Manual

This is the same manual used by professional technicians in Toyota dealerships throughout the United States. It is fully illustrated and includes maintenance and repair procedures for all vehicle mechanical systems. It also includes instructions for vehicle tune-ups.

## Electrical Systems Manual

This manual provides detailed wiring diagrams for each electrical system in your vehicle, along with troubleshooting tips and repair procedures.

## Automatic Transmission/Transaxle Repair Manual

This manual includes complete procedures for overhauling the automatic transmission/transaxle of your vehicle.

For information on basic do-it-yourself maintenance items, see the "Vehicle Maintenance and Care" and "Do-It-Yourself Maintenance" sections of your *Owner's Manual*.





## Extended Service Coverage

A Toyota Motor Insurance Services (TMIS) vehicle service agreement provides protection against unexpected repairs for mechanical breakdown beyond the factory warranty. It also protects you from increases in the cost of covered repairs. In addition, many TMIS plans include benefits such as towing, substitute transportation and travel protection with lodging and meals.

Because they are factory-backed, TMIS service agreements are accepted at all Toyota dealerships in the United States and Canada. That means repairs are made only by factory-trained technicians using Genuine Toyota Parts.

TMIS offers several levels of service agreement coverage, each with a variety of time and mileage options. Your Toyota dealer can help you select the coverage that best meets your needs.

## Pre-Paid Maintenance

An excellent way to make sure your Toyota receives the recommended maintenance — and to protect yourself from increases in vehicle service costs — is to pay for maintenance services in advance.

Toyota Auto Care pre-paid maintenance plans are available for both new and used vehicles. Benefits include oil-and-filter changes, lubrication of key chassis parts and a 19-point vehicle inspection at each service interval. In addition, you receive 24-hour roadside assistance, timed service reminders and a computerized history of each service visit. The Premium Plan (available for new vehicles) also includes tire rotations and factory-recommended maintenance at service intervals of 15,000, 30,000 and 45,000 miles.

Toyota Auto Care plans offer two coverage levels as well as several options for service intervals, time and mileage. Ask your Toyota dealer to help you select the options that are best for you.

Toyota Financial Services is a servicemark used by Toyota Motor Insurance Services, Inc.

## Determining the Proper Maintenance Interval

Depending on your circumstances, you should obtain maintenance for your Toyota every 5,000 miles or every 7,500 miles. Follow these guidelines to determine which interval to use.

### 5,000-Mile Intervals

Use 5,000-mile intervals if you primarily operate your vehicle under any of the following conditions:

- Driving on unpaved or dusty roads.
- Towing a trailer or using a camper or car-top carrier.
- Repeated trips of less than five miles in temperatures below freezing.

### 7,500-Mile Intervals

Use 7,500-mile intervals if you primarily operate your vehicle under conditions other than those listed above.

## Following the Maintenance Log Charts

The Scheduled Maintenance Log identifies the maintenance required at each mileage interval and corresponding time interval based on mileage of 1,250 miles per month. If you drive more than 1,250 miles per month, you should obtain maintenance at the indicated mileage interval rather than the indicated time interval.

If you choose 5,000-mile intervals, follow the maintenance instructions shown below non-shaded headings such as this one:

5,000 Miles or 4 Months
-------------------------

If you choose 7,500-mile intervals, follow the maintenance instructions shown below shaded headings such as this one:

7,500 Miles or 6 Months
-------------------------

At 15,000-mile increments, the 5,000-mile and 7,500-mile intervals coincide. Therefore, shaded and non-shaded headings appear together, as in this example:

15,000 Miles or 12 Months
---------------------------

15,000 Miles or 12 Months
---------------------------

## Special Operating Conditions

In addition to standard maintenance items, the Scheduled Maintenance Log indicates services that should be performed on vehicles that are driven under especially demanding conditions. Specific conditions require specific services, as indicated below. The Scheduled Maintenance Log indicates at which mileage/time intervals each service should be performed.

You should perform these additional maintenance services if you drive *primarily* under any of the conditions noted. If you drive only occasionally under these conditions, it is not necessary to perform the additional services.

### Driving on Rough, Muddy or Snow-Melted Roads

- Rotate tires
- Inspect ball joints and dust cover
- Inspect brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
- Inspect drive shaft boots
- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body

- Inspect steering linkage
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt\*
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt\*

### Driving on Salt-Covered Roads

- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt\*

### Driving on Unpaved or Dusty Roads

- Inspect brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
- Inspect or change engine air filter
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt\*

### Extensive Idling or Low-Speed Driving for Long Distances

- Inspect brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs

---

\* Applies to selected models. See the Scheduled Maintenance Log for details.

## **Towing a Trailer or Using a Camper or Car-Top Carrier**

- Inspect brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace differential oil
- Replace transmission fluid or oil
- Replace transfer oil\*
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt\*

## **Off-Road Maintenance**

If you own a Land Cruiser or a four-wheel drive RAV4, Tacoma, Tundra or 4Runner, you should check the following items daily whenever you drive off-road through deep sand, mud or water:

- Brake lines and hoses
- Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
- Engine air filter
- Differential oil
- Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Transfer oil
- Transmission fluid or oil
- Wheel bearings

For all four-wheel drive vehicles except RAV4, you should also lubricate the propeller shafts daily.

The following descriptions are provided to give you a better understanding of the maintenance items that should be performed on your vehicle. The Scheduled Maintenance Log indicates at which mileage/time intervals each item should be performed. Please note that many maintenance items should be performed only by a qualified technician.

For further information on maintenance items you can perform yourself, see the “Vehicle Maintenance and Care” and “Do-It-Yourself Maintenance” sections of your *Owner's Manual*.

### **Automatic Transmission Fluid or Manual Transmission Oil**

Inspect each component for signs of leakage. If you discover any leakage, have it repaired by a qualified technician immediately.

### **Ball Joints and Dust Covers**

Check the suspension and steering linkage ball joints for looseness and damage. Check all dust covers for deterioration and damage. A qualified technician should perform these inspections.

### **Brake Lines and Hoses**

Visually inspect for proper installation. Check for chafing, cracks, deterioration and evidence of leaking. Replace any deteriorated or damaged parts immediately. A qualified technician should perform these operations.

### **Brake Linings/Drums and Brake Pads/Discs**

Check the brake linings (shoes) and drums for scoring, burning, fluid leakage, broken parts and excessive wear. Check the pads for excessive wear and the discs for runout, excessive wear and fluid leakage. A qualified technician should perform these inspections.

### **Charcoal Canister (CA, MA and NY vehicles)**

Check for internal damage and clogging. If necessary, clean with compressed air or replace. A qualified technician should perform these operations.

### **Differential Oil**

Inspect each component for signs of leakage. If you discover any leakage, have it repaired by a qualified technician immediately.

### **Drive Belts**

Inspect for cracks, excessive wear and oiliness. Check the belt tension and adjust if necessary. Replace the belts if they are damaged.

### **Drive Shaft Boots**

Check the drive shaft boots and clamps for cracks, deterioration and damage. Replace any damaged parts and, if necessary, repack the grease. Selected models also require periodic inspection of the drive shaft bolt for proper torque. A qualified technician should perform these operations.

### **Engine Air Filter**

Check for damage, excessive wear and oiliness. Replace if necessary.

### **Engine Coolant**

Drain and flush the cooling system and refill with an ethylene-glycol type coolant. A qualified technician should perform this operation.

### **Engine Oil and Oil Filter**

Change the oil filter and replace the engine oil with API SJ, Energy-Conserving II multigrade or ILSAC multigrade oil. For recommended viscosity, refer to your *Owner's Manual*.



## **Engine Valves**

Inspect for excessive lifter noise and engine vibration and adjust if necessary. A qualified technician should perform this operation.

## **Exhaust Pipes and Mountings**

Visually inspect the exhaust pipes, muffler and hangers for cracks, deterioration and damage. Start the engine and listen carefully for any exhaust gas leakage. Tighten connections or replace parts as necessary.

## **Fuel Lines and Connections, Fuel Tank Band and Fuel Tank Vapor Vent System Hoses**

Visually inspect for corrosion, damage, cracks and loose or leaking connections. Tighten connections or replace parts as necessary.

## **Fuel Tank Cap Gasket**

Visually inspect for cracks, deterioration and damage and replace if necessary.

## **Nuts and Bolts on Chassis and Body**

Re-tighten the seat mounting bolts and front/rear suspension member retaining bolts to specified torque.

## **Propeller Shaft**

Lubricate the propeller shaft spiders and slide yokes with lithium-base chassis grease and the double cardan joint with molybdenum-disulfide lithium-base chassis grease, and re-torque the bolt. Only a qualified technician should re-torque the bolt.

## **Spark Plugs**

Install new plugs of the same type as originally equipped. A qualified technician should perform this operation.

## **Steering Gear Box**

Inspect for signs of leakage. If you discover any leakage, have it repaired immediately by a qualified technician.

### **Steering Wheel, Linkage and Boots**

With the vehicle stopped, check for excessive freeplay in the steering wheel. Inspect the linkage for bending and damage and the dust boots for deterioration, cracks and damage. Replace any damaged parts. A qualified technician should perform these operations.

### **Timing Belt**

Replace every 90,000 miles. A qualified technician should perform this operation.

### **Tire Rotation**

Tires should be rotated according to the instructions in the *Owner's Manual*. When rotating tires, check for damage and uneven wear.

### **Transfer Case Oil**

Inspect each component for signs of leakage. If you discover any leakage, have it repaired by a qualified technician immediately.

### **Wheel Bearing and Drive Shaft Bearing Grease**

Repack the wheel bearings with wheel bearing grease and the front drive shaft bearings with molybdenum-disulfide lithium-base chassis grease. A qualified technician should perform these operations.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 5,000 Miles or 4 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ball joints and dust covers              | <input type="checkbox"/> Engine air filter                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs | <input type="checkbox"/> Nuts and bolts on chassis and body |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drive shaft boots                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Steering wheel, linkage and boots  |

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 10,000 Miles or 8 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ball joints and dust covers              | <input type="checkbox"/> Engine air filter                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs | <input type="checkbox"/> Nuts and bolts on chassis and body |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drive shaft boots                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Steering wheel, linkage and boots  |

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 7,500 Miles or 6 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

15,000 Miles or 12 Months								
15,000 Miles or 12 Months								
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine oil and oil filter</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Replace air conditioning filter (Avalon)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Inspect the following:               <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;"><input type="checkbox"/> Ball joints and dust covers</td> <td style="width: 50%;"><input type="checkbox"/> Exhaust pipes and mountings</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Brake lines and hoses</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Steering gear box</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Steering wheel, linkage and boots</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Drive shaft boots</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> </li> </ul> <p><b>Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:*</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Inspect automatic transmission fluid (Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla, Sienna)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Inspect differential oil<sup>1</sup></li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Inspect engine air filter</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body</li> </ul>	<input type="checkbox"/> Ball joints and dust covers	<input type="checkbox"/> Exhaust pipes and mountings	<input type="checkbox"/> Brake lines and hoses	<input type="checkbox"/> Steering gear box	<input type="checkbox"/> Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs	<input type="checkbox"/> Steering wheel, linkage and boots	<input type="checkbox"/> Drive shaft boots	
<input type="checkbox"/> Ball joints and dust covers	<input type="checkbox"/> Exhaust pipes and mountings							
<input type="checkbox"/> Brake lines and hoses	<input type="checkbox"/> Steering gear box							
<input type="checkbox"/> Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs	<input type="checkbox"/> Steering wheel, linkage and boots							
<input type="checkbox"/> Drive shaft boots								

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION	Date: _____
	Mileage: _____



<sup>1</sup> Applies to Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla and Sienna models with automatic transmission.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 20,000 Miles or 16 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Engine air filter
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 25,000 Miles or 20 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Engine air filter
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 22,500 Miles or 18 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 30,000 Miles or 24 Months

## 30,000 Miles or 24 Months

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine air filter                                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine oil and oil filter |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine coolant                                      | <input type="checkbox"/> Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace air conditioning filter (Avalon)                    |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect the following:                                      |  |
| ___ Ball joints and dust covers  | ___ Drive shaft boots                                      |
| ___ Brake lines and hoses  | ___ Exhaust pipes and mountings                            |
| ___ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs   | ___ Fuel tank cap gasket                                   |
| ___ Differential oil   | ___ Steering gear box                                      |
| ___ Fuel lines and connections, fuel tank band and fuel tank vapor vent system hoses | ___ Steering wheel, linkage and boots                      |
|  | ___ Transmission fluid or oil                              |

### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace automatic transmission fluid (Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla, Sienna)
- Replace differential oil<sup>1</sup>
- Replace manual transmission oil

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

**TOYOTA**  
**QUALITY SERVICE**

<sup>1</sup> Applies to all models with manual transmission and Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla and Sienna models with automatic transmission.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 35,000 Miles or 28 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Engine air filter
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 40,000 Miles or 32 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Engine air filter
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 37,500 Miles or 30 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 45,000 Miles or 36 Months

## 45,000 Miles or 36 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)
- Replace air conditioning filter (Avalon)
- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake lines and hoses
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Exhaust pipes and mountings
  - \_\_\_ Steering gear box
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots

### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:<sup>\*</sup>

- Inspect automatic transmission fluid (Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla, Sienna)
- Inspect differential oil<sup>1</sup>
- Inspect engine air filter
- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_



<sup>1</sup> Applies to Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla and Sienna models with automatic transmission.



## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 50,000 Miles or 40 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Engine air filter
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 55,000 Miles or 44 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Engine air filter
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 52,500 Miles or 42 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

60,000 Miles or 48 Months	
60,000 Miles or 48 Months	
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine air filter	<input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine oil and oil filter
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine coolant	<input type="checkbox"/> Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace air conditioning filter (Avalon)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace platinum spark plugs (Camry, Camry Solara, Sienna) <sup>1</sup>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Inspect the following:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Ball joints and dust covers	<input type="checkbox"/> Drive shaft boots
<input type="checkbox"/> Brake lines and hoses	<input type="checkbox"/> Engine valve clearance
<input type="checkbox"/> Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs	<input type="checkbox"/> Exhaust pipes and mountings
<input type="checkbox"/> Charcoal canister (Sienna) <sup>2</sup>	<input type="checkbox"/> Fuel tank cap gasket
<input type="checkbox"/> Differential oil	<input type="checkbox"/> Steering gear box
<input type="checkbox"/> Drive belts <sup>3</sup>	<input type="checkbox"/> Steering wheel, linkage and boots
<input type="checkbox"/> Fuel lines and connections, fuel tank band and fuel tank vapor vent system hoses	<input type="checkbox"/> Transmission fluid or oil
<b>Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:*</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body	
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace automatic transmission fluid	
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace differential oil	
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace manual transmission oil	

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION	Date: _____
	Mileage: _____



<sup>1</sup> Required under the terms of the Emission Control Warranty.

<sup>2</sup> Inspect at 60,000 miles or 72 months, whichever comes first. Required only for vehicles in California, Massachusetts and New York.

<sup>3</sup> Initial inspection at 60,000 miles. Inspect every 15,000 miles thereafter.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 65,000 Miles or 52 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Engine air filter
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 70,000 Miles or 56 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Engine air filter
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 67,500 Miles or 54 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

75,000 Miles or 60 Months								
<b>75,000 Miles or 60 Months</b>								
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine oil and oil filter <input type="checkbox"/> Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder) <input type="checkbox"/> Replace air conditioning filter (Avalon) <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect the following: <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td>___ Ball joints and dust covers</td> <td>___ Drive shaft boots</td> </tr> <tr> <td>___ Brake lines and hoses</td> <td>___ Exhaust pipes and mountings</td> </tr> <tr> <td>___ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs</td> <td>___ Steering gear box</td> </tr> <tr> <td>___ Drive belts</td> <td>___ Steering wheel, linkage and boots</td> </tr> </table>	___ Ball joints and dust covers	___ Drive shaft boots	___ Brake lines and hoses	___ Exhaust pipes and mountings	___ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs	___ Steering gear box	___ Drive belts	___ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
___ Ball joints and dust covers	___ Drive shaft boots							
___ Brake lines and hoses	___ Exhaust pipes and mountings							
___ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs	___ Steering gear box							
___ Drive belts	___ Steering wheel, linkage and boots							
<b>Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:*</b>								
<input type="checkbox"/> Inspect automatic transmission fluid (Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla, Sienna) <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect differential oil <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect engine air filter <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body								

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION	Date: _____
	Mileage: _____

**TOYOTA**  
**GENUINE PARTS**

<sup>1</sup> Applies to Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla and Sienna models with automatic transmission.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 80,000 Miles or 64 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Engine air filter
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 85,000 Miles or 68 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Engine air filter
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 82,500 Miles or 66 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 90,000 Miles or 72 Months

## 90,000 Miles or 72 Months

- Replace engine air filter
- Replace engine coolant
- Replace air conditioning filter (Avalon)
- Replace timing belt (Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Sienna)
- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake lines and hoses
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Differential oil
  - \_\_\_ Drive belts
  - \_\_\_ Fuel lines and connections, fuel tank band and fuel tank vapor vent system hoses
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Exhaust pipes and mountings
  - \_\_\_ Fuel tank cap gasket
  - \_\_\_ Steering gear box
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
  - \_\_\_ Transmission fluid or oil
- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace automatic transmission fluid (Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla, Sienna)
- Replace differential oil<sup>1</sup>
- Replace manual transmission oil

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

**TOYOTA**  
**QUALITY SERVICE**

<sup>1</sup> Applies to all models with manual transmission and Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla and Sienna models with automatic transmission.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 95,000 Miles or 76 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Engine air filter
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 100,000 Miles or 80 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- Ball joints and dust covers
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Engine air filter
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 97,500 Miles or 78 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

105,000 Miles or 84 Months								
105,000 Miles or 84 Months								
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine oil and oil filter <input type="checkbox"/> Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder) <input type="checkbox"/> Replace air conditioning filter (Avalon) <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect the following: <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">___ Ball joints and dust covers</td> <td style="width: 50%;">___ Drive shaft boots</td> </tr> <tr> <td>___ Brake lines and hoses</td> <td>___ Exhaust pipes and mountings</td> </tr> <tr> <td>___ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs</td> <td>___ Steering gear box</td> </tr> <tr> <td>___ Drive belts</td> <td>___ Steering wheel, linkage and boots</td> </tr> </table>	___ Ball joints and dust covers	___ Drive shaft boots	___ Brake lines and hoses	___ Exhaust pipes and mountings	___ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs	___ Steering gear box	___ Drive belts	___ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
___ Ball joints and dust covers	___ Drive shaft boots							
___ Brake lines and hoses	___ Exhaust pipes and mountings							
___ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs	___ Steering gear box							
___ Drive belts	___ Steering wheel, linkage and boots							
<p><b>Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:*</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect automatic transmission fluid (Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla, Sienna) <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect differential oil <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect engine air filter <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body								

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION	Date: _____  Mileage: _____
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<sup>1</sup> Applies to Avalon, Camry, Camry Solara, Corolla and Sienna models with automatic transmission.



## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 110,000 Miles or 88 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ball joints and dust covers              | <input type="checkbox"/> Engine air filter                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs | <input type="checkbox"/> Nuts and bolts on chassis and body |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drive shaft boots                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Steering wheel, linkage and boots  |

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 115,000 Miles or 92 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ball joints and dust covers              | <input type="checkbox"/> Engine air filter                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs | <input type="checkbox"/> Nuts and bolts on chassis and body |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drive shaft boots                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Steering wheel, linkage and boots  |

- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 112,500 Miles or 90 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

120,000 Miles or 96 Months	
120,000 Miles or 96 Months	
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine air filter	<input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine oil and oil filter
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine coolant	<input type="checkbox"/> Replace spark plugs (all models) <sup>1</sup>
<input type="checkbox"/> Rotate tires (except MR2 Spyder)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace air conditioning filter (Avalon)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Inspect the following:	
___ Ball joints and dust covers	___ Drive shaft boots
___ Brake lines and hoses	___ Engine valve clearance
___ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs	___ Exhaust pipes and mountings
___ Charcoal canister (Sienna) <sup>2</sup>	___ Fuel tank cap gasket
___ Differential oil	___ Steering gear box
___ Drive belts	___ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
___ Fuel lines and connections, fuel tank band and fuel tank vapor vent system hoses	___ Transmission fluid or oil
<b>Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:*</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body	
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace automatic transmission fluid	
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace differential oil	
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace manual transmission oil	

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION	Date: _____
	Mileage: _____



<sup>1</sup> Required under the terms of the Emission Control Warranty.

<sup>2</sup> Inspect at 120,000 miles or 144 months, whichever comes first. Required only for vehicles in California, Massachusetts and New York.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 5,000 Miles or 4 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 10,000 Miles or 8 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 7,500 Miles or 6 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 15,000 Miles or 12 Months

## 15,000 Miles or 12 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Lubricate propeller shaft (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)
- Re-torque propeller shaft bolt (all models except RAV4)
- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Automatic transmission fluid (Tundra)
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake lines and hoses
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots (all 4WD models and 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Exhaust pipes and mountings
  - Rotate tires
  - \_\_\_ Front differential oil (all 4WD except RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Limited-slip differential oil (Land Cruiser, 4WD RAV4)<sup>1</sup>
  - \_\_\_ Rear differential oil (all models except 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Steering gear box
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots

### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect automatic transmission fluid (Land Cruiser, RAV4, Tacoma, 4Runner)
- Inspect engine air filter
- Inspect front differential oil (2WD and 4WD RAV4)
- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace automatic transmission fluid (Tundra)
- Replace front differential oil (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Replace rear differential oil (including limited-slip)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

**TOYOTA**  
**GENUINE PARTS**

<sup>1</sup> If vehicle is equipped with limited-slip differential.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 20,000 Miles or 16 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - Ball joints and dust covers
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Engine air filter
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 25,000 Miles or 20 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - Ball joints and dust covers
  - Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - Drive shaft boots
  - Engine air filter
  - Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 22,500 Miles or 18 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 30,000 Miles or 24 Months

## 30,000 Miles or 24 Months

- Replace engine air filter
- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Replace engine coolant
- Rotate tires
- Replace limited-slip differential oil (Land Cruiser)<sup>1</sup>
- Replace non-platinum spark plugs (Tacoma, Tundra, 4Runner)<sup>2</sup>
- Lubricate propeller shaft (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Lubricate wheel bearings (Tacoma 2WD)
- Lubricate wheel bearings and drive shaft bearings (Land Cruiser)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)
- Re-torque propeller shaft bolt (all models except RAV4)
- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Fuel tank cap gasket
  - \_\_\_ Brake lines and hoses
  - \_\_\_ Limited-slip differential oil (4WD RAV4)<sup>1</sup>
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Rear differential oil (all models except 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots (all 4WD models and 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Steering gear box
  - \_\_\_ Exhaust pipes and mountings
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
  - \_\_\_ Front differential oil
  - \_\_\_ Transfer case oil (4WD models)
  - \_\_\_ Fuel lines and connections, fuel tank band and fuel tank vapor vent system hoses
  - \_\_\_ Transmission fluid or oil

### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace front differential oil (2WD RAV4 and all 4WD)
- Replace rear differential oil (including limited-slip)
- Replace transmission fluid or oil

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

**TOYOTA**  
**QUALITY SERVICE**

<sup>1</sup> If vehicle is equipped with limited-slip differential.

<sup>2</sup> Required under the terms of the Emission Control Warranty.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 35,000 Miles or 28 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 40,000 Miles or 32 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 37,500 Miles or 30 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 45,000 Miles or 36 Months

## 45,000 Miles or 36 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Lubricate propeller shaft (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)
- Re-torque propeller shaft bolt (all models except RAV4)
- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Automatic transmission fluid (Tundra)
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake lines and hoses
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots (all 4WD models and 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Exhaust pipes and mountings
  - \_\_\_ Front differential oil (all 4WD except RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Limited-slip differential oil (Land Cruiser, 4WD RAV4)<sup>1</sup>
  - \_\_\_ Rear differential oil (all models except 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Steering gear box
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots

### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect automatic transmission fluid (Land Cruiser, RAV4, Tacoma, 4Runner)
- Inspect engine air filter
- Inspect front differential oil (2WD and 4WD RAV4)
- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace automatic transmission fluid (Tundra)
- Replace front differential oil (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Replace rear differential oil (including limited-slip)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_



<sup>1</sup> If vehicle is equipped with limited-slip differential.



## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 50,000 Miles or 40 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 55,000 Miles or 44 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 52,500 Miles or 42 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date:

Mileage:

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 60,000 Miles or 48 Months

## 60,000 Miles or 48 Months

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine air filter   | <input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine oil and oil filter |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine coolant  | <input type="checkbox"/> Rotate tires                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace limited-slip differential oil (Land Cruiser, RAV4) <sup>1</sup> |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace platinum spark plugs (RAV4) <sup>2</sup>                        |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace non-platinum spark plugs (Tacoma, Tundra, 4Runner) <sup>2</sup> |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Lubricate propeller shaft (all 4WD except RAV4)                         |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Lubricate wheel bearings (Tacoma 2WD)                                   |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Lubricate wheel bearings and drive shaft bearings (Land Cruiser)        |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)                                   |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Re-torque propeller shaft bolt (all models except RAV4)                 |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect the following:  |  |
| ___ Ball joints and dust covers  | ___ Exhaust pipes and mountings                            |
| ___ Brake lines and hoses  | ___ Front differential oil                                 |
| ___ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs   | ___ Fuel tank cap gasket                                   |
| ___ Charcoal canister <sup>3</sup>   | ___ Rear differential oil (all models except 2WD RAV4)     |
| ___ Drive belts <sup>4</sup>   | ___ Steering gear box                                      |
| ___ Drive shaft boots (all 4WD models and 2WD RAV4)  | ___ Steering wheel, linkage and boots                      |
| ___ Engine valve clearance   | ___ Transfer case oil (4WD models)                         |
| ___ Fuel lines and connections, fuel tank band and fuel tank vapor vent system hoses             | ___ Transmission fluid or oil                              |

### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace front differential oil (2WD RAV4 and all 4WD)
- Replace rear differential oil (including limited-slip)
- Replace transmission fluid or oil

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_



<sup>1</sup> If vehicle is equipped with limited-slip differential.

<sup>2</sup> Required under the terms of the Emission Control Warranty.

<sup>3</sup> Inspect at 60,000 miles or 72 months, whichever comes first. Required only for vehicles in California, Massachusetts and New York.

<sup>4</sup> Initial inspection at 60,000 miles. Inspect every 15,000 miles thereafter.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 65,000 Miles or 52 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 70,000 Miles or 56 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 67,500 Miles or 54 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 75,000 Miles or 60 Months

### 75,000 Miles or 60 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Lubricate propeller shaft (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)
- Re-torque propeller shaft bolt (all models except RAV4)
- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Automatic transmission fluid (Tundra)
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake lines and hoses
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive belts
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots (all 4WD models and 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Exhaust pipes and mountings
  - \_\_\_ Rotate tires
  - \_\_\_ Front differential oil (all 4WD except RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Limited-slip differential oil (Land Cruiser, 4WD RAV4)<sup>1</sup>
  - \_\_\_ Rear differential oil (all models except 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Steering gear box
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect automatic transmission fluid (Land Cruiser, RAV4, Tacoma, 4Runner)
- Inspect engine air filter
- Inspect front differential oil (2WD and 4WD RAV4)
- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace automatic transmission fluid (Tundra)
- Replace front differential oil (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Replace rear differential oil (including limited-slip)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

**TOYOTA**  
**GENUINE PARTS**

<sup>1</sup> If vehicle is equipped with limited-slip differential.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 80,000 Miles or 64 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers                      \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs    \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots                                      \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 85,000 Miles or 68 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers                      \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs    \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots                                      \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 82,500 Miles or 66 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 90,000 Miles or 72 Months

## 90,000 Miles or 72 Months

- Replace engine air filter
- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Replace engine coolant
- Rotate tires
- Replace limited-slip differential oil (Land Cruiser)<sup>1</sup>
- Replace non-platinum spark plugs (Tacoma, Tundra, 4Runner)<sup>2</sup>
- Replace timing belt (except 4-cyl. Tacoma and 4Runner)
- Lubricate propeller shaft (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Lubricate wheel bearings (Tacoma 2WD)
- Lubricate wheel bearings and drive shaft bearings (Land Cruiser)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)
- Re-torque propeller shaft bolt (all models except RAV4)
- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Front differential oil
  - \_\_\_ Brake lines and hoses
  - \_\_\_ Fuel tank cap gasket
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Limited-slip differential oil (4WD RAV4)<sup>1</sup>
  - \_\_\_ Drive belts
  - \_\_\_ Rear differential oil (all models except 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots (all 4WD models and 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Steering gear box
  - \_\_\_ Exhaust pipes and mountings
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
  - \_\_\_ Fuel lines and connections, fuel tank band and fuel tank vapor vent system hoses
  - \_\_\_ Transfer case oil (4WD models)
  - \_\_\_ Transmission fluid or oil

### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace front differential oil (2WD RAV4 and all 4WD)
- Replace rear differential oil (including limited-slip)
- Replace transmission fluid or oil

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

**TOYOTA**  
**QUALITY SERVICE**

<sup>1</sup> If vehicle is equipped with limited-slip differential.

<sup>2</sup> Required under the terms of the Emission Control Warranty.

## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 95,000 Miles or 76 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 100,000 Miles or 80 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 97,500 Miles or 78 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 105,000 Miles or 84 Months

## 105,000 Miles or 84 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Lubricate propeller shaft (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)
- Re-torque propeller shaft bolt (all models except RAV4)
- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Automatic transmission fluid (Tundra)
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake lines and hoses
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive belts
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots (all 4WD models and 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Exhaust pipes and mountings
  - \_\_\_ Rotate tires
  - \_\_\_ Front differential oil (all 4WD except RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Limited-slip differential oil (Land Cruiser, 4WD RAV4)<sup>1</sup>
  - \_\_\_ Rear differential oil (all models except 2WD RAV4)
  - \_\_\_ Steering gear box
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots

### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions\*:

- Inspect automatic transmission fluid (Land Cruiser, RAV4, Tacoma, 4Runner)
- Inspect engine air filter
- Inspect front differential oil (2WD and 4WD RAV4)
- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace automatic transmission fluid (Tundra)
- Replace front differential oil (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Replace rear differential oil (including limited-slip)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_



<sup>1</sup> If vehicle is equipped with limited-slip differential.



## 5,000-Mile Maintenance Intervals

## 7,500-Mile Maintenance Intervals

To determine the appropriate maintenance interval for your vehicle, see page 17.

### 110,000 Miles or 88 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 115,000 Miles or 92 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter

#### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect the following:
  - \_\_\_ Ball joints and dust covers
  - \_\_\_ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs
  - \_\_\_ Drive shaft boots
  - \_\_\_ Engine air filter
  - \_\_\_ Nuts and bolts on chassis and body
  - \_\_\_ Steering wheel, linkage and boots
- Rotate tires
- Lubricate propeller shaft and re-torque bolt (all 4WD except RAV4)
- Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

### 112,500 Miles or 90 Months

- Replace engine oil and oil filter
- Rotate tires

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Specific services apply to specific operating conditions. See pages 18–19 for details.

## 120,000 Miles or 96 Months

## 120,000 Miles or 96 Months

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine air filter   | <input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine oil and oil filter                           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace engine coolant  | <input type="checkbox"/> Rotate tires  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace limited-slip differential oil (Land Cruiser, RAV4) <sup>1</sup> |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Replace spark plugs (all models) <sup>2</sup>                           |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Lubricate propeller shaft (all 4WD except RAV4)                         |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Lubricate wheel bearings (Tacoma 2WD)                                   |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Lubricate wheel bearings and drive shaft bearings (Land Cruiser)        |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Re-torque drive shaft bolt (4WD RAV4)                                   |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Re-torque propeller shaft bolt (all models except RAV4)                 |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect the following:  |  |
| ___ Ball joints and dust covers  | ___ Fuel lines and connections, fuel tank band and fuel tank vapor vent system hoses |
| ___ Brake lines and hoses  | ___ Fuel tank cap gasket   |
| ___ Brake linings/drums and brake pads/discs   | ___ Rear differential oil (all models except 2WD RAV4)                               |
| ___ Charcoal canister <sup>3</sup>   | ___ Steering gear box  |
| ___ Drive belts  | ___ Steering wheel, linkage and boots  |
| ___ Drive shaft boots (all 4WD models and 2WD RAV4)  | ___ Transfer case oil (4WD models)   |
| ___ Engine valve clearance   | ___ Transmission fluid or oil  |
| ___ Exhaust pipes and mountings  |  |
| ___ Front differential oil   |  |

### Additional Maintenance Items for Special Operating Conditions:\*

- Inspect nuts and bolts on chassis and body
- Replace front differential oil (2WD RAV4 and all 4WD)
- Replace rear differential oil (including limited-slip)
- Replace transmission fluid or oil

DEALER SERVICE VERIFICATION

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage: \_\_\_\_\_



<sup>1</sup> If vehicle is equipped with limited-slip differential.

<sup>2</sup> Required under the terms of the Emission Control Warranty.

<sup>3</sup> Inspect at 120,000 miles or 144 months, whichever comes first. Required only for vehicles in California, Massachusetts and New York.

## Vehicle Identification

Model \_\_\_\_\_

Mileage at delivery \_\_\_\_\_

Body style \_\_\_\_\_

Key number \_\_\_\_\_

Model year \_\_\_\_\_

Selling dealership \_\_\_\_\_

In-service date \_\_\_\_\_

Selling dealership phone number \_\_\_\_\_

Vehicle identification number \_\_\_\_\_



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